

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th December 1881.—The Lieutenant-Governor directs that the fees to be levied under Section 3, Act VI (B.C.) of 1878, by the Commissioners of the Hooghly and Chinsurah Municipality, within those parts of the Municipality where the Act is in force, shall be at the rates stated below with effect from the 1st April 1882:—

A fee of one anna a month, or 12 annas a year, on all holdings paying Rs. 1-8 and under per annum as Municipal tax.

A fee of two annas a month, or Rs. 1-8 a year, on all holdings paying over Rs. 1-8, and not more than Rs. 3 per annum as Municipal tax.

A uniform rate of 50 per cent on the Municipal tax on all holdings when such tax exceeds Rs. 3 a year, subject to a maximum fee of Rs. 5 per mensem on a single holding.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The 8th December 1881.—The following notification is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 39.)

INDIA—COROMANDEL COAST.

NEGAPATAM.

Wreck in Roadstead.

Telegraphic information has been received from the Port Officer, Madras, announcing that a vessel has foundered in Negapatam Roadstead. The wreck lies in six fathoms of water, with the light-house bearing S.-W. by W., distant nearly four miles.

The bearing is Magnetic. Variation 1° 20' Easterly in 1881.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, *Comdr. (late I.N.),*
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 3rd December 1881.

This notice temporarily affects the following:—

British Admiralty Charts Nos. 71*d*, 828, 70, and 748*b*.

Indian Marine Survey Charts Nos. 15*b*, 103*a*, and 1257*a*.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th December 1881.—The following order in Council issued on the 26th August 1881, at the Court at Holyrood Palace, is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

AT THE COURT AT HOLYROOD PALACE,

The 26th day of August 1881.

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council, made in pursuance of the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862, and dated the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, Her Majesty, on the joint recommendation of the Admiralty and the Board of Trade, was pleased to direct that on and after the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty, the Regulations for preventing collisions at sea, contained in an Order in Council dated the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the additions by an Order in Council dated the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, made thereto, should be annulled, and that there should be substituted therefor the new Regulations contained in the First Schedule to the said first named Order in Council, and that the same should, from and after the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty, apply to ships of the countries mentioned in the said Second Schedule thereto, whether within British jurisdiction or not.

And whereas, by an order in Council, dated the twenty-fourth of March one thousand eight hundred and eighty, Her Majesty was pleased to direct that the operation of the article numbered 10 of the New Regulations contained in the First Schedule of the said order in Council of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine should be suspended until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and that in lieu thereof, and in substitution therefor, the Article numbered 9 of the Regulations appended to the said order in Council of the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, should continue and remain in force until the said first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

And whereas the Admiralty and the Board of Trade have jointly recommended to Her Majesty that the operation of the said Article numbered 10, shall be further suspended until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and that, in lieu thereof and in substitution therefor, the said Article numbered 9 shall continue and remain in force until the said first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

Now, THEREFORE, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Act, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council is pleased to direct that the operation of the said Article numbered 10 of the New Regulations contained in the First Schedule of the said Order in Council of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, shall be suspended until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and that in lieu thereof, and in substitution therefor, the said Article numbered 9 of the Regulations appended to the said Order in Council of the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, shall continue and remain in force until the said first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

C. L. PEEL.

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th December 1881.—The declaration published at pages 718, 736, and 748 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th, 20th, and 27th July 1881, respectively, for the acquisition of land for a post office in the Town of Azimganj in the district of Moorsshedabad, is hereby cancelled.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th November 1881.—In continuation of the Notification dated the 26th June 1881, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th idem, Part I, page 660, it is notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to sanction the following changes in the districts of Julpigoree and Darjeeling with effect from the 1st July 1881:—

The jotes mentioned below, situated in talook Debagram, pergunnah Bykuntapore, are transferred from the district of Julpigoree to the district of Darjeeling for all purposes save the payment of Government land revenue.

No.	Names of Jotes.	Names of Jotedars.
1.	Nebharoo babot jote...	Kholye Singh.
2.	Medamedj jote ...	Ditto.
3.	Naran jote ...	Ditto.
4.	Hedor babot jote ...	Ditto.
5.	Kholye Singh babot jote ...	Ditto.
6.	Kholye Singh and Boktoi ...	Ditto.
7.	Hariar babot jote ...	Kali Prasad Singh.
8.	Gondogol jote ...	Ditto.
9.	Monbhog jote ...	Mr. Stewart.
10.	Panbor babot jote ...	Soorjokant Burooah.
11.	Sheroo Hari Churn jote ...	Hari Charn Das.
12.	Kowa babot jote ...	Chubu Das.
13.	Sopoor babot jote ...	Robad Ali Pradhan.
14.	Oojanoo babot ...	Ditto.
15.	Siligori Railway station land ...	Government khas.

The boundaries of the land thus transferred are as follow:—

On the west the river Mahanuddee from the point where the jotes of Modom Shaheb and Kholye Singh touch the river, down to the point where the jotes of Kholye Singh and Azim Pradhan meet on the river bank.

On the south the jotes of Azim Pradhan, Chandbor Shaha, and Chandoo Gope the jote of Robad Ali Pradhan, known as Koimari jote, and the jote of Chubu Das, known as Nabo Chand babot.

On the east the Joorapani Nuddee and the western boundaries of the jote of Aoola Das. On the north the jotes of Modom Shaheb, Ramdhan Pradhan, and Goodor Byragee, known as Gedra babot jote, Khalpara jote, and Bhedloo babot jote, and the jotes of Kholye Singh, known as Bhandaroo babot and Gopi babot jotes.

These boundaries enclose the plot in a ring-fence.

The portion of talook Debagram, pergunnah Bykuntpore, situated on the right (west) bank of the Mahanuddee river is also transferred from the district of Julpigoree to the district of Darjeeling for all purposes save the payment of Government land revenue.

The entire plot is bounded on the east by the Mahanuddee river and on the remaining sides by the Darjeeling district.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

The 2nd December 1881.—The following notification is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY (MARINE BRANCH) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 37.)

INDIA—WEST COAST.

BEYPORE.

Position of Anchorage Buoy.

The Port Officer of Madras has notified that a red buoy, with pole and basket, has been placed to mark the anchorage at Beypore.

The buoy lies in four fathoms of water, on the following bearings:—

Beypore Flagstaff, N. E. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E.	...	distant 1.4 nautical miles.
Northern Port Boundary-pillar, N. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E.	...	" 2.0 " "
A remarkable round tree on Kolahoon hill, E. by S.	"	3.9 " "

Bearings are Magnetic. Variation $0^{\circ} 55'$ Easterly in 1881.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, *Comdr. (late I.N.),*
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 24th November 1881.

This notice affects the following:—

British Admiralty Charts, Nos. 64, 747, 749, 2737 and 827.

" " West Coast of Hindustan Pilot (1880), page 93.

Indian Marine Survey Charts, No. 15a.

Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 405.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Second Publication.]

The 2nd December 1881.—The following notification is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY (MARINE BRANCH) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 38.)

BAY OF BENGAL—COROMANDEL COAST.

MADRAS.

Buoys Marking Harbour Entrance.

Telegraphic information has been received from the Port Officer, Madras, announcing that two buoys, painted with red and white vertical stripes, have been laid down to indicate the harbour entrance.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, *Comdr. (late I.N.),*
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, the 28th November 1881.

This notice affects the following:—

British Admiralty Charts, No. 71c.

Indian Marine Survey Charts, Nos. 105 and 1257a.

Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 458.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th November 1881.—In supersession of so much of the Notification of this Government dated the 18th August 1879, published at page 841 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 20th idem, as declares the Port Officer, Calcutta, to be the Conservator of the navigable river and channels leading to the Port of Calcutta as defined in the said Notification, the Lieutenant-Governor is now pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, and with the consent of the Commissioners for making Improvements in the said Port, as recorded at a meeting, to confer under section 95 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870, on the said Commissioners with effect from the 1st November 1881, the powers of the Conservator of the Port of Calcutta within the aforesaid navigable river and channels.

2. Under the provisions of section 96 of the said Act, all the port dues and fees payable under the provisions of Chapter VI of Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports' Act) shall, with the exception of hospital port dues and pilotage fees, be received by the said Commissioners, with effect from the 1st November 1881.

A. P. MacDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5181A.

The 10th December 1881.—Mr. J. Reuther, Second Master of the Nizamut College, Moorshedabad, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate of the Lalbag Bench in that district, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 12th December 1881.—Mr. A. D' B. Gomess, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Nattore division of the Rajshahye district, is vested with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

The 13th December 1881.—Mr. L. Hare, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahye, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, and with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 7th December 1881.*—Baboo Bacharam Mookerjee, Moonsif of Baripore in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, is allowed leave for two months under Section 133, Chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under the order of the 29th July 1881.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th November 1881.—In continuation of the Notification of Government, dated the 1st June 1881, published at page 581 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, it is hereby notified under the provisions of section 15 of Act V of 1861, that whereas the village of Korshalika, situated within the jurisdiction of the police station of Shazadpore in the Serajgunge sub-division of the district of Pubna, is still in a disturbed state, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the retention for a further period of six months from the 16th November 1881, of the special police force of one head-constable and eight constables quartered in the said village of Korshalika for the purpose of keeping the peace between the zemindars and ryots of the said village :—

					Rs.	A.	P.
One head constable, at Rs. 15	..	..	..		15	0	0
Eight constables, at Rs. 6 each	..	..	..		48	0	0
					63	0	0
Pensionary charges, at 2 annas per rupee	..	..	..		7	14	0
Contingencies, at Rs. 10 per cent..	..	..	..		6	4	9
			Total for one month	..	77	2	9
			For six months	..	463	0	6
Housing	..	..	..	..	30	0	0
			Total	..	493	0	6

The cost of the force noted above will be assessed on, and levied from, the inhabitants of the said village in proportion to their respective means.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th November 1881.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a police station in the village of Maishadal, Pergunnah Maishadal, Zillah Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring more or less 2 bighas 12 cottahs 14 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the arable land of Govinda Prasad Maithi, Zemindar of Gopalpore; on the east by the arable land of Jateprasad Gurga, Zemindar of Maishadal; on the south by the waste land of Jateprasad Gurga, Zemindar of Maishadal, and on the west by the Hidgelli Tidal Canal embankment and canal land, is required within the aforesaid village of Maishadal.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th November 1881.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Munshi Gholam Rahman, authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the police station of Begumgunge in the district of Noakholly from the 4th August to the 22nd September last.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

The 7th December 1881.

No. 415.—Leave.—Baboo Prosono Coomar Duneary, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Hzaribagh Division, is granted sick leave for three months under Section 127 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

S. T. TREVOR, Col., R.E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

The 12th December 1881.

No. 416.—Posting.—Mr. J. E. P. Iaucke, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, is, on return from furlough, posted to the Dacca and Mymensingh Railway Surveys.

No. 417.—Notification.—The following Notification of the Government of India, Public Work Department, is republished for information:—

No. 386.—The 6th December 1881.—Major R. G. Smyth, R.E., Superintending Engineer, Second Class, with temporary rank in the First Class, is transferred from Bengal to Hyderabad as Superintending Engineer and Secretary to the Resident, in the Public Works Department.

Mr. J. H. Wilson, Executive Engineer, First Grade, Central Provinces, is promoted to be Superintending Engineer, Third Class, and posted to Bengal.

No. 418.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz.:—for a Railway from Naraingunge *via* Dacca to Mymensingh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 85 miles in length, with an average width of 1,000 feet more or less is likely to be required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 4 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. O. LEVINGE,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

The 12th December 1881.

No. 419.—Posting.—With reference to Notification No. 394 of the 21st ultimo, Mr. G. Mills, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the 2nd Calcutta Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 2nd idem.

CIVIL BUILDINGS.

The 12th December 1881.

No. 420.—Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for Tipperau Post Office in the village of Mogaltuli, pergunnah Meharkul, zillah Tipperah,

it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring more or less 1 (one) beegah 1 (one) cottah 8 (eight) chittacks of the standard measurement, bounded on the north by a path from the Chittagong trunk road leading to Haronath Burman's house; east by a ditch west of Chittagong trunk road; south by Fussyur Rahaman's house; west by a tank and Horonath Burman's house, is required within the aforesaid village of Mogaltuli (town Commillah).

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

S. T. TREVOR, Col., R.E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

The 13th December 1881.

No 422—Promotion.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following permanent promotion in the Engineer Establishment, with effect from the 12th November 1881:—

From Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, to Assistant Engineer, First Grade—
Baboo Boroda Prosada Bosu, attached to the Rajshahye Division

H. C. LEVINGE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 9907.—Dated 8th December 1881.—Mr. C. H. C. Sevenoaks made over charge of the Bhagulpore District Jail to Mr. W. Leonard, in the forenoon of the 27th November 1881.
J. W. HANLON, for Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, it is hereby notified that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Courts Hooghly, Serampore, and Howrah, will hold an extraordinary sitting in the Hooghly Court on 31st December 1881.

SREE NATH ROY, Judge of Small Cause Court.

HOOGHLY SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 8th December 1881.

TREASURY NOTICES.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR MOULVIE ABDUL JUBBAR has been temporarily placed in charge of the Patna Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other Treasuries.

F. M. HALLIDAY, Commissioner.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR MR. W. H. MACKENZIE has been placed in charge of the Loharduggah Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other Treasuries.

RAI CHURN GHOSE, Offg. Personal Asst. to Commr., for Commr.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Subordinate Educational Service.

The 29th November 1881.—In supersession of this office orders dated 11th August 1881, leave without pay for five months is granted to Baboo Sarada Kanta Sen, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Furreedpore (Class VII), with effect from the 16th November 1881, and Baboo Srinath Guha, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Furreedpore, is appointed to officiate in Class VII, vice Baboo Sarada Kanta Sen, on leave.

The 30th November 1881.—Baboo Hira Lal Pal, B.A., Fourth Master, Howrah Government School (Class VII and Officiating in Class VI) and Officiating Third Master of the same Institution, is confirmed in the latter appointment, vice Baboo Baburam Chatterjee, deceased.

Baboo Nikunja Behari Ray, B.A., Third Master, Baraset Government School, Officiating in Class VII) and Officiating Fourth Master, Howrah Government School, is confirmed in the latter appointment, vice Baboo Hira Lal Pal promoted.

The 6th December 1881.—In supersession of this office orders dated 2nd December 1881, leave of absence for two months and twenty-eight days under Section 136, Chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Baboo Tarak Nath Sen, Deputy-Inspector of Schools, Furreedpore (Class III), with effect from 1st December 1881, or any subsequent date he may avail himself of it, and Baboo Radhakisor Chakravarti, Sub-Inspector of Schools, Dacca, (Class VII and Officiating Class VI) is appointed to officiate for the absentee.

A. W. CROFT, Director of Public Instruction.

Gilchrist Scholarship Examination.

NOTIFICATION.

WITH reference to the Government Notification of the 12th December 1868, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th idem, page 2044, and subsequent orders No. 274, dated the 13th April 1880, it is hereby notified that an examination for the Gilchrist Scholarships, which will also be a Matriculation Examination of the London University, will be held on Monday the 9th January 1882, and following days at the Presidency College, Calcutta, at 10 A.M.

CALCUTTA, the 1st December 1881.

A. W. CROFT, *Director of Public Instruction.*

Department Public Works. Half-yearly Examination.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for promotion and employment in the Public Works Department, will be held at the Government Engineering College, Howrah, at 10 o'clock, on Monday, the 6th February 1882, and the following days. Applications, with fees for admission to the examination, are required to be filed before the 15th of January 1882. Candidates for the grade of Accountant who are not in Government service should be under twenty-five years of age, and must prove to the satisfaction of the Principal that they are under that age.

The following are the centres of examination sanctioned by the Government of India, as stations where candidates for Fourth Grade Accountantships are to appear for examination:—

Agra, Ajmere, Ahmedabad, Allahabad, Akyab, Baloram, Durbhungah, Howrah, Indore, Jabalpure, Lucknow, Lahore, Mhow, Mooltan, Mount Abou, Meerut, Nagpore, Neemuch, Rawalpindi, Rangoon, Saidpore, Shillong and Simla.

Candidates for the Accountants' examination are therefore requested to select one of the places mentioned above.

J. S. SLATER,

Offg. Principal, Govt. Engineering College, Howrah.

SHIBPORE, the 12th December 1881.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

Junior Scholarships.

It is hereby notified that under the orders of the Government of Bengal dated the 3rd of February 1876, sanctioning a redistribution of the Junior Scholarships as allotted under the orders contained in the Resolution dated the 5th of October 1872, seven Junior Scholarships of the Second Grade, and thirteen of the Third Grade, were allotted to the Presidency Division to be awarded on the results of the ensuing December examination.

2nd. The Second Grade Scholarships will be awarded to those candidates who stand first in order in the Divisional list irrespective of districts.

3rd. The Third Grade Scholarships will be distributed among the different districts of this Division as follows:—

24-Pergunnahs ..	..	4	Jessore ..	..	4
Nuddea ..	..	3	Moorshedabad ..	..	2

F. B. PEACOCK, *Commissioner.*

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1238B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1882 will consist of about 28,200 chests prepared at the Patna factory, each chest of which is believed to contain 1 maund 18 seers 12 chittacks of pure opium, besides 9 seers 6 chittacks used for pasting the leaves of the shell, and about 28,200 chests prepared at the Ghazeeport factory, each chest of which is believed to contain 1 maund 18 seers 12 chittacks of pure opium, besides 9 seers 6 chittacks used for pasting the leaves of the shell; being of the two seasons 1879-80 and 1880-81 in the proportion marginally noted.

Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory.		Cheats.	Cheats.
Reserve of 1879-80	...	12,897	
Supply from 1880-81 about	...	15,303	
			28,200
Opium manufactured at the Ghazeeport Factory.		Cheats.	Cheats.
Reserve of 1879-80	...	8,955	
Supply from 1880-81 about	...	19,345	
			28,200
Total	...		56,400

2. The dates on or about which the sales will be held, and the total quantity of opium as well as the respective quantities manufactured at the Patna and Ghazeeport factories, which will be brought forward for sale every month, are specified below. The Board of Revenue reserve to themselves the right of altering the dates,

should circumstances render it expedient to do so. Agreeably to the terms of the notification of the Government of India, No. 1212, dated 8th March 1879, the monthly provision of 4,700 chests of opium will neither be increased nor diminished until at least twelve calendar months after notice published either in the *Gazette of India* or in the *Calcutta Gazette*; nor will the division of the monthly provision of 4,700 chests into 2,350 chests of opium manufactured at the Patna factory, and 2,350 chests of opium manufactured at the Ghazee-pore factory be modified until at least six calendar months after notice published in like manner:—

DATES.		Chests manu- factured at the Patna factory.	Chests manu- factured at the Ghazee- pore factory.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday	4th January 1882	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Thursday	2nd February "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Wednesday	1st March "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Thursday	6th April "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Tuesday	2nd May "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Monday	5th June "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Monday	3rd July "	The number of chests of each kind to be sold each month will be ad- vertised six months in advance in the successive notices of the monthly sales.		4,700
On or about Wednesday	2nd August "			4,700
On or about Tuesday	5th September "			4,700
On or about Monday	2nd October "			4,700
On or about Thursday	2nd November "			4,700
On or about Monday	4th December "			4,700
Total		.....	.....	56,400

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1.—The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2.—The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 13 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3.—The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Board of Revenue, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertised shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Board of Revenue may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4.—Each lot shall contain five chests.

5.—A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin,

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than
Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 900 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but
less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 300
per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but
less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400
per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the
deposit for every bid additional, to the
extent of Rs. 400.

shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room and before the lot is registered in the sale-book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal Receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 3-30 P.M. in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale provided it does not fall on a Saturday; if it falls on a Saturday, the said notes must be redeemed by 1-30 P.M. or, on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal Receipts or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Board of Revenue shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6.—The said promissory notes shall be absolutely payable in any event and the amount thereof shall be absolutely forfeited upon such default as before mentioned, and the amount thereof shall not go or be credited in reduction of any loss on re-sale or expenses thereby incurred, but shall be recoverable whether such re-sale shall be had or not, or whether there shall be a loss on such re-sale or not.

7.—The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the fifth condition, if remaining unredeemed at 3-30 P.M. of the fifth day following the day of sale, or 1-30 P.M. if the last day falls on a Saturday, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

8.—No tender of money, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or public securities, on account of opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before the prescribed time in clause 5 on the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted. Provided always that money so subsequently tendered may be taken in payment of the said Promissory Note, but such acceptance of money shall in no way entitle the payer thereof to any right to delivery of the lot or lots in respect whereof the said note was given, or to any of the rights of a purchaser thereof, or release the payer from liability for any unpaid balance of such note or from the additional liability for the loss and expenses of such re-sale as provided for in clauses No. 5 and No. 6.

9.—The opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 3-30 P.M. of the fifteenth day from the day of sale, provided it does not fall on a Saturday; if it falls on a Saturday, the opium must be paid for by 1-30 P.M.; and in case any lots of such opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the fifth condition, or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall think fit; and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good all expenses and any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale, and the liability for the loss or difference of price and expenses shall be in addition to, and wholly independent of, the amount of the deposit so forfeited.

10.—Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of opium after making full payment as above prescribed shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

11.—No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale-book, or his authorized agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

12.—The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these conditions.

13.—With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bond fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these conditions.

14.—The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same Agency opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the opium to complete the said twenty-five.

15.—In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

16.—The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1, certificate of the opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such opium.

17.—The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the opium manufactured at the Patna factory and the opium manufactured at the Ghazee pore factory for the year 1880-81, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at the Patna and Ghazee pore factories, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

18.—Any further information respecting weight or quality of the opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance

with established usage, under no circumstances will the Board of Revenue entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the opium for shipment.

19.—It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the Agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazee-pore factories declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1882, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of opium required by them at any particular sale within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale: provided, however, that the Agent of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 56,400 chests of opium manufac-

Opium manufactured at the	Chests.	
Patna Factory	28,200	
Opium manufactured at the		
Ghazee-pore Factory	28,200	
Total	56,400	

tured at the Patna and Ghazee-pore factories, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to itself the right of disposing of the opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing after the date fixed for payment, or by selling such opium, or any portion of it at any subsequent monthly sale in addition to the quantity which in this advertisement is approximately mentioned as the quantity to be sold at such sale; or by selling such opium at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

“Article VI.—With regard to the trade in opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*.”

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

FORT WILLIAM, the 22nd November 1881.

A. FORBES, *Offg. Secretary*.

No. 1280B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the provision of 1879-80, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall-street, on Wednesday, the 4th January 1882, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,700 chests, viz.—

	Chests.	
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory ...	2,350	
Do. do. do. Ghazee-pore Factory ...	2,350	
Total ...	4,700	

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 22nd November 1881, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th January 1882 respectively—that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 3-30 P.M. of Monday, the 9th January 1882, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 P.M. of Thursday, the 19th January 1882.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of the opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazee-pore Factories, will be brought to

sale during the next twelve months about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render, it expedient to do so :—

DATE.	Manufactured at the Patna Factory, about chests.	Manufactured at the Ghazee-pore Factory, about chests.	Total, about chests.
On or about Thursday, 2nd February 1882 ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Wednesday 1st March " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Thursday 6th April " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Tuesday 2nd May " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Monday 5th June " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Monday 3rd July " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Wednesday 2nd August " ...	The number of chests of each kind to be sold each month will be advertised hereafter.		4,700
" Tuesday 5th September " ...			4,700
" Monday 2nd October " ...			4,700
" Thursday 2nd November " ...			4,700
" Monday 4th December " ...			4,700
Early in January 1883 ..			4,700
Total ...	.....	.....	56,400

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

A. FORBES, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 29th November 1881.

NOTICE.

No. 1308B.

APPLICATION for tickets of admission to the Opium sale room for the year 1882, should be made at the Office of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, on or after the 19th instant.

OPIMUM.
R. L. MANGLES, Esq., V.C.

Tickets for the year 1881 which have not already been surrendered, should be returned.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L.P.,

A. FORBES, *Offg. Secretary.*

CALCUTTA, the 5th December 1881.

Statement showing the Importation of Salt (private property) in Bond and Afloat on River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty on the 30th November 1881.

	Government golahs.	Private golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga and Rock ...	10,53,654	.....	1,58,708	12,12,362.
French Kurkutch ...	32,728	.....	.....	32,728
Italian ditto ...	60,325	.....	.....	60,325
Bombay ditto ...	69,268	.....	.....	69,268
Arabian and Persian Gulfs' Kurkutch and Muscat Rock ...	6,15,708	.....	69,788	6,85,496
Total ...	18,81,683	.....	2,28,496	20,60,179

By order of the Board of Revenue, L.P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 8th December 1881.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1881.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

No. 5263A.

GENERAL.—The 17th December 1881.—Mr. C. J. O'Donnell, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed furlough for ten months, under Section 49, Chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st February 1882.

Moulvie Zakir Hossein, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Shahabad, is transferred to Durbhunga.

The services of Mr. J. O'Kinealy, Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

The order of the 28th October 1881, transferring Baboo Ramokhoy Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Ghattal, Midnapore, to the sudder station of that district, is cancelled.

The order of the same date appointing Baboo Shamapodo Chowdry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, to have charge of the Ghattal Division of that district, is also cancelled.

The 19th December 1881.—Moulvie Faizuddin Hossein, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, returned from leave on the 4th December 1881.

Mr. J. B. Worgan, Officiating District and Sessions Judge, Cuttack, is allowed leave for one month, under Rule 2, Section 72 and Section 71 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he was relieved.

Moulvie Mahomed Serajul Huq, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahye, is transferred to the district of Bogra, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

Baboo Mohesh Chunder Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bogra, is transferred to the district of Dinagepore, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

Baboo Nityanund Ghose is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the 1st grade in the district of Balasore.

The services of Baboo Nityanund Ghose are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, for employment on special duty in taking up land for the Orissa Coast Canal.

Baboo Nityanund Ghose is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the above purpose.

Mr. J. Kelleher, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is transferred to Mozufferpore, and is posted to the Sudder Station of that district on being relieved of his acting appointment as Cantonment Magistrate of Barrackpore.

In supersession of the order of the 5th December 1881, Mr. W. B. Bright, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Patna, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Barrackpore Division of the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, and to act as Assistant Cantonment Magistrate of Barrackpore.

Baboo Karunamoy Banerjee, Moonsif of Palamow in the district of Tohardugga, is vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector for the trial of cases under Act I (B.C.) of 1879.

The 20th December 1881.—Mr S. S. Jones, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector in charge of the Deoghur Division of the district of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 in that division.

Mr. Syud Abdur Rahman, Barister-at-Law, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinagepore, is allowed leave for fifteen days under section 16, chapter II of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under the order of the 29th October 1881.

Mr. H. Holmwood, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Sarun, is transferred to Chumparun, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

Baboo Prosonno Coomar Dutt, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Noakholly, is allowed leave for three months, under section 71, Chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

Mr. H. Cox, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Bagdogra division of the Rungpore district, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 in that district.

Mr. F. Jones, c.s., has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of leave for six months on medical certificate.

Major R. M. Jennings, 6th Bengal Cavalry, at Segowli, is vested, under section 28 of Act III of 1880, with powers to try breaches of the rules made under section 25 of that Act in the cantonment of Segowli.

Baboo Kader Nath Banerjee, Sub-Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is allowed leave for six days under section 71, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 26th December 1881, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. T. T. Allen, District and Sessions Judge, Rajshahye, is appointed to act as Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. J. O'Kinealy, or until further orders.

POLICE.—*The 16th December 1881.*—Lieutenant-Colonel C. T. Hitchins, District Superintendent of Police, Cuttack, is allowed leave for two months and 20 days, under section 71, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

The 20th December 1881.—Mr. J. F. Needham, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is posted to Sarun, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his appointment as Officiating District Superintendent of Police of that district.

Mr. J. F. Needham, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sarun, is transferred to Backergunge.

Mr. H. N. Harris, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed to officiate, until further orders, as District Superintendent of Police, Cuttack.

ECCLIASTICAL.—*The 16th December 1881.*—The Reverend H. C. Spring is appointed to be Chaplain of Kidderpore, with effect from the date on which he assumed charge of his duties.

REGISTRATION.—*The 16th December 1881.*—Baboo Hem Chunder Kerr, Second Inspector of Registration Offices, is allowed leave for fifteen days, under section 71, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code.

The 19th December 1881.—Mr. Thomas Mohendro Lall Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bogra, is appointed to be also Sub-Registrar of Bogra with effect from the 28th March 1881.

EDUCATION.—*The 19th December 1881.*—Mr. A. Pedler, Professor, Presidency College, is appointed to act, in addition to his own duties, as Meteorological Reporter to Government, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. J. Eliot, or until further orders.

The 20th December 1881.—Baboo Chandra Mohun Mozoomdar, Head Master, Chittagong College, is allowed leave for three months, under Rule 1, section 72 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 21st January next, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr. H. Lee, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sarun, is appointed to be a member of, and Secretary to, the District School Committee of Sarun, vice Mr. J. G. Ritchie, transferred.

OPIMUM.—*The 20th December 1881.*—Mr. C. E. Mendham, Sub-deputy Opium Agent, 3rd grade, acted as Sub-deputy Opium Agent of Cawnpore, from the afternoon of the 23rd May to the 8th June 1881.

Mr. A. F. Mackenzie, Assistant Sub-deputy Opium Agent, is appointed to act as Sub-deputy Opium Agent, Cawnpore, with effect from the 8th June 1881.

MEDICAL—*The 20th December 1881.*—Surgeon B. T. McCreery was in medical charge of the Dinapore Lock Hospital, in addition to his other duties, from the 1st to the 30th July 1881, both days inclusive.

Assistant Surgeon Chunder Koomar Gupta, in charge of the Kandi Charitable Dispensary, is allowed leave for three months, under section 71, Chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 10th January next.

Assistant Surgeon Abhoya Kumar Sen, a supernumerary at the Presidency, is appointed temporarily to have medical charge of the Kandi Charitable Dispensary, during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Chunder Koomar Gupta, or until further orders.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 13th December 1881.*—The following gentlemen are re-appointed to be Commissioners of the Berhampore Municipality, in the district of Moorsshedabad:—

Baboo Moty Lall Banerjee. | Baboo Mohendro Nath Mookerjee.

ROAD CESS.—*The 20th December 1881.*—Baboo Jugdeo Lall is appointed to be a member of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Gopalgunge, in the district of Sarun, *vice* Baboo Oudh Lall, deceased.

The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Culna in the district of Burdwan:—

Baboo Chundi Nath Roy, *vice* Baboo Gopal Chunder Gangooly, Civil Hospital Assistant.

Baboo Nimy Churn Gangooly, *vice* Baboo Khetter Prosad Mookerjee, Moonsif, transferred.

Baboo Nimy Churn Gangooly is also appointed to be Vice-Chairman of the above Branch Road Cess Committee, *vice* Baboo Khetter Prosad Mookerjee.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th December 1881.—The following statement shows the allotment of furloughs to officers of the Covenanted Civil Service during the first half of the year 1882:—

Total number of Civil Servants serving under the Government of Bengal	205
Twenty per cent. of this number	41
Deduct number of officers now absent on furlough	18

Number of furloughs at present available 23 |

Number of furloughs which may be expected to be available by the return of the following officers during the months of January, February, and March 1882:—

W. S. Wells	January 1882	1
J. J. Livesay	February "	1
J. D. Mackan	March "	1

Total number of furloughs which may be expected to be available before the 1st April 1882 26 |

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th December 1881.—It is hereby notified for general information, that in the exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 13, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor directs the inclusion of the following two tracts of land within the jurisdiction of the Patna City Municipality:—

First tract.

Bounded on the north by the East Indian Railway, which is the existing southern boundary of the Municipality; on the west Jarpore; south by the Patna Branch Canal; east by a line from the east end of the Canal to the junction of the Khagoul and Ghooria-tolah Road, and then the east side of the latter road.

Second tract.

Bounded on the north by the Souta; south by Joojra nullah; east by the existing western boundary of the Patna City Municipality; west by Mouzah Shahpore.

These orders will come into effect from the 1st January 1882.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th December 1881.—Under clause 2, section 42 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1880, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to notify that all cesses payable on freeholds, commuted grants, or other revenue-free estates and locations within the Darjeeling district, shall be payable in one annual payment on the 12th of January falling within the cess year on account of which such cesses are due.

This notification shall take effect from 1st April 1882.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd December 1881.—The Lieutenant-Governor directs the extension to the districts of Lohardugga and Hazaribagh, in the Chota Nagpore Division, of the following rules for the prevention of fires, which, under the Notification of the 11th December 1880 (published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem), were applied to the districts of Darjeeling and Julpigori in the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division. The season during which these rules will hold good will be from the 1st January to the 1st July in each year.

1. Any person living in the vicinity of a Government forest reserve, or occupying or using land in such vicinity, and desirous of clearing by fire any standing forest or grass land near that reserve, in a locality from which such fire would be likely to endanger the reserve, shall observe the following rules:—

- 1.—He shall give notice of at least one week to the nearest forest officer, ranger, or forester, of his intention.
- 2.—He shall clear a belt of land at least 20 feet broad on the side of the land which he proposes to burn nearest to the forest reserve.
- 3.—He shall choose for such burning a day or time when a high wind is not blowing.
- 4.—He shall light the fire in a direction contrary to the prevailing wind.

2. Any such person desirous of burning, on land adjoining a forest reserve, wood, grass, weeds, or other cut material, shall collect that material into heaps, and burn it separately in such a way that the fire may not endanger the forest reserve.

3. Any person collecting inflammable forest produce, such as grass and bamboos, on land adjoining a forest reserve, and any holder of a permit to collect such materials from the forest reserve, shall stack the material so collected in an open space, as far removed as possible from the forest.

4. All persons travelling on roads passing through or along the boundary of a forest reserve shall camp only at such places as may be cleared and set apart for the purpose of camping-grounds by the forest officer, who shall yearly publish a list of such grounds in the vicinity of the reserve. Camping at other localities than those so set apart is forbidden; and all persons so camping shall light any fires they may make for cooking or other purposes in such a way as not to endanger the forest reserve, or the buildings or property on the camping-ground, and they shall extinguish all such fires before leaving the camping-ground.

5. The carriage of burning wood, fire-brands, or torches, through or along the boundary of any reserved forest, is prohibited.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th December 1881.—An estimate amounting to Rs 1,05,500, for the purchase of two additional locomotives and forty additional wagons for the use of the local traffic on their tramway, having been submitted by the Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta, with their Officiating Vice-Chairman's letter No. 2726, dated the 25th November 1881, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the expenditure under section 35 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th December 1881.—A plan and estimate amounting to Rs. 1,12,950, for carrying out improvements on their tramway, having been submitted by the Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta with their Officiating Vice-Chairman's letter No. 2677, dated the 19th November 1881, and approved by the Public Works Department of this Government, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the works under section 35 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th December 1881.—In supersession of the Notification of this Government, dated the 21st February 1881, and in continuation of the Notification of the 26th May last, the Lieutenant-Governor, under the power vested in him by Section 73 of Act VII of 1880 (the Indian Merchant Shipping Act), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, appoints the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta to be "Receivers of Wreck" within the limits of their jurisdiction as Conservators of the navigable river and channels leading to the Port of Calcutta, and along the seaface and channels of the Sunderbuns as far as the longitude of D'Apres Shoal, and along the coast west of the Hooghly as far as the limits of the port of Subarnarekha in the Balasore district.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The 14th December 1881.—The following Notification is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY (MARINE BRANCH) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 40.)

MALACCA STRAIT.

FORMOSA BANK.

Revolving Light to be Exhibited from Light-Vessel.

The Master Attendant, Singapore, has notified that on or about the 20th December 1881, a Light-vessel will be anchored off the Formosa shoal or bank in the Malacca Strait, with the following bearings:—

Highest peak of Mount Formosa	...	N. 61° 52' E.
Bukit Moar	... ..	N. 33° 45' W.

The light will be a revolving white light, showing a flash every half-minute; and should be visible in clear weather, in every direction seaward, from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus will be dioptric, or by reflectors.

The vessel will be painted yellow, with her name, *Formosa Bank*, in large white letters on the hull, and a caged ball, painted red, shown at the light masthead. By night she will show a riding-light on the forestay, 10 feet above the rail.

A bell will be sounded during thick or squally weather.

Position: Lat. 1° 45' 30" N., and Long. 102° 49' E. (Malacca flagstaff being in 102° 15' 30" E.)

The bearings are Magnetic. Variation (as given on the Admiralty Charts), 1° 30' Easterly.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I.N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, the 9th December 1881.

This Notice affects the following:—

British Admiralty Charts Nos. 795b, 796, 1355, and 748b.

" " Sailing Directions; China Sea Directory, Vol. I of 1878,
page 81.

" " Light List for 1881.

Indian Marine Survey Light List for 1881.

If this Notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Second Publication.]

The 8th December 1881.—The following notification is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 39.)

INDIA—COROMANDEL COAST.

NEGAPATAM.

Wreck in Roadstead.

Telegraphic information has been received from the Port Officer, Madras, announcing that a vessel has foundered in Negapatam Roadstead. The wreck lies in six fathoms of water, with the light-house bearing S.-W. by W., distant nearly four miles.

The bearing is Magnetic. Variation 1° 20' Easterly in 1881.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I.N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 3rd December 1881.

This notice temporarily affects the following:—

British Admiralty Charts Nos. 71d, 828, 70, and 748b.

Indian Marine Survey Charts Nos. 15b, 103a, and 1257a.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th December 1881.—The following order in Council issued on the 26th August 1881, at the Court at Holyrood Palace, is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

AT THE COURT AT HOLYROOD PALACE,

The 26th day of August 1881.

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council, made in pursuance of the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862, and dated the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, Her Majesty, on the joint recommendation of the Admiralty and the Board of Trade, was pleased to direct that on and after the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty, the Regulations for preventing collisions at sea, contained in an Order in Council dated the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the additions by an Order in Council dated the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, made thereto, should be annulled, and that there should be substituted therefor the new Regulations contained in the First Schedule to the said first named Order in Council, and that the same should, from and after the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty, apply to ships of the countries mentioned in the said Second Schedule thereto, whether within British jurisdiction or not.

And whereas, by an order in Council, dated the twenty-fourth of March one thousand eight hundred and eighty, Her Majesty was pleased to direct that the operation of the article numbered 10 of the New Regulations contained in the First Schedule of the said order in Council of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine should be suspended until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and that in lieu thereof, and in substitution therefor, the Article numbered 9 of the Regulations appended to the said order in Council of the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, should continue and remain in force until the said first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

And whereas the Admiralty and the Board of Trade have jointly recommended to Her Majesty that the operation of the said Article numbered 10, shall be further suspended until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and that, in lieu thereof and in substitution therefor, the said Article numbered 9 shall continue and remain in force until the said first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

Now, THEREFORE, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Act, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council is pleased to direct that the operation of the said Article numbered 10 of the New Regulations contained in the First Schedule of the said Order in Council of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, shall be suspended until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and that in lieu thereof, and in substitution therefor, the said Article numbered 9 of the Regulations appended to the said Order in Council of the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, shall continue and remain in force until the said first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

C. L. PEEL.

[Third Publication.]

The 2nd December 1881.—The following notification is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY (MARINE BRANCH) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 87.)

INDIA—WEST COAST.

BEYPORE.

Position of Anchorage Buoy.

The Port Officer of Madras has notified that a red buoy, with pole and basket, has been placed to mark the anchorage at Beypore.

The buoy lies in four fathoms of water, on the following bearings:—

Beypore Flagstaff, N. E. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E.	... distant 1.4 nautical miles.
Northern Port Boundary-pillar, N. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E.	... " 2.0 " "
A remarkable round tree on Kolaheon hill, E. by S.	... " 3.9 " "

Bearings are Magnetic. Variation $0^{\circ} 55'$ Easterly in 1881.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I.N.),

Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 24th November 1881.

This notice affects the following :—

British Admiralty Charts, Nos. 64, 747, 749, 2737 and 827.

" " West Coast of Hindustan Pilot (1880), page 93.

Indian Marine Survey Charts, No. 15a.

Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 405.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Third Publication.]

The 2nd December 1881.—The following notification is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY (MARINE BRANCH) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 38.)

BAY OF BENGAL—COROMANDEL COAST.

MADRAS.

Buoys Marking Harbour Entrance.

Telegraphic information has been received from the Port Officer, Madras, announcing that two buoys, painted with red and white vertical stripes, have been laid down to indicate the harbour entrance.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I.N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, the 28th November 1881.

This notice affects the following :—

British Admiralty Charts, No. 71c.

Indian Marine Survey Charts, Nos. 105 and 1257a.

Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 458.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th November 1881.—In continuation of the Notification dated the 26th June 1881, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th idem, Part I, page 660, it is notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to sanction the following changes in the districts of Julpigoree and Darjeeling with effect from the 1st July 1881 :—

The jotes mentioned below, situated in talook Debagram, pergunnah Bykuntapore, are transferred from the district of Julpigoree to the district of Darjeeling for all purposes save the payment of Government land revenue.

No.	Names of Jotes.	Names of Jotedars.
1.	Nebharoo babot jote...	... Kholye Singh.
2.	Medamedj jote ...	... Ditto.
3.	Naran jote ...	... Ditto.
4.	Hedor babot jote ...	... Ditto.
5.	Kholye Singh babot jote ...	... Ditto.
6.	Kholye Singh and Boktoi ...	... Ditto.
7.	Hariar babot jote ...	... Kali Prasad Singh.
8.	Gondogol jote ...	... Ditto.
9.	Moubhog jote ...	... Mr. Stewart.
10.	Paubor babot jote ...	... Soorjokant Burooah.
11.	Sheroo Hari Churn jote ...	... Hari Churn Das.
12.	Kowa babot jote ...	... Chubu Das.
13.	Sopoor babot jote ...	... Robad Ali Pradhan.
14.	Oojanoo babot ...	... Ditto.
15.	Siligori Railway station land ...	... Government khas.

The bouldarics of the land thus transferred are as follow :—

On the west the river Mahanuddee from the point where the jotes of Modoin Shaheb and Kholye Singh touch the river, down to the point where the jotes of Kholye Singh and Azim Pradhan meet on the river bank.

On the south the jotes of Azim Pradhan, Chaudbor Shaha, and Chandoo Gope the jote of Robad Ali Pradhan, known as Koimari jote, and the jote of Chubu Das, known as Nabo Chaud babot.

On the east the Joorapani Nuddee and the western boundaries of the jote of Aoola Das. On the north the jotes of Modom Shaheb, Ramdhan Pradhan, and Goodor Byragee, known as Gedra babot jote, Khapara jote, and Bhedloo babot jote, and the jotes of Kholye Singh, known as Bhandaroo babot and Gopi babot jotes.

These boundaries enclose the plot in a ring-fence.

The portion of talook Debagram, pergunnah Bykuntapore, situated on the right (west) bank of the Mahanuddee river is also transferred from the district of Julpigoree to the district of Darjeeling for all purposes save the payment of Government land revenue.

The entire plot is bounded on the east by the Mahanuddee river and on the remaining sides by the Darjeeling district.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5264A.

The 17th December 1881.—The services of Baboo Mohendro Nath Bose, 1st Sub-ordinate Judge, Mozufferpore, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

The 19th December 1881.—Mr. J. Kelleher, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mozufferpore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class, and with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Mr. W. R. Bright, Officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate of Barrackpore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Mr. Bright is also vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes under section 6 of the Cantonments Act, III of 1880, for the trial of suits cognizable by such a court up to the amount of Rs. 50.

The 20th December 1881.—Babu Rash Behary Naik, Officiating Manager of the Dhenkanal Tributary State, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, of a Moonsiff, and of a Deputy Collector in that State, during the absence, on leave, of Babu Bonomally Singh.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFF.—*The 19th December 1881.*—Mr. A. C. Mitter, Officiating Second Moonsiff of Baraset, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, is allowed leave for six weeks, under Section 127, Chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 10th December 1881.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th December 1881.—Under the provisions of section 7 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the opening of an office of Joint Sub-Registrar in the registration sub-district of Bettiah in Chumparun, with head-quarters at thana Lowria. The Joint Sub-Registrar will exercise concurrent jurisdiction with the Sub-Registrar of Bettiah, and will be remunerated by commission on the present scale sanctioned for rural Sub-Registrars. This notification will take effect on and from the 1st January 1882.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th December 1881.—Under section 5, Act XI of 1865, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct, in supersession of previous arrangements, that the Judge of the Krishnaghur group of Courts of Small Causes shall sit for the trial of cases triable by such Courts at Krishnaghur, Ranaghat, and Bongong, and the Judge of the Kooshtea group of Courts of Small Causes shall hold his Court at Kooshtea, Chooadanga and Meherpore, each Judge exercising jurisdiction in suits to the value of Rs. 500.

The powers conferred on the Moonsiff of Bongong under section 29, Act VI of 1871, are hereby restricted to the trial of suits the value of which does not exceed Rs. 25.

These arrangements will come into effect from the 1st January 1882.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th November 1881.—In continuation of the Notification of Government, dated the 1st June 1881, published at page 581 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 8th idem, it is hereby notified under the provisions of section 15 of Act V of 1861, that whereas the village of Korshalika, situated within the jurisdiction of the police station of Shazadpore in the Serajgunge sub-division of the district of Pubna, is still in a disturbed state, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the retention for a further period of six months from the 16th November 1881, of the special police force of one head-constable and eight constables quartered in the said village of Korshalika for the purpose of keeping the peace between the zemindars and ryots of the said village :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
One head constable, at Rs. 15	15	0	0
Eight constables, at Rs. 6 each	48	0	0
	63	0	0
Pensionary charges, at 2 annas per rupee ..	7	14	0
Contingencies, at Rs. 10 per cent. ..	6	4	9
Total for one month ..	77	2	9
For six months ..	463	0	6
Housing	30	0	0
Total ..	493	0	6

The cost of the force noted above will be assessed on, and levied from, the inhabitants of the said village in proportion to their respective means.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th November 1881.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a police station in the village of Maishadal, Pergunnah Maishadal, Zillah Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring more or less 2 bighas 12 cottahs 14 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the arable land of Govinda Prasad Maithi, Zemindar of Gopalpore; on the east by the arable land of Jateprasad Gurga, Zemindar of Maishadal; on the south by the waste land of Jateprasad Gurga, Zemindar of Maishadal, and on the west by the Hidgelli Tidal Canal embankment and canal land, is required within the aforesaid village of Maishadal.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

The 19th December 1881.

No. 423.—*Transfer.*—Mr. J. W. Johnson, Executive Engineer, second grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Hazareebagh Division to the South-Western Circle for special duty.

No. 424.—*Notification.*—With reference to Notification No. 251 of the 3rd September last, Mr. F. Rawson, Assistant Engineer, second grade, Mahanuddy Division, availed himself, on the forenoon of the 12th idem, of the privilege leave granted to him, and returned to duty on the afternoon of the 8th instant.

IRRIGATION.

The 19th December 1881.

No. 425.—*Declaration.*—Whereas it appears to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that the following water-courses—

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. The Nowkai jore. | 6. The Maul Koondi jore. |
| 2. The Elmapur jore. | 7. The Chota Koondi jore. |
| 3. The Kuttikutta Nowkai jore. | 8. The Audia jore. |
| 4. The Kutta jore. | 9. The Kia jore. |
| 5. The Dowponia jore. | 10. The Cooma jore. |

commencing from the end of No. 1 drainage cut between No. 1 distributary and Patta-moondi Canal, and passing through mouzabs Malliatta, Bahapat, Elmapore Mohonahpore, and Rebah Mohonahpore in pergunnah Paddumpore; mouzabs Kuttikutta, Lakhunpore,

and Maul in pergunnah Soongada; mouzahs Gotida and Moudah in pergunnahs Mutkutnagger and Soongrah; and mouzah Katterpal in pergunnah Soongada, till they fall into the cut made into the Sooknai parallel to and alongside of the Pattamoondi canal at the 15½th mile, should be maintained as a continuous natural drainage channel, it is hereby notified that from the date of the publication of this notice, the formation of any bunds or other obstructions to free passage of drainage water within the whole length of the channel now declared as a drainage course will not be permitted, and that the existing under-mentioned bunds, erected at different points noted below by parties named, across these water-courses, should at once be removed:—

- a. Nowkai Bund across Nowkai in mouzah Malliatta, pergunnah Puddumpore, owner Dhurum Pundah.
- b. Elmapore Bunds across Elmapore jore.
- c. In mouzah Elmapore, pergunnah Puddumpore, owner Doorga Narian Ghose.
- b. (1). Katkai bund, ditto ditto ditto
- d. Kuttikutta across the Kuttikutta Nowkai jore in pergunnah Soongada, owner Soodubie Day.
- e. Dowponia bund across the Kutta jore in mouzah Lukhunpore, pergunnah Soongada, owner Soodersun Mohapatter.
- f. Maulkoondi across Dowponia jore in mouzah Maul, pergunnah Soongada, owner Rasool Buksh Darogah.
- g. Chota Koondi across the Maul Koondi jore in mouzah Gotida, pergunnah Mutkutnagger, owner Gopee Bundhu Santra Mahapater.
- h. Andia Bund across the Chota Koondi in mouzah Gotida, pergunnah Matkutnagger, owner Gour Churn Mohapatter.
- i. Kea Bund across the Audia jore in mouzah Mondah, pergunnah Mutkutnagger, owner Gopee Bundhu Santra Mohapater.
- j. Cooma bund across the Kia jore in mouzah Monda in pergunnah Soongada, owner Gopee Bundhu Santra Mohapater.
- k. Budda jore bund across the Cooma jore in mouzah Katterpal, pergunnah Soongada, owner Gopee Bundhu Santra Mohapater.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 40 of Bengal Irrigation Act III of 1876 to all whom it may concern.

The 19th December 1881.

No. 426.—*Posting.*—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department Notification No. 329, dated the 11th October 1881, Mr. M. H. Jackson, Assistant Engineer, second grade, from the Royal Indian Engineering College, is posted to the First Calcutta Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 20th ultimo.

No. 427.—*Notification.*—With reference to notification No. 265 of the 12th September last, Baboo Aghore Nath Mookerjee, Assistant Engineer, first grade, Chittagong Division, availed himself, on the forenoon of the 8th idem, of the privilege leave granted to him, and returned to duty on the forenoon of the 4th instant.

H. C. LEVINGE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

CIVIL BUILDINGS.

The 20th December 1881.

No. 428.—*Declaration.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the Ghattal sub-divisional office and residence, in the village of Konnagore, pergunnah Burdah, zillah Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring, more or less, 6 beeghas 4 cottahs and 8 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the portion of the premises reserved by Messrs. R. Watson & Co.; on the west by the Selye river; and on the south and east by the public road, is required within the aforesaid village of Konnagore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

S. T. TREVOR, Col., R.E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

The 20th December 1881.

No. 430.—*Posting.*—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 8430 of the 21st October 1881, Mr. F. J. E. Spring, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, is posted to the Nagpore Railway Surveys, which he joined on the forenoon of the 19th instant.

No. 431.—*Posting.*—Mr. E. J. Keelan, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, is, in super-session of Notification No. 383 of the 21st November 1881, posted to the Tirhoot State Railway.

No. 432.—*Declaration.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a Railway from the station at Parbatipur to Dinagore, a length of about 17 miles, it is hereby declared that for the first section of the above branch line

a strip of land five miles in length and on an average 200 feet in width, passing through the under-mentioned villages in the district of Dinagepore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Names of Villages.		Section 1st.	Pergunnahs.	District.
Parhutypore	Bokunpore	} Dinagepore.
Haripore	Sorooppore	
Rajabasur	Ditto	
Manathpore	Ditto	
Gobindpore	Ditto	
Doorgapore	Ditto	

No. 433.—*Declaration.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. the extension of the Bengal Central Railway from Dum-Dum to Chitpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land five miles in length, with an average width varying from 150 to 600 feet more or less, passing through the villages of Dum-Dum, Boggoola, Jawpur, Machua Tala, Belgacha, Dukhin Rari, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

No. 434.—*Declaration.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required for the construction of a railway in the districts of Durbhunga and Bhagulpore, notice is hereby given, under the provision of section 4, Act X of 1870, that survey parties are about to take the field for the purpose of making a survey of a railway from Peepra to Bulloa, passing through the under-mentioned villages :—

Jhinjharpoor.	Lukhna.
Bhungrownnee.	Dighcea.
Kooarce oorf Muched.	Nurja Bhooleea.
Ryram.	Peeprahee.
Kuchoochu and Behtalea.	Kunhyaputtee.
Jugdispur.	Dholee.
Muwanee and Bhugwuntpoor.	Geeanpoor.
Bermanudpoor.	Rhowancepoor.
Sidereh.	Goureepoor.
Behzadie.	Seeanee.
Burdaha.	Anooarh.
Kuleyan.	Dhurumpoor.
Gohoma and Chyteeputtee.	Nundeepoor.
Peprowleea.	Seekarhutta.
Keerutpoor.	Harpoor station.
Bheureea.	Shahpoor Pirtheeputtee.
Lodee and Rustowlee.	Tukeea Jurulee.
Kuleean.	Simree.
Belahur.	Oomree.
Muhdeywa.	Koorbalee.
Khokurdeeha.	Gopalpoor.
Kishnuputtee.	Birdah.
Indurwa.	Fakeernah.
Dufwudh and Behta.	Chitha Kunoomanuggur.
Burumlipoora.	Hureeraha.
Toleh Busdarea.	Sunkerpoor.
Purshadbeeko, &c.	Nunohapoor.
Toleh Digwah.	Buhtuncean.
„ Rutumsura.	Neerputputtee.
Mohadconath Khoord.	Roobhura.
Belha station.	Jugdeespoor.
Gohooa oorf Luchmun.	Pudumpoor.
Nirmulee.	Kurjacen.
Mujboul.	Rajpoor-Ar.
Toleh Muzra.	Huree Chukla.
„ Bulaha.	Ghoaspoor.
Jumoom oorf Mosureea.	Bowraha.
Doobecha oorf Birnaha.	Permanundpoor.
Jhitkee.	Undurha.
Mujharee.	Nermulee.
Ramoul oorf Hureeahce.	Baeshee.
Chumpa.	Seebnuggur.
Mudhoomuthim.	Basawanputtee.
Jugduspoor.	Rampoor.
Bela Singharmotia.	Gudhureed.
Sutokhur.	Bulloa.

No. 435:—Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required for the construction of a railway in the district of Mozsufferpore, notice is hereby given, under the provision of section 4, Act X of 1870, that survey parties are about to take the field for the purpose of making a survey for a railway from Mozsufferpore to Seetamurhee, passing through the undermentioned villages :—

Mozsufferpore.
 Mohumedpoor.
 Meethumpoor.
 Bhugowteepoor.
 Dumodurpoor.
 Sadoollahpoor.
 Shahpoor.
 Zameen Ulubbat.
 Hurpoor Bukhree.
 Dumodurpoor.
 Bhugowteepoor.
 Nazirpoor.
 Abdul Nogur.
 Shekhpooora.
 Wakey Rugbeh.
 Chuck Mohabat.
 Yehyapoor.
 Chukjumal.
 Poonas.
 Tara Jugurnath.
 Tundwa.
 Surya.
 Chuk Surya Acemah.
 Raghpoor.
 Byjnathpoor.
 Futehpoor.
 Suleympoor.
 Chuk Hussein.
 Mittumpooora.
 Bheekunpoor.
 Chuk Mamdee.
 Chuk Diola.
 Mohyooddeenpoor.
 Chuk Hubbo.
 Yusoofpoor Puttee.
 Surya Sudoollapoor.
 Khalikpoor.
 Jheepuha.
 Bussowlee.
 Jugurnathpoor Bisunt.
 Bishonpoor.
 Shunkurputtee.
 Dhurumpoor.
 Bishoonpoor Damodur.
 Mohunpoor.
 Sawajpoor.
 Hymeedpoor.
 Chupra Mobaruk.
 Chuk Udhma.
 Muksoodpoor.
 Shahpoor.
 Manikpoor.
 Narainpoor.
 Nehalpoor.
 Bishoonpoor.
 Rampoor Huree.
 Mularapoor Kurum.
 Burumh Feeur.
 Rampoor.
 Goordeh.
 Koonlahee.
 Bajeedpoor.
 Chandpoor.
 Kooahee.
 Pitowngeea Gobind.
 Dhopuha.
 Mudeshee and Ferookpoor.
 Ramputty Roopeh.

Oomurpoor.
 Mudhwal Uslee.
 Busuntpoora.
 Buruhbutta.
 Rutnowtee Uslee.
 Raepoor.
 Manpoor.
 Bandh Kond.
 Bhurthee Bhukeeca.
 Pota.
 Tajpoor oorf Pota.
 Bughawnee.
 Sonepoorwa.
 Ibrahumpoor.
 Khurka.
 Ryn Shunkur.
 Bhada.
 Sookhee.
 Ryn Bishun.
 Gurhwa.
 Bheempore.
 Uthuree.
 Madhopoor.
 Mehsur.
 Belohee Neelkunt.
 Purtabpoor.
 Dumainea.
 Raepoor.
 Khopa.
 Dilawarpoor.
 Kothaea.
 Goshaenpoor.
 Wynan.
 Ukhurpoor.
 Gidhsura and Chochaha.
 Morewal.
 Bishoonpoor.
 Rampoor Bukhree.
 Madanpoor.
 Muthrapoor.
 Padru.
 Purmanandpoor.
 Chandputtee.
 Mirzapoor.
 Mohun Deeh.
 Raghpoor Pukhree.
 Purwas.
 Mundie.
 Kurchahce.
 Bunchowree.
 Bhoonduba.
 Khurikha.
 Poonowra.
 Arasee Chuk Bahadoor.
 Muhila.
 Seetamurhee.
 Durbhunga.
 Basdeopoor.
 Kurhutteea.
 Hurpoor.
 Birnam.
 Sanewara.
 Mohumedpoor.
 Ushruspoor.
 Buhooara.
 Kusoomputtee.
 Tehtar.
 Kumrowlee.

Uhyaree.
 Burhumpoor.
 Chukowtee.
 Radhee Deeh.
 Buhwulpoor.
 Chundurheeha.
 Khureka.
 Jaley Mohumedpoor.
 Rowndha.
 Sirsee.
 Burhmowl.
 Gungowlee.
 Nanpoor.
 Rasoolgunj oorf Koclee.
 Beerad.
 Bahadoorpoor.
 Udhgaon.
 Madhopoor Chutoarc.
 Bhelance Mudun.
 Bhaseypoer.
 Bishoonpoor.
 Dhobowlee.
 Misrowlee.
 Mudunpoor.
 Rasoolpoor.
 Goshaenpoor.
 Nuraenpoor.
 Pursunputtee.
 Simra.
 Bishnathpoor.
 Mudhoobun.
 Bhugowlee.
 Muhila.
 Seetamurhee.
 Kanti.
 Bishoonpoor.

Keshoputtee.
 Dhance Muthcea.
 Khuradh.
 Basdeochupoor.
 Tatibpoor.
 Bisumbarpoor.
 Jhikakee.
 Hurkaman Sahee.
 Madhopoor.
 Jago Chupra.
 Toorkee.
 Toorkee Kedro.
 Soureedeesh.
 Tajpoor.
 Bhagwanpoor.
 Ghowsanugur.
 Doomuree.
 Husowr.
 Durreeapoor.
 Kundsar.
 Belsund Kulan.
 Mukhuna.
 Bhandaree.
 Goshaenpoor.
 Bykoonthpoor.
 Beneepoor.
 Morewal.
 Mudanpoor.
 Purmanundpoor.
 Mirzapoor.
 Purwas.
 Khurika.
 Bunchowree.
 Khurika.
 Madhubun.
 Seetamurhee.

HOWARD W. WARDEN,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept., Railway.

The 20th December 1881.

No. 436.—*Transfer.*—Mr. E. T. Faulkner, Assistant Engineer, second grade, is temporarily transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Second Calcutta to the Burdwan Division.

S. T. TREVOR, Col., R.E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No 10088.—*Dated the 13th December 1881.*—Surgeon D. Basu made over charge of the Furreedpore Jail to Assistant-Surgeon Kally Dass Bose, in the afternoon of the 6th December 1881.

No. 10095.—Mr. E. W. Payne made over charge of the Buxar Central Jail to Mr. P. Donaldson, in the afternoon of the 9th December 1881.

No. 10229.—*Dated 19th December 1881.*—Baboo Prosunno Coomar Dutt made over charge of the Noakholly Jail to Baboo Kali Prosono Sircar in the forenoon of the 9th December 1881.

J. W. HANLON, *for Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.*

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Dacca and Munshigunge will, in the month of January next, hold his sittings in the Munshigunge Court from the 16th to the 21st, and the rest of the days in the Dacca Court.

NUFFER CHUNDER BHUTTO, *Judge, Small Cause Court.*
 MUNSHIGUNGE SMALL CAUSE COURT, *the 14th December 1881.*

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, it is hereby notified that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Courts Hooghly, Serampore, and Howrah, will hold an extraordinary sitting in the Hooghly Court on 31st December 1881.

SURE NATH ROY, *Judge of Small Cause Court.*

HOOGHLY SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 8th December 1881.

TREASURY NOTICE.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO BORODAKANT MOOZOOMDAR has been placed in charge of the Cuttack Treasury, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

ANNODA P. GHOSH, *Personal Assistant to Commissioner.*

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, ORISSA DIVISION, CUTTACK, the 13th December 1881.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Subordinate Educational Service.

The 13th December 1881.—Baboo Rakhal Chundra Chatterjee, Head Master, Zillah School, Chybassa (class VI), is allowed leave of absence for three months, under sections 129 and 130, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from any date that he may avail himself of it.

The 14th December 1881.—Baboo Durga Das Mookerjee, B.A., Head Master, Purulia Zillah School (class V), is allowed leave of absence for 19 days, under sections 127 and 128, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 24th October 1881, and Baboo Gopal Chundra Mookerjee, B.A., Second Master in class VII, is appointed to officiate as Head Master vice Baboo Durga Das Mookerjee, on leave.

Baboo Gopal Chundra Ghoshal, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Singbhoom (class V), is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month, under section 136, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date that he may avail himself of it.

The 13th December 1881.—Baboo Ratna Mani Gupta, Head Master, Mymensingh Zillah School (class IV, and officiating in class III) is allowed leave of absence for three months, under sections 127 and 128, chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from 3rd November 1881, or any subsequent date that he may avail himself of it.

Baboo Kali Kumar Guha, Second Master, Mymensingh Zillah School (class VI), is appointed to act as Head Master of the same institution, and to officiate in class V, vice Baboo Ratna Mani Gupta, on leave.

Baboo Mohim Chundra Bose, Third Master, Mymensingh Zillah School (class VII), is appointed to act as Second Master of the same institution, and to officiate in class VI, vice Baboo Kali Kumar Guha, on deputation.

Baboo Krishna Chundra Chakravarti, Fourth Master, Mymensingh Zillah School, is appointed to act as Third Master of the same institution, and to officiate in class VII, vice Baboo Mohim Chundra Bose, on deputation.

The 16th December 1881.—Baboo Gopal Chundra Mookerjee, Second Master, Purulia Zillah School (class VII), is appointed to act as Head Master, Chybassa Zillah School, and to officiate in class VI, vice Baboo Rakhal Chundra Chatterjee, on leave, and Baboo Kanai Lal Pal is appointed to act as Second Master, Purulia Zillah School, and to officiate in class VII, vice Baboo Gopal Chundra Mookerjee, on deputation.

A. W. CROFT, *Director of Public Instruction.*

UNDER Rule 8 of the Junior Scholarship Rules of the 5th October 1872, it is hereby notified that the 18 junior scholarships allotted to the Patna Division for the year 1881-82 have been thus distributed—

(I)—The six second grade scholarships will be awarded to the six best scholars, irrespective of the districts they come from.

(II)—The twelve third grade scholarships will be allotted to the several districts as follows:—

	Rs.
Patna	2
Gya	2
Shahabad	2
Mozufferpore	2
Sarun	2
Durbhunga	1
Chumparun	1
Total	12

D. G. BANERJEE, *Pent. Asst. to Commr., for Commr.*

PATNA COMM'R'S. OFFICE, the 19th December 1881.

Result of the Middle English Scholarship Examination for 1881.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

CALCUTTA.

1st Division.

1. Narendra Kumar Mitra, Calcutta Model School
2. Atul Krishna Banerjee, ditto.

2nd Division.

1. Purna Chandra Rai, Calcutta Model.
2. Upendra Lal Set, ditto.
3. Akshay Kumar Basu, ditto.
4. Haridas Dhar, ditto.
5. Sailabala Das, Bethune School.
6. Hiranmoye Devi, ditto.

3rd Division.

1. Haranath Sen, Calcutta Model.
2. Giribala Mozumdar, Bethune School.

Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.

2nd Division.

1. Jagat Chandra Datta, Calcutta Model.

24-PERGUNNAHS.

1st Division.

1. Prankrishna Dalal, Bistupur.

2nd Division.

1. Basanta Kumar Chatterjee, Narikeldanga.
2. Hari Mohan Ghosh, Bistupur.
3. Gopal Chandra Bira, Sarangabad.
4. Narayan Das Ghosh, Karanjuli.
5. Sarodaprosad Banerjee, Nimta.
6. Barodaprosad Sarkar, Bawali.
7. Pryanath Biswas, Govindpur.
8. Upendra Nath Biswas, Govindpur.
9. Purna Chandra Chowdhury, Gopalnagar.
10. Annodaprosad Mookerjee, Nibodhai.
11. Annodaprosad Datta, Sarisa.
12. Harinath Rakbit, Ghatoswara.

3rd Division.

1. Purna Chandra D6, Jadabpur.
2. Basanta Kumar Biswas, Narikeldanga.
3. Mohammed Kajem Ali, Chetta.
4. Sarat Chandra Ghosh, Sarisa.
5. Kadar Nath Banerjee, Kadibati.
6. Bisheswar Banerjee, Nimta.
7. Ashutosh Mukerjee, Halishahar.
8. Apurva Krishna Rai, ditto.
9. Nagendra Nath Chakravarti, Chota Jagulia.
10. Upendra Nath Chakravarti, Nibodhai.
11. Mohendra Nath Datta, Karanjuli.
12. Gopal Chandra Ghosal, Guria.
13. Nagendra Nath Chowdhry, Ghatoswara.
14. Gopal Chandra Bhattacharya, Bhalpara.

Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.

2nd Division.

1. Paresch Nath Mozumdar, Bistupur.

3rd Division.

1. Haripada Ghosh, Narikeldanga.
2. Namlal Guha, Mohestola.
3. Upendra Nath Basu, Sarisa.
4. Rajendra Lal Mukerjee, Nimta.
5. Bepin Behary Ganguli, Halishahar.
6. Uma Charan Mitra, Karanjuli.

NUDDA.

1st Division.

1. Rajani Kantu Bhaduri, Goari Hindu.
2. Novin Chandra Biswas, Kurulgachi.
3. Sirish Chandra Biswas, Gorepara.

2nd Division.

1. Hem Chandra Banerjee, Sibnibash.
2. Nagendranath Sen, Bhajanghat.
3. Jodunath Mozumdar, Chapra.
4. Birnirishinba Kundu, Jai Rampur.

5. Monindra Nath Chatterjee, Deogram.
6. Adhar Chandra Goshami, Bhajanghat.
7. Upendranath Basu, Dogachia.
8. Gopal Chandra Sinha, Bora Jagulia.

3rd Division.

1. Jogendranath Ghose, Bora Jagulia.
2. Lakhi Kantu Banerjee, Sonadanga.
3. Nishithanath Rai, Bhajanghat.
4. Nirod Chandra Sinha, Bora Jagulia.
5. Kaliprosomo Mookerjee, ditto.
6. Hiralal Mozumdar, ditto.
7. Hem Chandra Bhattacharya, ditto.
8. Bipra Das Mukerjee, Deogram.
9. Rohini Kumar Mukerjee, ditto.
10. Prokash Chandra Rai, Sonadanga.
11. Kalijiban Banerjee, Sibnibash.
12. Nanigopal Banerjee, Goari Hindu.
13. Chandra Bhusan Datta, Private.
14. Satish Chandra Mitra, Goatoli.
15. Sarat Chandra Sanyal, Goscepara.
16. Sudhir Chandra Rai, ditto.
17. Rakhal Chandra Pramanick, Sutragosh.
18. Haridas Biswas, ditto.
19. Mohendralal Mukerjee, Jai Rampur.
20. Surendranath Rai, ditto.
21. Srish Chandra La, Amla.
22. Mohendranath Bhattacharjya, ditto.
23. Kadarnath Saha, Kumarkhali, H. E.
24. Gokul Chandra Kundu, ditto.
25. Khettranath Ghosh, ditto.
26. Kedarnath Saha, Alumdanga.
27. Harinath Mozumdar, Juniadaha.
28. Radhika Prosad Chakravarti, Natooda.
29. Hem Chandra Sen, Jai Rampur.

Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.

3rd Division.

1. Krishna Chandra Banerjee, Deogram.
2. Radhika Prosad Bhattacharjya, Bhajanghat.
3. Khettranath Mukerjee, ditto.
4. Annoda Prosad Chakravarti, Goari Hindu.
5. Rajani Kanta Biswas, Syam Kundu.
6. Kalipada Mukerjee, Bongong.
7. Rajani Kanta Saha, Sutraghar.
8. Mohini Chandra Adhikary, Kumarkhali.
9. Sarat Chandra Sanyal, Chupra.
10. Kunja Behary Chowdhry, Alumdanga.
11. Rudranath Mozumdar, Dhoradaha.
12. Surendranath Mukerjee, Natoodah.

JESSORE.

1st Division.

1. Kadarnath Basu, Khororiah.

2nd Division.

1. Nepal Chandra Rai, Khororiah.
2. Gopal Chandra Pal, Banka Bhowanipur.
3. Hiralal Basu, Sailkopa.
4. Ambika Chandra Pal, Benia Khanar.
5. Bhaja Hari Sen, Banka Bhowanipur.
6. Sasadhur Raha, Khororiah.
7. Bhudar Rai Chowdhry, Rasolikatipara.
8. Hariharan Chakravarti, Sadhubati.
9. Kaliprosomo Mukerjee, ditto.
10. Srihari Mukerjee, ditto.

3rd Division.

1. Shikharlal Mitra, Bidyanundakati.
2. Opendranath Rai Chowdhery, Jaidia.
3. Loknath Sarkar, Sailkopa.
4. Nagendranath Banerjee, Sadhubati.
5. Suresh Chandra Rai, Harina Kundu.
6. Bhusan Chandra Taralder, Tala.
7. Rassiklal Chatterjee, Kharua.
8. Bisheshwar Ghosh, Khororia.
9. Rassik Lala Datta, Mushidpur.
10. Panchauun Basu, Mohesthola.

*Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.**2nd Division.*

1. Pryanath Mozumdar, Kharonia.

3rd Division.

1. Rhyshikesha Datta, Tala.
2. Banku Behary Datta, Mashidpur.
3. Ram Gopal Sen, Private.
4. Mohin Chandra Banerjia, ditto.

*MOORSHEDEABAD.**2nd Division.*

1. Srish Chandra Maulik, Jungipur.
2. Narendra Nath Chatterjee, Private.
3. Nriitya Gopal Talibpur.

3rd Division.

1. Atul Krishna Ghosh, Choa.
2. Gopi Krishna Acharjya, Damkala.
3. Govinda Lala Das, Rampal.
4. Probodh Chandra Bhattacharjya, Choa.
5. Pran Bullub Nandi, Jangipur.
6. Bishun Chandra Bhaduri, ditto.
7. Sashi Bhusan Mukerjee, Eroali.
8. Syama Charan Chatterjee, Private.
9. Gopi Bullobh Ghosh, Talibpur.

*Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.**3rd Division.*

1. Mohendra Narayan Biswas, Patkaba ri.
2. Jogeshwar Sen, Jungipur.
3. Chandrakanto Rai, Belia.

*Result of the Middle Vernacular Scholarship Examination for 1881.**PRESIDENCY DIVISION.**CALCUTTA.**1st Division.*

1. Charu Chandra Basu, Syambazar Vernacular.
2. Haridas Mukurji, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.
3. Surendra Nath Guha, Syambazar Vernacular.
4. Paimalal Pain, Bowbazar Vernacular.
5. Atul Chandra Chandra, ditto.
6. Jiban Kanai Mukerji, ditto.
7. Harimohun Mitra, ditto.
8. Amritlal Chatterjee, ditto.
9. Upendra Nath Basu, Syambazar Vernacular.
10. Akshahay Kumar Basu, Calcutta Model.
11. Debendra Nath Banerjee, Aheritola Banga.
12. Brojonath Laha, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.

2nd Division.

1. Jaigopal D6, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.
2. Siva Krishna Datta, ditto ditto.
3. Guru Das Addhya, Bow Bazar Vernacular.
4. Kunja Behari Datta, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.
5. Debendra Nath Chatterjee, City Institution.
6. Hari Das Sen, Calcutta Model.
7. Charu Chandra D6, Aheritola Banga.
8. Ahindra Kumar Ganguli, Calcutta Model.
9. Sasi Bhusan D6, Syambazar Vernacular.
10. Jagabundhoo D6, Simla Hindu.
11. Anatha Nath Palit, Syambazar Vernacular.
12. Hari Charan Das, Calcutta Model.
13. Rajendralal Chakravarti, Syambazar Vernacular.
14. Pannalal Datta, Calcutta Model.
15. Surya Kumar Ghosh, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.
16. Nibaran Chaudhuri, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.

3rd Division.

1. Kartik Chandra Ghosh, Calcutta Model.
2. Gostha Bihari Mallik, ditto.
3. Chunilal Sinha, Pataldanga A. V.
4. Ashutosh Pal, Calcutta Model.
5. Jagatindra Narayan Rai, Calcutta Model.
6. Surendra Kumar Basu, Aheritola Banga.
7. Bonod Gopal Matilal, Bow Bazar Vernacular.
8. Rajani Kanta Datta, Syambazar Vernacular.
9. Fakir Chandra Sadhukhan, Pataldanga Aided Vernacular.
10. Nriityalal Sil, Simla Hindu.

*24-PERGUNNAHS.**1st Division.*

1. Nil Kisor Chaturji, Baraset Government.
2. Hari Kumar Nath, ditto.
3. Pramatha Nath Basu, Dakhinesvar.
4. Sanyasi Charan Ray, Mudiali.
5. Ram Das Bhattacharya, Baraset Government.
6. Siva Prasad Chaturji, ditto.
7. Madhu Sudan Mukherji, ditto.
8. Kartik Chandra D6, Khantura.
9. Satis Chandra Sinha, ditto.
10. Mati Lal Karanikar, Kidderpore.
11. Khetra Nath Ghosh, Dhapdhapi.

2nd Division.

1. Aghor Nath Biswas, Bistupur.
2. Satis Chandra Basu, Barahanagar.
3. Jogendra Nath D6, Sripur.
4. Harri Mohan Banurji, Alachi.
5. Atul Krishna Ghosh, Jagulgaichi.
6. Hem Chandra Datta, Dhapdhapi.
7. Nilmoni Datta, Kidderpore.
8. Sarat Chandra Chaturji, Kidderpore.
9. Amrita Lal Mukherji, Barahanagar.
10. Djabar Sardar, Bistupur.
11. Hari Das D6, Alachi.
12. Chandi Charan Halder, Behala.
13. Brahma Pada Das, Dakhinesvar.
14. Anathbandu Chakravarti, North Barahanagar.
15. Sheik Kefatulla Molla, Mudiali.
16. Atul Bihari Basu, Dakhinesvar.
17. Dindayal Basu, Taki Government.
18. Mati Lal Pal, Mudiali.
19. Surendra Nath Banurji, Boral.
20. Nanda Lal Mazumdar, North Barahanagar.
21. Anukul Chandra Ray, Kidderpore.
22. Sanyasi Charan Mukharji, Khantura.
23. Nibaran Chandra Banurji, Belghoria.
24. Taruk Nath Mukherji, Charakdanga.
25. Kali Kumar Saha, Barahanagar.
26. Manmatha Mohan Goswami, ditto.
27. Nriitya Gopal Purkait, Mathurapore Model.
28. Narayan Chandra Ray, Belghoria.

3rd Division.

1. Umes Chandra Chakravarti, Sinthi Utterpara.
2. Manik Chander Ghosh, ditto.
3. Haradhan Ghosh, Mudiali.
4. Khirad Nath Mukherji, Kasinathpore C.P.
5. Rasamay Karati, Kaligbat.
6. Narondra Nath Mitra, ditto.
7. Purna Chandra Pal, ditto.
8. Jogendra Nath Mitra, Belghoria.
9. Amulya Dhan Chaturji, North Barahanagar.
10. Jogendra Nath Banurji, ditto.
11. Sukhamay Chakravarti, Bistupur Model.
12. Barada Prasad Parni, Dakhinesvar.
13. Nisa Nath D6, ditto.
14. Bacharam Pal, Chakraberia.
15. Nimai Charan Srimani, ditto.
16. Prabodh Chandra Dey, Boral.
17. Jogendra Nath Banurji, Kidderpore.
18. Tara Sankar Ghosh, Charakdanga.
19. Annada Prasad Roy, ditto.
20. Chandra Nath Bhattacharya, Barahanagar.
21. Bagala Charan Chaudhuri, ditto.
22. Bihari Lal Pal, ditto.
23. Sakari Ghoshal, Panihati.
24. Bhut Nath Ghosh, Bandipur.
25. Jogendra Nath Mukherji, Badu.
26. Khetra Nath Tapali, ditto.
27. Devendra Nath Basu, ditto.
28. Amrita Lal Chakravarti, Private.
29. Akhay Kumar Kayal, Mathurapore Model.
30. Sarat Chandra Deb, ditto.
31. Sasi Bhushan Bhattacharya, Bistupur C.P.
32. Kali Krishna Bhattacharya, ditto.

33. Mati Lal Chakravarti, Ramnagar.
34. Nirmal Chandra Ghoshal, Dakshin Sripur.
35. Rama Pati Mukhurji, ditto.
36. Sita Nath Banurji, Sonaberia Model.
37. Surendra Nath Tribedi, Beliadanga.
38. Tarak Nath Banurji, Private.
39. Durlabh Krishna Chaudhuri, Tantra.
40. Satis Chandra Banurji, Taki Government.
41. Satis Chandra Palit, Khantura.
42. Mati Lal Saha, Khanjia.
43. Sarat Chandra Banurji, Mokhrundapur.
44. Sital Chandra Banurji, ditto.

NUDDHA.

1st Division.

1. Hara Nath Ghosh, Ichapur.

2nd Division.

1. Khetra Nath Sabhakar, Haripore.
2. Bhushan Chandra Das, Santipore Hindu.
3. Potit Pabun Chaudhuri, Samta.
4. Kedar Nath Tarafdar, Chota Salua.
5. Girindra Nath Mukhurji, Subarnapore.
6. Hara Lal Datta, Deuli.
7. Durga Charan Datta, ditto.
8. Radha Raman Ghosvami, Santipore Hindu.
9. Fani Bhushan Chaturji, Ranaghat A. V.
10. Srikumar Banurji, Subarnapore.
11. Devendar Nath Banga, Ramnagar.
12. Hara Nath Banurji, Ichapora.
13. Jeggesvar Ghosh, Haripore.

3rd Division.

1. Raghu Nath Madak, Govindasarak.
2. Upendra Nath Banurji, Garapota Model.
3. Mahendra Nath Bhattacharya, Santipur Hindu.
4. Gopal Chandra Goswami, ditto.
5. Benay Chandra Chakravarti, ditto.
6. Sarat Chandra Sen, ditto.
7. Bijay Kumar Kaviraj, Haripur.
8. Abinas Chandra Acharya, ditto.
9. Rasik Lal Datta, ditto.
10. Khetra Nath Pramanik, Ramnagar.
11. Bipra Das Mukhurji, Ranaghat A. V.
12. Jatis Chandra Sinha, ditto.
13. Satyendra Nath Nandi, ditto.
14. Srihari Pramanik, Kutipara C. M. S.
15. Bhupendra Nath Bhattacharya, Goga.
16. Bankim Ch. Ray Chaudhuri, Kota.
17. Ibrahim Bisvas, Kumarkhali H. E.
18. Durlabh Chandra Bisvas, Natipota.
19. Saroja Kanti Ghosh, Ranaghat A. V.

JESSORE.

1st Division.

1. Satis Chandra Ray, Jessore Government.
2. Janaki Nath Ray, Narail.

2nd Division.

1. Ram Gopal Ganguli, Jessore Government.
2. Mati Lal Basu, Narail.
3. Akhay Kumar Bhattacharya, Naihati Pat.
4. Poreg Nath Kar, Daibaghata C. P.
5. Krishna Lal D6, Sujansha.
6. Bihari Lal Gain, Karimali.
7. Ambika Charan Datta, Naihati Pat.
8. Kusav Lal Banurji, Jessore Government.

3rd Division.

1. Surya Kanta Ray Chaudhuri, Jessore Government.
2. Jadu Nath Ray, Private.
3. Syama Charan Chakravarti, Pati Night.

4. Mukunda Murari Mitra, Kotechandpur.
5. Satis Chandra Bhattacharya, Gangarampur.
6. Hriday Nath Mukhurji, ditto.
7. Akhay Kumar Mukhurji, Kadambaberia.
8. Rasik Lal Ray, Harinakundu.
9. Bhudar Chandra Mukhurji, Sujansha.
10. Majjuddin Molla, Damudar.
11. Rangin Bihari Basu, ditto.
12. Jadu Nath Das, ditto.
13. Janardan Ghosh, Srisultola.
14. Syad Omed Ali, Payagram Kushba.
15. Priya Nath Ghosh, Miximil Pat.
16. Sukh Lal Ghosh, Gonite Pat.
17. Debendra Nath Basu, Siddhipasa C. P.
18. Bipin Bihari Das, ditto.
19. Manmohan Basu, ditto.
20. Nasimaddin Sheik, Private.
21. Asutosh Mukhurji, Daibaghata C. P.
22. Sacluddin Sheik, Karapara.
23. Amrita Lal Ray, Baraipara.
24. Sita Nath Basu, Narail.
25. Sarat Chandra Chaturji, Singa Solepur.
26. Bishun Chandra Datta, ditto.
27. Purna Chandra Ghosh, Mathurapur.
28. Syama Charan Bhattacharya, Singa Solepur.
29. Panchanan Chakravarti, Mathurapur.
30. Narendra Nath Basu, Srikol.
31. Kedar Nath Raha, ditto.
32. Tejarath Bisvas, ditto.
33. Upendra Nath Banurji, Nahata.
34. Bhuban Mohan Datta, ditto.
35. Basanta Kumar Basu, ditto.
36. Nasimuddin Bisvas, Maghi.
37. Kunja Bihari Saha, Sirgram.

MOORSHEDABAD.

2nd Division.

1. Banka Bihari Das, Jajan.
2. Krishna Chandra Ray, Malihati.
3. Hari Pada Mukhurji, ditto.
4. Sita Nath D6, Saidabad Model.
5. Lal Mahommed Bisvas, Jangipur.
6. Surendra Nath Bhaduri, Berhampur.
7. Pramodanandan Chaturji, Panchtopi.
8. Nataraj Das, Jangipur.
9. Janardan Basu, Saidabad Model.
10. Asutosh Bhattacharya, Khoshaspur.

3rd Division.

1. Ram Krishna Chaturji, Saidabad Model.
2. Srinandan Bhattacharya, ditto.
3. Anath Bandhu Bhattacharya, Berhampur.
4. Radha Binod Sarker, Berhampur.
5. Nabin Das Bhattacharya, Eron.
6. Purna Chandra Bhattacharya, do.
7. Asutosh Mukhurji, Satui.
8. Lal Bihari Mandal, ditto.
9. Tarak Nath Ray, Lalbag.
10. Haris Chandra Chaudhuri, Nasipur.
11. Tarini Charan Datta, ditto.
12. Kali Prasanna Das, Rasora.
13. Kunja Bihari Lahiri, Katlamari.
14. Radhika Nath Ray, Jangipur.
15. Kartik Chandra Sinha, ditto.
16. Rajani Kanta Mazumdar, Govindapur.
17. Naba Chandra Chaudhuri, Kandi Model.
18. Khetra Nath Mukhurji, ditto.
19. Raghu Nath Kabiraj, ditto.
20. Bishun Chandra Sen, ditto.
21. Sasadhar Maitra, Bagdanga.
22. Tara Prasanna Bhattacharya, Jajan.
23. Saradindu Narayan Ray, Jemo.
24. Hari Mohan Das, do.
25. Umes Chandra Bhattacharya, do.
26. Sasi Bhushan Acharya, Jaypur.
27. Radha Sundar Sinha, Khoshaspur.

Result of the Lower Vernacular Scholarship Examination for 1881.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

CALCUTTA.

2nd Division.

1. Haradhan Sircar, Calcutta Rovers School.

3rd Division.

1. Sheik Abdool Rahaman, Calcutta Rovers School.
2. „ Rajaula, ditto ditto.

24-PREGUNNAGH.

1st Division.

1. Hiralal Ghosh, Kemia C. P.
2. Gogan Chandra Dass, Debipur, C. P.
3. Nibaranchandra Neya, Joynagar Lower Vernacular.
4. Mattab Chand Khan Chowdhuri, Kulia Circle.
5. Abinash Chandra Ghosh, Madhubkati Circle.
6. Trailokyanath Dutta, ditto.
7. Protap Chandra Chaturji, ditto.
8. Gopaladon Chaturji, ditto.

2nd Division.

1. Rajani Prosad Chaturji, Harinavi Lower Vernacular.
2. Saroda Prosad D6, ditto ditto.
3. Romanath Adhicari, ditto ditto.
4. Asutosh Sarkar, Hensuri Lower Vernacular.
5. Nimai Chand Laha, Sarberia ditto ditto.
6. Davendranath Mondal, ditto ditto.
7. Jadunath Biswas, Purulia Circle.
8. Abdur Rohim Khan Chowdhuri, Kulia Circle.
9. Heralal Ghosh, ditto.
10. Baradaprasad Ghosh, Bahira Circle.
11. Gyanendranath Chakravarti, Madhabkati Circle.
12. Bhupatinath Chakravarti, Jalalpur Model Pathasala.
13. Hari Mohun Basu, Pipa Lower Vernacular.
14. Rajendranath Ghosh, Ketea Circle Pathasala.
15. Chandranath Some, ditto.
16. Harinath Kurmoker, ditto.
17. Satischandra Bhattacharya, Banglavi Circle Pathasala.
18. Mahendranath Nandi, Khajra Lower Vernacular.

3rd Division.

1. Nader Chand Ghosh, Cakkin Sinthi Lower Vernacular.
2. Bhaba Taran Chaturji, Harinavi Lower Vernacular.
3. Kedarnath Bhattacharya ditto ditto.
4. Dinanath D6, ditto ditto.
5. Sasibhushan Mukhurji, ditto ditto.
6. Nritya Gopal Basu, Bamanmura C. P.
7. Haripada Maitra, Majipara C. P.
8. Kiransai Basu, Private.
9. Satischandra Ghosh, Kamarpol Lower Vernacular.
10. Bhuban Mohun Das, Debipur C. P.
11. Rama Nath Mondal, ditto.
12. Damodar Mondal, ditto.
13. Surja Kumar Das, ditto.
14. Azimuddin Mondal, Garisadaha C. P.
15. Dwijapoda Haldar, ditto.
16. Girish Chandra Chakravarti, Kalinagar Pathasala.
17. Dinanath Sardar, ditto.
18. Surendranath Mitra, Masilpur Lower Vernacular.
19. Bhutnath Pramanik, ditto ditto.
20. Nagendra Nath Chakravarti, ditto ditto.
21. Manmatha Nath Mitra, Mitra Tetulia Lower Vernacular.
22. Khushi Lal Sardar, Purulia Circle.
23. Rumbayal Pramanik, Bahira Circle.
24. Saroda Churn Pramanik, Puspakati Circle.
25. Dwijabar Ghosh, ditto.
26. Sarada Charan Rai Chaudhuri, Madhabkati Circle.
27. Khetrnath Ghosh, Chhaghoria Circle.
28. Muthures Chandra Ghatak, ditto.
29. Kailas Chandra Nandi, Gopinathpur Circle.
30. Jonnabaddin Sardar, Jhikra Circle.
31. Kalinath Haldar, Dhandia Pathasala.
32. Braja Nath Ghosh, Pipa Lower Vernacular.
33. Pravat Chandra Basu, ditto.
34. Atul Krishna Basu, Ketia Circle Pathasala.
35. Tarak Nath Sardar, Aturia Circle Pathasala.
36. Manibhushan Haldar, Gokna Circle Pathasala.
37. Adhar Chandra Mandal, Gokulpur Model Pathasala.
38. Laddi Narayan Basu, Saurapal Circle Pathasala.
39. Ram Chandra Sadukhan, Khajra Lower Vernacular.

NUDDEA.

2nd Division.

1. Panamali Sarkar, Hatpara Lower Vernacular.
2. Purna Chandra Sarkar, Hogolberia Lower Vernacular.

3rd Division.

1. Panchanan Mitra, Meteari Lower Vernacular.
2. Adhar Chandra Pramanik, Ramnagar Telipara.
3. Apurva Kumar Mitra, Jossa Lower Vernacular.
4. Kalipada Mukhurji, ditto.
5. Hazari Prosad Bannerji, Nasheroooly Lower Vernacular.
6. Rajani Pramanik, Jagati Lower Vernacular.
7. Jagendra Nath Majumdar, Jadubogra Lower Vernacular.
8. Lalgopal Maita, Hatpara L. V.
9. Saroda Prasad Chaturji, Hogolberia L. V.

JESSORE.

1st Division.

1. Chandi Charan Maji, Suktagram Pathasala.

2nd Division.

1. Abdul Rohim Mallik, Garibpur.
2. Bankes Chandra Chaudhuri, Sailkopa L. V.
3. Nilambar Das, Dakkhindi P. F. P.
4. Chandra Kamal Chaturji, Suktagram Pathasala.
5. Umes Chandra Karmoker, Majpara Pathasala.

3rd Division.

1. Bepinbihari Shaha, Jatrappur.
2. Bidhu Bhushan Ghosh, Chowgatcha.
3. Rasik Lal Ghosh, Bagdanga.
4. Gogendra Nath Ghosh, Pati P. F. L. V.
5. Sasadhar Ghosh, Rajghat P. F. L. V.
6. Bijay Chandra Mitra, ditto.
7. Manindra Nath Ghosh, Mandardanga P. F. L. V.
8. Bhuba Nath Basu, ditto.
9. Panchanan Ray, Bhagabannagar L. V.
10. Bijoy Gopal Sarkar, Dadsara L. V.
11. Krishna Dhon Dutta, Nandanpore P. F. P.
12. Ram Lal Bhattacharya, Chundaimaleal P. F. V.
13. Prevanath Basu, Mamadkati P. F. V.
14. Sudhadhar Rakhit, ditto.
15. Brajendra Kumar Ghosh, Nehalpur (unaided) P.
16. Sasi Bhushan Datta, Bamoonda P. F. V.
17. Ram Chandra Banerji, Bishnapore Circle.
18. Mati Lal Basu, Bebagdi Pathasala.
19. Kesav Lal Som, ditto.
20. Bhuban Mohun Ghosh, Monokhali.
21. Syama Churn Sarkar, Raygram.
22. Haran Chandra Banerji, Magura.
23. Amrita Lal Maulik, ditto.

MOORESHEDABAD.

1st Division.

1. Joges Chandra Bhattacharya, Amtai L. V.

2nd Division.

1. Sasi Bhushan Majhi, Kumerpur L. V.
2. Chiranjib Shaha, Sharuppur L. V.
3. Dukha Bhunja Kundu, Moregram L. V.
4. Raghu Nath Dutta, Sayadkulutea L. V.
5. Kedar Nath Pal, Amtai L. V.

3rd Division.

1. Hemanta Kumar Sinha, Jitpur Mollapara.
2. Asutosh Samanta, Nowapara.
3. Bhushan Chandra Sinha, Seghorio No. 1 L. V.
4. Belat Ali Munshi, Moregram L. V.
5. Kali Narain Ghoshal, Saktipur L. V.
6. Syam Chand Das, ditto.
7. Bishun Chandra Chatterji, Sijgram L. V.
8. Jasada Nandan Mukhurji, Sayadk Kulutea L. V.
9. Jogindra Narain Das, Bharatpur L. V.
10. Rajani Kanta Ghosh, Amtai L. V.
11. Syam Sunder Dutta, Sompura L. V.

Result of the Middle English Scholarship Examination for 1881.

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

HAZARIBAGH.

First Division.

1. Nageswar Prasad, Chatra Middle English School.

Second Division.

1. Gudri Panday, Gawan Middle English School.
2. Jagdis Sahai, Giridhi ditto ditto.

LOHARDUGGA.

Third Division.

1. Biram Sing, Lohardugga Middle English School.
2. Lal Gasraj Sub, ditto ditto.

MANBHOOM.

Second Division.

1. Kedar Nath Chaudhuri, Manbazar Middle English School.

Third Division.

1. Benod Bihari Sarkar, Raghunathpore Middle English School.

Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.

1. Joy Narayan Mudi, Raghunathpore Middle English School.
2. Trailokya Nath Fouzdar, Raghunathpore Middle English School.
3. Benimadhav Nag, Raghunathpore Middle English School.

Result of the Middle Vernacular Scholarship Examination for 1881.

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

HAZARIBAGH.

First Division.

1. Mati Ram, head pundit, Chatra M. E. School.

Second Division.

1. Gones Lal, Hazaribagh Model School.
2. Abhiram Sing, ditto ditto.

Third Division.

1. Mahadeo Lal, (guru), Mirzaganji Pathasala.
2. Teka Ram, Hazaribagh Model School.
3. Tori Ram.

LOHARDUGGA.

First Division.

1. Parmiprasad, Ranchi Anglican Mission School.
2. Johan Chaita, ditto ditto.
3. Johan (senior), ditto ditto.
4. Daniel, ditto ditto.
5. Panlas, ditto ditto.
6. Daud, ditto ditto.

Second Division.

1. Jonathan, Ranchi Anglican Mission School.
2. Johan, Ranchi Normal School.

Third Division.

1. Patras, Ranchi Zillah School.
2. Nathai Khan, Gurwa M. V. School.
3. Doman Mundari, Tamar Model School.
4. Masidas, Ranchi Normal School.
5. Tulsi Misir, ditto ditto.
6. Daud, ditto ditto.
7. Raghubar Dayal, Private.
8. Madan Hazam, Tamar Model School.
9. Khirodhar Ram, Private.
10. Surj Prakas Lal, Lohardugga M. E. School.
11. Gobardhan Ram, ditto ditto.

SINGBHOOM.

Second Division.

1. Kande Ho, Chaibassa Normal School.
2. Namlal Banurji, Ghatsila M. V. School.
3. Chintamani Tatni, Chitimiti Model.

Third Division.

1. Turi Ho, Chaibassa Normal School.
2. Jhoria, Chaibassa Model School.
3. Juriatto Ho, Chaibassa Normal School.
4. Narayan Ram, Chaibassa Model School.
5. Motai Ho, Chaibassa Normal School.
6. Mora Ho, Chaibassa Model School.
7. Mangia Tanti, ditto ditto.

MANBHOOM.

Second Division.

1. Sitikanta Patnayak, Mantar M. V. School.
2. Kandarpalal Sarkar, Muradi ditto.
3. Javeshchandra Chatterjee, Jhalda ditto.
4. Tarini Charan Dutta, Purulia ditto.
5. Behary Lal Roy, Chelama Model School.

Third Division.

1. Sarat Chandra Lala, Nowagar M. V. School.
2. Rampratap Chakrabarti, Purulia ditto.
3. Kunjabehari Dutta, ditto ditto.
4. Bihari Lal Mukhurji, Mantaer M. V. School.
5. Romesh Chandra Mukhurji, Nadiha Model School.
6. Chandi Chandra Madak, Barabazar ditto.
7. Kaliprasanna Chatterji, Nowagar M. V. School.
8. Rajendralal Banerjee, Mantaer ditto.
9. Udaya Chand Mitra, Chelama Model School.
10. Mohendra Chaturji, Nowagar M. V. School.

Result of the Lower Vernacular Scholarship Examination for 1881.

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

HAZARIBAGH DISTRICT.

1st Division.

1. Gopal Sonthal, Pachumba Mission Training School.

2nd Division.

1. Premchand Mudi, Herodi.
2. Rata Golam, (guru), Anantpur.
3. Amrit Lal, (guru), Aora.
4. Lachman Ram, Chitarpur.
5. Jagannath Ram, (guru), Chitarpur.

3rd Division.

1. Badh Prokash, (guru), Murcheo L. V.
2. Ramessar Das, Chitarpur.
3. Kanhai Lal, Pulganj L. V.
4. Kesar Lal, (guru), Baharuddi.
5. Durga Prasad, Pulganj L. V.
6. Jewahir Lal, (guru), Hunterganj.
7. Baidyanath, (guru), Ookred.
8. Banghi Lal, Shewpur L. V.
9. Mohan Lal, (guru), Murcheo L. V.
10. Giridhari Sing, Ookred.
11. Bada Mudi, Heradi.
12. Tup Lal, Behuradip.
13. Kanhai Singh, Shewpur L. V.

LOHARDUGGA DISTRICT.

2nd Division.

1. Ghanasyam, Sarjamdi.
2. Paramosvar Ram, Chainpur.

3rd Division.

1. Gohun Munda, Sonapit.
2. Maku Ram, Choria.
3. Harevvar Missir, (guru), Jamira.
4. Jita Ram, Puridiri.
5. Haricharan Ram, Hosseinabad.
6. { Tewari Ajudhya Ram, Chainpur.
- { Ohaube Monorath Ram, Ketul.
8. Mongal Munda, Sonapit.
9. Kandersa Munda, ditto.

SINGBHOOM DISTRICT.

2nd Division.

1. Dimba Ho, Purunia L. V.
2. Ram Ho, ditto.
3. Byjnath Ho, ditto.
4. Digam Tati, ditto.

CALCUTTA,

The 20th December 1881.

3rd Division.

1. Begun Ho, Purunia L. V.
2. Narsing Ho, Jaganathpur L. V.
3. Ringtu Sonthal, Asantolia L. V.

MANBHOOM DISTRICT.

2nd Division.

1. Ram Chandra Biswas, Chelama L. V.

3rd Division.

1. Muchi Ram Chund, Ilu L. V.
2. Mohendra Nath Das, Kanera L. V.
3. Sricharan Gop, Salukchakra L. V.
4. Sambhu Nath Das, Chelama L. V.
5. Ramessar Banurji, ditto.
6. Dolgovinda Banurji, Salukchakra L. V.

A. W. GARRETT,

Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle.

Gilchrist Scholarship Examination.

NOTIFICATION.

WITH reference to the Government Notification of the 12th December 1868, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th idem, page 2044, and subsequent orders No. 274, dated the 13th April 1880, it is hereby notified that an examination for the Gilchrist Scholarships, which will also be a Matriculation Examination of the London University, will be held on Monday the 9th January 1882, and following days at the Presidency College, Calcutta, at 10 A.M.

CALCUTTA, the 1st December 1881.

A. W. CROFT, Director of Public Instruction.

Department Public Works. Half-yearly Examination.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for promotion and employment in the Public Works Department, will be held at the Government Engineering College, Howrah, at 10 o'clock, on Monday, the 6th February 1882, and the following days. Applications, with fees for admission to the examination, are required to be filed before the 15th of January 1882. Candidates for the grade of Accountant who are not in Government service should be under twenty-five years of age, and must prove to the satisfaction of the Principal that they are under that age.

The following are the centres of examination sanctioned by the Government of India, as stations where candidates for Fourth Grade Accountantships are to appear for examination:—

Agra, Ajmere, Ahmedabad, Allahabad, Akyah, Baloram, Durbhungah, Howrah, Indore, Jabalpur, Lucknow, Lahore, Mhow, Mooltan, Mount Aboo, Meerut, Nagpore, Neemuch, Rawalpindi, Rangoon, Saidpore, Shillong and Simla.

Candidates for the Accountants' examination are therefore requested to select one of the places mentioned above.

J. S. SLATER,

Offg. Principal, Govt. Engineering College, Howrah.

SHIBPORE, the 12th December 1881.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

Junior Scholarships.

It is hereby notified that under the orders of the Government of Bengal dated the 3rd of February 1876, sanctioning a redistribution of the Junior Scholarships as allotted under the orders contained in the Resolution dated the 5th of October 1872, seven Junior Scholarships of the Second Grade, and thirteen of the Third Grade, were allotted to the Presidency Division to be awarded on the results of the ensuing December examination.

2nd. The Second Grade Scholarships will be awarded to those candidates who stand first in order in the Divisional list irrespective of districts.

3rd. The Third Grade Scholarships will be distributed among the different districts of this Division as follows:—

24-Pergunnahs ..	..	4	Jessore ..	..	4
Nuddea ..	..	3	Moorshedabad ..	..	2

F. B. PEACOCK, Commissioner.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1238B.

Notice is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1882 will consist of about 28,200 chests prepared at the Patna factory, each chest of which is believed to contain 1 maund 18 seers 12 chittacks of pure opium, besides 9 seers 6 chittacks used for pasting the leaves of the shell, and about 28,200 chests prepared at the Ghazee-pore factory, each chest of which is believed to contain 1 maund 18 seers 12 chittacks of pure opium, besides 9 seers 6 chittacks used for pasting the leaves of the shell; being of the two seasons 1879-80 and 1880-81 in the proportion marginally noted.		
<i>Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory.</i>		
Reserve of 1879-80	...	12,897
Supply from 1880-81 about	...	15,303
		28,200
<i>Opium manufactured at the Ghazee-pore Factory.</i>		
Reserve of 1879-80	...	8,855
Supply from 1880-81 about	...	19,345
		28,200
Total	...	56,400

2. The dates on or about which the sales will be held, and the total quantity of opium as well as the respective quantities manufactured at the Patna and Ghazee-pore factories, which will be brought forward for sale every month, are specified below. The Board of Revenue reserve to themselves the right of altering the dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so. Agreeably to the terms of the notification of the Government of India, No. 1212, dated 8th March 1879, the monthly provision of 4,700 chests of opium will neither be increased nor diminished until at least twelve calendar months after notice published either in the *Gazette of India* or in the *Calcutta Gazette*; nor will the division of the monthly provision of 4,700 chests into 2,350 chests of opium manufactured at the Patna factory, and 2,350 chests of opium manufactured at the Ghazee-pore factory be modified until at least six calendar months after notice published in like manner:—

DATES.		Chests manu- factured at the Patna factory.	Chests manu- factured at the Ghazee- pore factory.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday	4th January 1882	...	2,350	2,350
On or about Thursday	2nd February "	...	2,350	2,350
On or about Wednesday	1st March "	...	2,350	2,350
On or about Thursday	6th April "	...	2,350	2,350
On or about Tuesday	2nd May "	...	2,350	2,350
On or about Monday	5th June "	...	2,350	2,350
On or about Monday	3rd July "	...	The number of chests of each kind to be sold each month will be ad- vertised six months in advance in the successive notices of the monthly sales.	4,700
On or about Wednesday	2nd August "	...		4,700
On or about Tuesday	5th September "	...		4,700
On or about Monday	2nd October "	...		4,700
On or about Thursday	2nd November "	...		4,700
On or about Monday	4th December "	...		4,700
Total	...	.....	.....	56,400

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1.—The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2.—The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 13 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3.—The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Board of Revenue, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertised shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Board of Revenue may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4.—Each lot shall contain five chests.

5.—A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin,

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than
Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 900 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but
less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 300
per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but
less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400
per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the
deposit for every bid additional, to the
extent of Rs. 400.

shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room and before the lot is registered in the sale-book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal Receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 3-30 P.M. in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale provided it does not fall on a Saturday; if it falls on a Saturday, the said notes must be redeemed by 1-30 P.M. or, on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal Receipts or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Board of Revenue shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6.—The said promissory notes shall be absolutely payable in any event and the amount thereof shall be absolutely forfeited upon such default as before mentioned, and the amount thereof shall not go or be credited in reduction of any loss on re-sale or expenses thereby incurred, but shall be recoverable whether such re-sale shall be had or not, or whether there shall be a loss on such re-sale or not.

7.—The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the fifth condition, if remaining unredeemed at 3-30 P.M. of the fifth day following the day of sale, or 1-30 P.M. if the last day falls on a Saturday, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

8.—No tender of money, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or public securities, on account of opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before the prescribed time in clause 5 on the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted. Provided always that money so subsequently tendered may be taken in payment of the said Promissory Note, but such acceptance of money shall in no way entitle the payer thereof to any right to delivery of the lot or lots in respect whereof the said note was given, or to any of the rights of a purchaser thereof, or release the payer from liability for any unpaid balance of such note or from the additional liability for the loss and expenses of such re-sale as provided for in clauses No. 5 and No. 6.

9.—The opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 3-30 P.M. of the fifteenth day from the day of sale, provided it does not fall on a Saturday; if it falls on a Saturday, the opium must be paid for by 1-30 P.M.; and in case any lots of such opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the fifth condition, or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall think fit; and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good all expenses and any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale, and the liability for the loss or difference of price and expenses shall be in addition to, and wholly independent of, the amount of the deposit so forfeited.

10.—Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of opium after making full payment as above prescribed shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

11.—No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale-book, or his authorized agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

12.—The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these conditions.

13.—With a view to prevent fictitious bidings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bona fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these conditions.

14.—The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same Agency opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the opium to complete the said twenty-five.

15.—In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

16.—The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1, certificate of the opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such opium.

17.—The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the opium manufactured at the Patna factory and the opium manufactured at the Ghazepore factory for the year 1880-81, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at the Patna and Ghazepore factories, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

18.—Any further information respecting weight or quality of the opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Board of Revenue entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the opium for shipment.

19.—It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the Agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazepore factories declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1882, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of opium required by them at any particular sale within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale: provided, however, that the Agent of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 56,400 chests of opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazepore factories, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of

	Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory	28,200
Opium manufactured at the Ghazepore Factory	28,200
Total	56,400

Bengal reserves to itself the right of disposing of the opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing after the date fixed for payment, or by selling such opium, or any portion of it at any subsequent monthly sale in addition to the quantity which in this advertisement is approximately mentioned as the quantity to be sold at such sale; or by selling such opium at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

"Article VI.—With regard to the trade in opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

Fort William, the 22nd November 1881.

A. FORBES, *Offg. Secretary.*

No. 1280B.

Notice is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the provision of 1879-80, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankahall-street, on Wednesday, the 4th January 1882, at 11 a.m., and will comprise 4,700 chests, viz.—

Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory	...	Chests. 2,350
Do. do. do. Gazeepore Factory	...	2,350
Total	...	4,700

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 22nd November 1881, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th January 1882 respectively—that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 3-30 p.m. of Monday, the 9th January 1882, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 p.m. of Thursday, the 19th January 1882.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of the opium manufactured at the Patna and Gazeepore Factories, will be brought to sale during the next twelve months about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render, it expedient to do so:—

DATE.	Manufactured at the Patna Factory, about chests.	Manufactured at the Gazeepore Factory, about chests.	Total, about chests.
On or about Thursday, 2nd February 1882	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Wednesday 1st March	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Thursday 6th April	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Tuesday 2nd May	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Monday 5th June	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Monday 3rd July	2,350	2,350	4,700
" Wednesday 2nd August	The number of chests of each kind to be sold each month will be advertised hereafter.		4,700
" Tuesday 5th September			4,700
" Monday 2nd October			4,700
" Thursday 2nd November			4,700
" Monday 4th December			4,700
Early in January 1883			4,700
Total	.....	.....	56,400

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

A. FORBES, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 29th November 1881.

NOTICE.

No. 1808B.

APPLICATION for tickets of admission to the Opium sale room for the year 1882, should be made at the Office of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, on or after the 19th instant.

Tickets for the year 1881 which have not already been surrendered, should be returned.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L.P.,

CALCUTTA, the 5th December 1881.

A. FORBES, *Offg. Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 3, Act XI of 1859, that the Board of Revenue have determined that, in the Darjeeling district, all arrears of revenue and all demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, shall be paid up on the following dates in each year:—

January 12th.

June 28th.

All revenue and demands as above specified, falling due between the 29th of June and the 12th of January, inclusive, shall be paid on 12th January, and all revenue and demands falling due at any time between the 13th of January and the 28th of June, inclusive, will be payable on the 28th of June. This order will take effect from the 1st April 1882.

The cesses on lands are payable under clause 1, section 42 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1880, in respect of revenue paying estates and locations, on the same dates as the land revenue, but in equal instalments.

This notification applies to all temporarily-settled estates and locations within the Darjeeling district, whatever the term of the lease.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., the 17th December 1881. H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Secretary.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1881.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

No. 5449A.

GENERAL.—The 19th December 1881.—Mr. J. Kelleher, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mozufferpore, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors.

The 21st December 1881.—Baboo Sheo Sunker Singh is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, for employment under the Public Works Department (Irrigation Branch) of this Government.

The services of Mr. T. L. L. Jenkins, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Durbhunga, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

Mr. H. Gillon, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, who returned from furlough on the 18th instant, is posted to the district of Durbhunga, and is appointed to act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade.

Moulvie Fuzlul Karim, temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Monghyr, is transferred to Chittagong, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

Mr. E. R. Middleton, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, on leave, is transferred to Midnapore, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

Baboo Shamapodo Chowdry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is transferred to Jessore, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

Baboo Rajoni Nath Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the sudder station of the district of Jessore.

Mr. H. F. J. Kean, Magistrate and Collector, Monghyr, returned to India from leave on the 1st November 1881.

Mr. J. O'Kinealy, Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, returned to duty from furlough on the forenoon of 8rd December 1881.

The 28rd December 1881.—Mr. W. Grindlay, who has recently been appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, and who arrived at Calcutta on the 18th instant, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Patna Division, and is posted to the sudder station of the district of Patna.

Baboo Kedar Nath Dutt, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is allowed leave for three months, under section 127, Chapter X of the Civil Leave Code.

The 26th December 1881.—Mr. T. T. Allen, Officiating Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge of Midnapore, but will continue to act in his present appointment, until further orders.

Mr. L. B. B. King, District and Sessions Judge, Dinapore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as District and Sessions Judge of Midnapore.

Mr. W. F. Merea, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to act as District and Sessions Judge of Dinapore, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. L. B. B. King, or until further orders.

The 27th December 1881.—Moonshee Kutuboddin, temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, Patna Division, is posted temporarily to the Patna district for employment on land registration work.

Mr. A. W. Cochran, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for one month under Section 71, Chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his present appointment as Officiating District and Sessions Judge, Outtack.

Mr. N. S. Alexander, Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed leave for eighteen days under Section 71, Chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 28th instant.

Mr. R. H. Greaves, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is appointed to act as Magistrate and Collector of that district, during the absence on leave of Mr. N. S. Alexander, or until further orders.

Baboo Chunder Narain Gupta, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is posted to Jamtara in that district.

Mr. W. Rattray, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jamtara, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is transferred to Beerbhoom, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

Baboo Upendra Chunder Mookerjee, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajmehal, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is transferred to Noakholly, and is posted to the sudder station of that district.

Mr. E. F. Ainslie, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Beerbhoom, is transferred to Rajmehal, in the district of the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Baboo Poorno Chunder Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahye, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act VII (B.C.) of 1880.

Mr. Ahsanuddin Ahmad, Barrister-at-Law, is appointed to be a probationer under the Native Civil Service Rules, and is posted to the district of Monghyr.

Baboo Gopee Krishna Lall, temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, Soopool, Bhagalpore, is allowed leave for one month, under section 127, Chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 6th instant.

Mr. R. H. Wilson, Magistrate and Collector, Midnapore, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Magistrates and Collectors, with effect from the 25th November last.

Mr. F. W. J. Rees, District and Sessions Judge, Noakholly, acted in the First Grade of District and Sessions Judges from the 12th to the 25th ultimo.

Mr. T. Smith, District and Sessions Judge, Burdwan, is confirmed in the First Grade of District and Sessions Judges, with effect from the 22nd November 1881, *vice* Mr. W. Cornell retired.

Mr. H. W. Gordon, Officiating District and Sessions Judge, Mozufferpore, is appointed to be a District and Sessions Judge of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. T. Smith.

Mr. A. A. Wace, Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling, is appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Mr. H. W. Gordon. Mr. Wace will, however, continue temporarily to be Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling.

Mr. W. Fiddian, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is appointed temporarily to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Mr. A. A. Wace, on deputation.

Mr. F. H. Barrow, Temporary Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Second Grade, Shahabad, is confirmed in that grade, *vice* Mr. A. A. Wace. Mr. Barrow will, however, continue to act, until further orders, in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors.

Mr. C. A. Samuells, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, on furlough, is appointed temporarily to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. W. Fiddian.

POLICE.—*The 26th December 1881.*—Baboo Mohendro Nath Hazrah, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Tipperah, is allowed leave for six months under section 129, Chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his present acting appointment.

The 27th December 1881.—Mr. H. V. H. Roberts was employed as Assistant Superintendent of Police in Nuddea, from the 19th to the 21st November last. He also acted as District Superintendent of Police of that district from the 22nd November to the 6th December 1881.

Mr. H. V. H. Roberts, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Purneah, is appointed to act, until further orders, as District Superintendent of Police, Tipperah.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 20th December 1881.*—Baboo Prasanna Coomar Nath, Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Calcutta, is authorised, under clause 5, Section 5, Act XV of 1872, to grant certificates of marriage between persons who are Native Christians.

REGISTRATION.—*The 26th December 1881.*—Moulvie Hadi Ali Khan, Special Sub-Registrar, Gya, was on leave under section 129, Chapter X of the Civil Leave Code, from the 18th August to the 26th September 1881.

The 27th December 1881.—In modification of the orders of the 2nd ultimo, Moulvie Syud Mahomed Ali Khan, Special Sub-Registrar of Bhagulpore, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 71, Chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 9th January next.

Mr. Stephen Ulfut Hossein, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bhugulpore, is also appointed to act as Special Sub-Registrar of that district, during the absence, on leave, of Moulvie Syud Mahomed Ali Khan, or until further orders.

Aga Sultan Tafazul Hossain acted as Special Sub-Registrar of Arrah, in the district of Shahabad, from the 14th to the 21st November 1881, during the absence, on medical leave, of Mr. J. B. Pratt, Special Sub-Registrar of Arrah.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 26th December 1881.*—The Lieutenant-Governor approves the election by the Commissioners of the Cuttack Municipality of Mr. G. E. Manisty, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to be their Vice-Chairman, vice Baboo Dwarka Nath Chakraverty, resigned.

ROAD CESS.—*The 27th December 1881.*—Baboo Raj Krishna Banerjee, Special Sub-Registrar of Commillah, is appointed to be a member of the District Road Committee of Tipperah, vice Dr. J. A. Greene, retired.

The following notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

No. 265.—*The 14th December 1881.*—Mr. A. F. Steinberg, of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be a Supernumerary Assistant Commissioner, Assam, and is posted to the sudder station of the district of Sylhet.

No. 267.—*The 15th December 1881.*—Baboo Gaur Chandra Das, First Moonsif of Sylhet, has been granted leave of absence for two months under Section 133 of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave already granted him in notification No 63, dated the 23rd September 1881.

No. 271.—Leave on medical certificate for ten days is granted to Mr. L. E. Fabre-Tonnerre, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Nowgong, in extension of the leave for two months and fifteen days granted to him in notification No. 233, dated the 2nd November 1881.

No. 83.—*The 16th December 1881.*—The Chief Commissioner has been pleased to appoint Baboo Bipin Behari Chatterjee, B.L., a Pleader of the High Court of Calcutta, to officiate as a Moonsif in the district of Sylhet (to be ordinarily stationed in the sudder station) during the absence of Baboo Gaur Chandra Das, on leave.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st December 1881.—In supersession of paragraph 2 of the notification of the 24th November 1879, published at page 1155, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 26th idem, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that from the 1st January 1882, the fees to be levied under section 3, Act VI (B.C.) of 1878, by the Commissioners of the Jessore Municipality for the cleansing of all latrines situated within the limits of the said Municipality, shall be according to the following scale :—

				Rs. A. P.			
On first class holdings	at	...	...	12	0	0	per annum.
„ 2nd ditto	at	...	...	6	12	0	„
„ 3rd ditto	at	...	...	4	8	0	„
„ 4th ditto	at	...	...	8	0	0	„

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th December 1881.—The following lists of Civil Hospital Assistants serving in Bengal who have passed the English Qualification and Grade Examinations held on the 17th October 1881, are published for general information:—

Names of Hospital Assistants who have passed the Professional Examination held on the 17th October 1881.

Name.	Attached to.	Date of declaration.	Class promoted to.	Date of rank.	Date of passing English qualification for higher pay according to Governor-General's Order No. 845 of 17th October 1880, and No. 995 of 1875.	Remarks.
Bisto Churn Gupto ...	Special fever duty, Nuddea.	10th July 1886...	1st Class	17th October 1881	17th October 1881	Retest.
Saroda Churn Mookerjee	Dispensary, Kakina ...	4th December 1873 ...	2nd "	Ditto	.....
Soorjee Narain Ghose ...	Medical School, Dacca	12th August 1874 ...	2nd "	12th August 1881	.....
Hurro Kanta Mookerjee	Sub-division and Dispensary, Moonshiganga.	11th December 1873 ...	2nd "	17th October "	17th October 1881	Retest.
Bhoosun Chunder Bhutta-charjee.	Jail and Lunatic Asylum, Cuttack.	12th June 1867	1st "	12th June "	.....
Nasiram Ghosaul ...	Dispensary, Pooree ...	3rd November 1870...	2nd "	17th October "	.....
Bholanath Dey ...	Sub-division and Dispensary, Sompole.	18th June 1873	2nd "	Ditto	.....
Radha Madhub Dey ...	Sub-division and Dispensary, Jamtara.	4th August 1874	2nd "	4th August "	17th October 1881	Retest.
Baney Kanta Banerjee...	Dispensary and Sub-division, Bishenpur.	22nd August 1867	1st "	22nd August "	Ditto	Retest.

Names of Candidates who have passed the English Qualification for the Third Grade allowance held on the 17th October 1881.

Names.	Attached to.
Luckmidhur Mookerjee ...	On special duty, Burrah Gangooty-embankment, Cuttack.
Nibaran Chundra " ...	Reformatory School, Alipore.

Names of Candidates who have passed the English Qualification Examination for higher pay held on the 17th October 1881.

Names.	Attached to.
Gopal Chundra Gupto	Nanthnugger Dispensary.
Radhamadhub Dey	Sub-division and Dispensary, Jamtara.
Hurro Kant Mookerjee	Ditto ditto Moonshiganga.
Bisto Churn Goopto	On special fever duty, Nuddea.
Kristo Prosono Sen	Sub-division and Dispensary, Narail.
Bany Kanto Banerjee	Dispensary and Sub-division, Bishenpore.
Behary Lal Hatty	Ditto Golegram.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTICE.

The 21st December 1881.—Under section 4, Act I (B.C.) of 1880 (the Calcutta Tramways Act), it is hereby notified that the Commissioners of the Town of Calcutta have approved, and the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned, the proposal of the Calcutta Tramways Company, to extend the route of Tramway No. 5 from Dhurrumtollah Street to Sealdah by way of Circular Road.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th December 1881.—Under clause 2, section 42 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1880, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to notify that all cesses payable on freeholds, commuted grants, or other revenue-free estates and locations within the Darjeeling district, shall be payable in one annual payment on the 12th of January falling within the cess year on account of which such cesses are due.

This notification shall take effect from 1st April 1882.

COLMAN MACAULAY,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Cuttack and Pooree Port Fund Accounts for 1880-81.

Final statement showing the Receipts, Charges, and the Closing Balance of the Cuttack and Pooree Port Fund for 1880-81.

RECEIPTS.		Rs. A. P.	
Port dues on vessels	...	10,844	3 1
<i>Miscellaneous Fees and Fines.</i>			
Fees, fines, and forfeitures	...	17	0 0
<i>Sundry Receipts.</i>			
Miscellaneous	...	484	2 7
Cash recovery	...	595	2 2
Contribution from Government	...	7,000	0 0
Balance at debit on 31st March 1881	...	13,590	10 8
Total	...	32,531	2 6

DISBURSEMENTS.		Rs. A. P.	
Opening balance at debit on 1st April 1880	...	19,692	3 3
Refund	...	58	1 0
<i>Vessels and Boats.</i>			
Establishment	...	3,057	4 8
Dockyard services and supplies	...	1,606	3 5
Contingencies	...	163	15 0
<i>General management.</i>			
Port Officer	...	3,000	0 0
Establishment	...	574	4 1
Contingencies	...	193	0 3
Postage stamps	...	30	0 0
Travelling allowance	...	73	0 0
Petty construction and repairs	...	251	4 0
<i>Light-house Establishment.</i>			
Establishment	...	311	8 0
Contingencies	...	64	10 6
<i>Medical.</i>			
Establishment	...	27	0 0
<i>Public Works Department.</i>			
Original works	...	2,879	14 8
Establishment	...	448	4 8
Total	...	32,531	2 6

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Balasore Port Fund Accounts for 1880-81.

Final Statement showing the Receipts, Charges, and Closing Balance of the Balasore Port Fund for 1880-81.

RECEIPTS.		Amount.	
		Rs. A. P.	
Port dues on vessels	...	2,132	0 5
<i>Miscellaneous Fees and Fines.</i>			
	Rs.		
Registration fees	...	66	
Pilotage collection	...	190	
Salvage	...	15	
		271	0 0
<i>Sundry Receipts.</i>			
Sale proceeds of unclaimed property	...	93	0 6
Miscellaneous	...	235	12 1
Contribution from Government	...	5,000	0 0
Balance on debit at 31st March 1881	...	6,542	15 5
Total	...	14,274	12 5

DISBURSEMENTS.		Amount.	
		Rs. A. P.	
Opening balance on 1st April 1880	...	3,864	11 9
<i>Vessels and Boats.</i>			
Dockyard services and supplies	...	5,211	7 3
<i>General Management.</i>			
Port Master and establishment	...	4,756	0 0
Travelling allowance	...	41	4 2
Contingencies	...	20	0 0
<i>Public Works Department.</i>			
Construction and repairs	...	361	5 3
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>			
Service postage stamps	...	20	0 0
Total	...	14,274	12 5

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

The 14th December 1881.—The following Notification is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY (MARINE BRANCH) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 40.)

MALACCA STRAIT.

FORMOSA BANK.

Revolving Light to be Exhibited from Light-Vessel.

The Master Attendant, Singapore, has notified that on or about the 20th December 1881, a Light-vessel will be anchored off the Formosa shoal or bank in the Malacca Strait, with the following bearings:—

Highest peak of Mount Formosa	...	N. 61° 52' E.
Bukit Moar	...	N. 33° 45' W.

The light will be a revolving white light, showing a flash every half-minute; and should be visible in clear weather, in every direction seaward, from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus will be dioptric, or by reflectors.

The vessel will be painted yellow, with her name, *Formosa Bank*, in large white letters on the hull, and a caged ball, painted red, shown at the light masthead. By night she will show a riding-light on the forestay, 10 feet above the rail.

A bell will be sounded during thick or squally weather.

Position: Lat. 1° 45' 30" N., and Long. 102° 49' E. (Malacca flagstaff being in 102° 15' 30" E.)

The bearings are Magnetic. Variation (as given on the Admiralty Charts), 1° 30' Easterly.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I.N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, the 9th December 1881.

This Notice affects the following:—

British Admiralty Charts Nos. 795b, 796, 1355, and 748b.

„ „ Sailing Directions; China Sea Directory, Vol. I of 1878,
page 81.

„ „ Light List for 1881.

Indian Marine Survey Light List for 1881.

If this Notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Third Publication.]

The 8th December 1881.—The following notification is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—(No. 39.)

INDIA—COROMANDEL COAST.

NEGAPATAM.

Wreck in Roadstead.

Telegraphic information has been received from the Port Officer, Madras, announcing that a vessel has foundered in Negapatam Roadstead. The wreck lies in six fathoms of water, with the light-house bearing S.-W. by W., distant nearly four miles.

The bearing is Magnetic. Variation 1° 20' Easterly in 1881.

By direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I.N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 3rd December 1881.

This notice temporarily affects the following:—

British Admiralty Charts Nos. 71d, 828, 70, and 748b.

Indian Marine Survey Charts Nos. 15b, 103a, and 1257a.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th December 1881.—The following order in Council issued on the 26th August 1881, at the Court at Holyrood Palace, is published for information.

A. P. MACDONNELL,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

AT THE COURT AT HOLYROOD PALACE,

The 26th day of August 1881.

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council, made in pursuance of the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862, and dated the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, Her Majesty, on the joint recommendation of the Admiralty and the Board of Trade, was pleased to direct that on and after the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty, the Regulations for preventing collisions at sea, contained in an Order in Council dated the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and the additions by an Order in Council dated the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, made thereto, should be annulled, and that there should be substituted therefor the new Regulations contained in the First Schedule to the said first named Order in Council, and that the same should, from and after the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty, apply to ships of the countries mentioned in the said Second Schedule thereto, whether within British jurisdiction or not.

And whereas, by an order in Council, dated the twenty-fourth of March one thousand eight hundred and eighty, Her Majesty was pleased to direct that the operation of the article numbered 10 of the New Regulations contained in the First Schedule of the said order in Council of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine should be suspended until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and that in lieu thereof, and in substitution therefor, the Article numbered 9 of the Regulations appended to the said order in Council of the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, should continue and remain in force until the said first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

And whereas the Admiralty and the Board of Trade have jointly recommended to Her Majesty that the operation of the said Article numbered 10, shall be further suspended until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and that, in lieu thereof and in substitution therefor, the said Article numbered 9 shall continue and remain in force until the said first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

Now, THEREFORE, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Act, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council is pleased to direct that the operation of the said Article numbered 10 of the New Regulations contained in the First Schedule of the said Order in Council of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, shall be suspended until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and that in lieu thereof, and in substitution therefor, the said Article numbered 9 of the Regulations appended to the said Order in Council of the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, shall continue and remain in force until the said first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

C. L. PERL.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5450A.

The 21st December 1881.—The following promotions in the Subordinate Judicial Service are made with effect from the 1st January 1882:—

To the First Grade of Subordinate Judges.

Baboo Sree Nath Roy, Small Cause Court Judge of Hooghly, Howrah, and Serampore.

To the Second Grade of Subordinate Judges.

Moulvi Mahomed Nurool Hossein, Second Subordinate Judge of Patna.
Baboo Bolaok Chand, Subordinate Judge of Bhagulpore and Monghyr.

To the Third Grade of Subordinate Judges.

Baboo Poresh Nath Banerjee, First Subordinate Judge of Patna.
Moulvie Matadin, Subordinate Judge of Gya.
Baboo Kristo Chunder Chatterjee, Second Subordinate Judge of Backergunge (on leave).

To the Fourth Grade of Subordinate Judges.

- Baboo Raj Chunder Sandyal, Officiating First Subordinate Judge of Backergunge.
 „ Bulloram Mullick, Officiating Small Cause Court Judge of Sealdah.
 „ Mohendro Nath Mitter, Officiating Subordinate Judge of Moorshedabad.
 „ Radha Krishna Sen, Officiating Extra Subordinate Judge of Hooghly.

To the First Grade of Moonsifs.

- Baboo Parbutty Coomar Mitter, Moonsif of Bishenpore, Bankoora.
 „ Promotho Nath Banerjee, Second Moonsif of Burdwan.
 „ Dwarka Nath Ghose, Moonsif of Bankoora.
 „ Denesh Chunder Roy, Moonsif of Chupra.
 „ Dwarka Nath Mitter, Moonsif of Sealdah.
 „ Rajendro Coomar Bose, Moonsif of Ranaghat, Nuddea.
 „ Abinash Chunder Mitter, First Sudder Moonsif of Patna.

To the Second Grade of Moonsifs.

- Baboo Sumbhoo Chunder Dey, Moonsif of Fatikcherry, Chittagong.
 „ Nilmadhub Samanto, Moonsif of Putueetollah, Dinagepore, on deputation.
 „ Umakant Chatterjee, Moonsif of Chooadangah, Nuddea.
 Moulvie Ahamed Oolah, Moonsif of Anwara, Chittagong.
 Baboo Chakrodhur Persad, Moonsif of Behar, Patna.
 „ Prosono Coomar Sen, First Moonsif of Serampore, Hooghly.
 „ Srinath Pal, First Moonsif of Bongong, Nuddea.

To the Third Grade of Moonsifs.

- Baboo Bhoobun Mohun Ghose, Moonsif of Sonamgunge, Sylhet.
 „ Ananda Nath Mozoomdar, Second Moonsif of Hosseinpore, Mymensing.
 „ Annoda Persad Chatterjee, Moonsif of Shahzadpore, Pubna.
 „ Shoshee Bhoosun Chowdry, Moonsif of Nema, Midnapore.
 „ Lall Behary Dey, Moonsif of Kishengunge, Purneah.
 „ Sarat Kumar Ghosal, Moonsif of Goalundo, Furreedpore.
 „ Akhoy Kumar Sen, Third Moonsif of Manickgunge, Dacca.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Moonsifs of the Fourth Grade with effect from the 1st January 1882:—

- Baboo Akhoy Kumar Chatterjee, Officiating Extra Moonsif of Perozepore, Backergunge.
 Baboo Jogendro Nath Deb, Officiating Extra Moonsif of Dacca.
 „ Jogendro Nath Mitter, Officiating Moonsif of Pattuakhally, Backergunge.
 „ Huromohun Bose, Officiating Moonsif of Dewangunge, Noakholly.
 „ Behary Lall Mookerjee, Officiating Moonsif of Ramroygram, Tipperah.
 „ Chunder Nath Ghose, Officiating Moonsif of Burrisal.
 „ Suresh Chunder Ghose, Officiating Extra Moonsif of Dinagepore.

Baboo Mathoora Nath Gupta, First Subordinate Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Rungpore.

Baboo Kedareswar Roy, Second Subordinate Judge of Hooghly, is appointed to be Small Cause Court Judge of Dacca and Moonsheegunge.

Baboo Promotho Nath Mookerjee, L.L., Subordinate Judge of Furreedpore and Bhanga, on deputation at Burdwan, is confirmed in his appointment of First Subordinate Judge of Burdwan.

Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Chuckerbutty, Subordinate Judge of Rungpore, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Purneah, but to act, until further orders, as extra Subordinate Judge at Bankoora.

Baboo Bhoobun Chunder Mookerjee, B.L., First Subordinate Judge of Sarun, is appointed to be Second Subordinate Judge of Hooghly.

Baboo Manulal Chatterjee, L.L., Subordinate Judge of Moorshedabad, on leave, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Beerbhoom.

Baboo Nuffer Chunder Bhutto, B.L., Small Cause Court Judge of Dacca and Moonsheegunge, is appointed to be a Subordinate Judge in the 24-Pergunnahs.

Baboo Grish Chunder Chowdhry, Officiating Subordinate Judge of Chittagong, is appointed to be Second Subordinate Judge of Dacca.

Baboo Raj Chunder Sandyal, Officiating First Subordinate Judge of Backergunge, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Chittagong.

Baboo Bolloram Mullick, B.L., Officiating Small Cause Court Judge of Sealdah, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Furreedpore, but to continue to officiate as Small Cause Court Judge of Sealdah.

Baboo Mohendro Nath Mitter, Officiating Subordinate Judge of Moorshedabad, is confirmed in that appointment.

Baboo Radha Krishna Sen, B.L., Officiating Extra Subordinate Judge of Hooghly, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Sarun, but to continue to officiate as Extra Subordinate Judge of Hooghly.

Baboo Motilal Sircar, B.L., Moonsif of Meherpore, Nuddea, is appointed to be an Extra Subordinate Judge in the district of Bankoora, but to officiate as Subordinate Judge of Purneah.

Baboo Parbutty Coomar Mitter, Moonsif of Bishenpore, Bankoora, is appointed to be Extra Subordinate Judge of Mymensing.

Baboo Denesh Chunder Roy, Moonsif of Chupra, is appointed to be Extra Subordinate Judge of Tirhoot.

Baboo Dwarka Nath Mitter, B.L., Moonsiff of Sealdah, is appointed to be Extra Subordinate Judge of Gya.

Baboo Abinash Chunder Mitter, B.L., First Sndder Moonsiff of Bankipore, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Tirhoot, *vice* Baboo Mohendro Nath Bose.

The 21st December 1881.—Baboo Rajoni Nath Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the second class.

Mr. H. Gillon, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Durbhunga, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, and with the power to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

The 23rd December 1881.—Mr. W. Grindlay, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Patna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 27th December 1881.—Baboo Aswini Kumar Guha, Second Moonsif of Sylhet, on leave, is appointed temporarily to act as a Moonsif in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. C. Mitter, or until further orders. Baboo Aswini Kumar Guha will be ordinarily stationed at Baraset.

Mr. Ahsanuddin Ahmad, Barrister-at-Law, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Monghyr, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th December 1881.—It is hereby notified that, under the provisions of section 641 of Act X of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor exempts Maharaj Kumar Harendra Kishore Sing of Bettiah, in the district of Chumparun, from personal attendance in Civil Courts.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th December 1881.—Under the provisions of section 7 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the opening of an office of Joint Sub-Registrar in the registration sub-district of Bettiah in Chumparun, with head-quarters at thana Lowria. The Joint Sub-Registrar will exercise concurrent jurisdiction with the Sub-Registrar of Bettiah, and will be remunerated by commission on the present scale sanctioned for rural Sub-Registrars. This notification will take effect on and from the 1st January 1882.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th December 1881.—Under section 5, Act XI of 1865, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct, in supersession of previous arrangements, that the Judge of the Krishnaghur group of Courts of Small Causes shall sit for the trial of cases triable by such Courts at Krishnaghur, Ranaghat, and Bongong, and the Judge of the Kooshtea group of Courts of Small Causes shall hold his Court at Kooshtea, Choodanga and Meherpore, each Judge exercising jurisdiction in suits to the value of Rs. 500.

The power conferred on the Moonsiff of Bongong under section 29, Act VI of 1871, are hereby restricted to the trial of suits the value of which does not exceed Rs. 25.

These arrangements will come into effect from the 1st January 1882.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

The 26th December 1881.

No. 437.—*Notifications.*—Mr. W. E. Newham, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Nagpore Railway Surveys, passed the lower standard examination in Hindustanee on the 7th November 1881.

No. 438.—Mr. W. Chadwick, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Tirhoot State Railway, passed the lower standard examination in Hindustanee on the 3rd October 1881.

No. 439.—The following Notification of the Government of India, Military Department, is republished for information:—

No. 697, dated the 28rd December 1881.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Major J. P. Westmorland, R.E., Examiner, First Class, Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, Public Works Department (p. a.), for two years, under rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

The 27th December 1881.

No. 440.—*Notifications*.—The services of Mr. R. O. Clayton, Assistant Engineer, second grade, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Engineer-in-Chief, Nagpore Railway Surveys.

No. 441.—Notification No. 423, dated the 19th instant, transferring Mr. J. W. Johnson, Executive Engineer, second grade, from the Hazareebagh Division to the South-Western Circle for special duty, is hereby cancelled.

No. 442.—The following notification, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information:—

No. 396.—The 21st December 1881.—The services of Mr. M. J. Chabrel, Assistant Engineer, first grade, on the establishment of the Director-General of Railways, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, Railway Branch.

No. 443.—*Posting*.—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department Notification No. 396 of the 21st instant, Mr. M. J. Chabrel, Assistant Engineer, first grade, is posted to the Nagpore Railway Surveys.

No. 444.—*Transfer*.—Baboo Ashootosh Sircar, Special Deputy Collector, is transferred from the Tirhoot to the Northern-Bengal State Railway for the acquisition of land required for the Parbatipur-Dinagore extension.

H. C. LEVINGE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

The 27th December 1881.

No. 445.—*Leave*.—Baboo Haran Chunder Banerjee, Assistant Engineer, second grade, Burdwan Division, is granted privilege leave for one month, in extension of the privilege leave granted to him in notification No. 277 of the 18th September last.

S. T. TREVOR, Col., R.E.,

Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

IRRIGATION.

The 27th December 1881.

No. 446.—*Notification*.—Under the provision of section 1 of Act. III (B.C.) of 1876 (Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order that the said Act shall take effect in the district of Burdwan from 1st January 1882.

No. 447.—*Notification*.—Under the provision of section 6, Act III (B.C.) of 1876, notice is hereby given that it is the intention of Government to apply the water of the following rivers and channels for the purposes of the Eden (Jujooty) Canal from the 1st day of April 1882:—

The Banks river...	...	...	Burdwan District.
„ Kana Damoodah	...	...	} Burdwan and Hooghly District.
„ „ Nuddee	...	...
„ Saraswati River	...	...	Hooghly District.

H. C. LEVINGE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Dept.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Circular Orders issued by authority of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

CIVIL.

Rule No. 80, dated the 12th December 1881.

AFTER Clause (f) and before Clause (g), Rule 117, Chapter III, page 124, General Rules and Circular Orders (Civil), insert the following :—

- (ff) The High Court insist especially on the punctual submission of the Annual Statements and Annual Report. Owing to the extreme delay and inconvenience which have constantly resulted from the remissness of District Officers in not submitting these returns in due time, and from the carelessness and inaccuracy which have necessitated frequent references before correct figures could ultimately be obtained from some districts, the High Court are compelled to state distinctly that any officer who may in future fail to comply with these orders will be reported to Government, in order that some serious notice may be taken of his conduct.

No. 31, dated the 18th December 1881.

AFTER Rule 29A and before Rule 30, Chapter V, page 277, General Rules and Circular Orders (Civil), insert the following :—

29B. [Notification of Government of India, No. 3681 of the 20th October 1881.—C. O. No. 31 of 18th December 1881.] In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court-fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council remits, in the whole of British India, the fees payable under Article I, Clause (b), paragraph 2 of Schedule II annexed to the said Act on applications for orders for the payment of civil deposits in cases in which the deposits do not exceed Rs. 25 in amount.

CRIMINAL.

Rule No. 11, dated the 12th December 1881.

AFTER Clause (f) and before Clause (g), Rule 2, Chapter II, page 13, General Rules and Circular Orders (Criminal), insert the following :—

- (ff) The High Court insist especially on the punctual submission of the Annual Statements and Annual Report. Owing to the extreme delay and inconvenience which have constantly resulted from the remissness of District Officers in not submitting these returns in due time, and from the carelessness and inaccuracy which have necessitated frequent references before correct figures could ultimately be obtained from some districts, the High Court are compelled to state distinctly that any officer who may in future fail to comply with these orders will be reported to Government, in order that some serious notice may be taken of his conduct.
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The following list of days, to be observed in the year 1882 as close holidays in the Subordinate Civil Courts, has been prepared and is published by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in the exercise of the power vested in it by Section 17 of Act VI of 1871.

NAMES OF HOLIDAYS.	English Date.	Bengalee Date.	Days of the Week.	Number of Days.	REMARKS.
New Year's Day and the two days following	January 1st to 3rd	Pous (1880) 16th to 20th	Sunday to Tuesday	3 days.	
Atchiri Chahar Shumba	18th	" 16th	Wednesday	1 day.	
Basant Panchami	24th and 25th	" 21st and 22nd	Thursday and Friday	2 days.	
Falgun Deepadubom (d)	26th and 27th	" 22nd and 23rd	Thursday and Friday	2 days.	(c) If the moon be visible on 26th January, then the Courts will be closed on 1st of February.
Shiba Ratree	4th and 5th	" 24th and 25th	Friday and Saturday	2 days.	
10th Jatra	17th	" 10th	Sunday	1 day.	
Baronee Ganga Snan	28th	" 21st	Friday	1 day.	
Sri Ram Nobomoe	7th and 8th	" 10th and 11th	Friday and Saturday	2 days.	
Good Friday and the day following	12th	" 11th	Wednesday	1 day.	
Mohabishub Sankranti	17th	" 11th	Ditto	1 day.	
The Eclipse of the Sun	24th	" 11th	Ditto	1 day.	
Empress' Birthday	27th	" 14th	Saturday	1 day.	(d) Ras Pournima (vide infra) is to be observed in Orissa instead of this day.
Dusohara Ganga Snan (d)					
Rath Jatra (c)	June 17th	" 4th	Ditto	1 "	(c) These holidays are not to be observed in the districts of Bhagalpore, Gya, Patna, Sarun, Shahabad and Tirhoot.
Goita Ruth (c)	28th	" 12th	Sunday	1 "	(d) If the moon be visible on 16th of June, then the Courts will be closed on 20th of June.
Shub-e-Baras (d)	1st	" 13th	Saturday	1 "	
Eed-ul-Fitre (c)	August 16th and 17th	" 1st	Wednesday and Thursday	2 days.	(c) If the moon be visible on 14th of August, then the Courts will be closed on 16th and 17th of August.
Junmo Astomi	September 4th and 5th	" 20th and 21st	Monday and Tuesday	2 "	
Dusserah vacation, including Mohalaya, Durra Pooja, Eed-ul-Zohra, Lakhmi and Dewali Poojas, and Bhadrakali.	11th to November 13th	" 26th to Kartik 27th	Wednesday to Sunday	5 "	
Kartik Pooja	November 14th and 15th	" 27th and 28th	Wednesday and Thursday	2 "	(f) If the moon be visible on 11th of November, then the Courts will be closed from 17th to 21st of November.
Mohurram, including Jussodhatri Pooja (f)	" 15th to 22nd	" 28th to 29th	Saturday to Wednesday	5 "	
Chaiter Meis (g)	23rd to 25th	" 29th to 31st	Thursday to Tuesday	6 "	(g) This holiday is to be observed in the districts of Bhagalpore, Gya, Patna, Sarun, Shahabad and Tirhoot only.
Ras Pournima (d)	24th	" 30th	Friday	1 day.	(h) This holiday is to be observed in Orissa only, instead of Dusohara Ganga Snan.
Christmas Day, and one day before and one day after.	December 24th to 26th	" 16th to 18th	Sunday to Tuesday	3 days.	

By order,
C. A. WILKINS,
Offg. Registrar.

HIGH COURT,
The 14th December 1881.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Court of Burrisal will hold his Small Cause Court sittings during the last three working days of each of the 2nd and 4th weeks of every month from January next.

RAJ CHUNDER SANYAL, *Offg. Judge.*

BURRISAL SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 19th December 1881.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

It is hereby notified that the seven junior scholarships allotted to the Chota Nagpore Division under orders of Government have been distributed as follows on the results of the current year's examination.

2. The two second grade scholarships will be awarded to the candidates who stand highest in order of merit in the divisional list, irrespective of districts.

3. The five third grade scholarships will be distributed among the different districts of the division as follows:—

Lohardugga District—

Ranchi Government School	...	...	...	1
Palamow School	...	...	...	1
Singbhoom District	...	...	...	1
Manbhoom „	...	...	...	1
Hazareebagh „	...	...	...	1

4. If any of these five third grade scholarships is not attained by any of the boys of the schools or districts to which it is allotted, then it may be given to the boy who has passed the best examination in the division among those who have not obtained scholarships.

By order of the Commissioner,

RAI CHURN GHOSE,

Offg. Penl. Asst. to the Commr., for Commr. on Tour.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, CHOTA NAGPORE, the 24th December 1881.

UNDER Rule 8 of the Junior Scholarship Rules of the 5th October 1872, it is hereby notified that the 18 junior scholarships allotted to the Patna Division for the year 1881-82 have been thus distributed—

(I)—The six second grade scholarships will be awarded to the six best scholars, irrespective of the districts they come from.

(II)—The twelve third grade scholarships will be allotted to the several districts as follows:—

	Rs.
Patna	2
Gya	2
Shahabad	2
Mozufferpore	2
Sarun	2
Durbhunga	1
Chumparun	1
Total	12

D. G. BANERJEE, *Penl. Asst. to Commr., for Commr.*

PATNA COMM'R'S. OFFICE, the 19th December 1881.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

Junior Scholarships.

It is hereby notified that under the orders of the Government of Bengal dated the 3rd of February 1876, sanctioning a redistribution of the Junior Scholarships as allotted under the orders contained in the Resolution dated the 5th of October 1872, seven Junior Scholarships of the Second Grade, and thirteen of the Third Grade, were allotted to the Presidency Division to be awarded on the results of the ensuing December examination.

2nd. The Second Grade Scholarships will be awarded to those candidates who stand first in order in the Divisional list irrespective of districts.

3rd. The Third Grade Scholarships will be distributed among the different districts of this Division as follows:—

24-Pergunnahs	..	4	Jessore	..	4
Nuddea	..	8	Moorshedabad	..	2

F. B. PEACOCK, *Commissioner.*

Result of the Middle English Scholarship Examination for 1881.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

CALCUTTA.

1st Division.

1. Narendra Kumar Mitra, Calcutta Model School.
2. Atul Krishna Banerjee, ditto.

2nd Division.

1. Purna Chandra Ray, Calcutta Model.
2. Upendra Lal Set, ditto.
3. Akshay Kumar Basu, ditto.
4. Haridas Dhar, ditto.
5. Sailabala Das, Bethune School.
6. Tarala Das, ditto.
7. Hiranmayi Devi, ditto.

3rd Division.

1. Haranath Sen, Calcutta Model.
2. Giribala Mazumdar, Bethune School.

Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.

2nd Division.

1. Jagat Chandra Datta, Calcutta Model.

24-PERGUNNAHS.

1st Division.

1. Prankrishna Dalal, Bistupur.

2nd Division.

1. Basanta Kumar Chatterjee, Narikeldanga.
2. Hari Mohan Ghosh, Bistupur.
3. Gopal Chandra Bira, Sarangabad.
4. Narayan Das Ghosh, Karanjali.
5. Saradaprasad Banerjee, Nimta.
6. Baradaprasad Sarkar, Bawali.
7. Piryanath Biswas, Govindpur.
8. Upendra Nath Biswas, Govindpur.
9. Purna Chandra Chowdhuri, Gopalnagar.
10. Annadaprasad Mukerjee, Nibadhahi.
11. Annadaprasad Datta, Sarisa.
12. Harinath Rakshit, Ghateswara.

3rd Division.

1. Purna Chandra D6, Jadabpur.
2. Basanta Kumar Biswas, Narikeldanga.
3. Mohamed Kajem Ali, Chetla.
4. Sarat Chandra Ghosh, Sarisa.
5. Kedar Nath Banerjee, Kadihati.
6. Bisvesvar Banerjee, Nimta.
7. Asutosh Mukerjee, Halishahar.
8. Apurva Krishna Ray, ditto.
9. Nagendra Nath Chakravarti, Chota Jagulia.
10. Upendra Nath Chakravarti, Nibadhahi.
11. Mahendra Nath Datta, Karanjali.
12. Gopal Chandra Ghosal, Gorla.
13. Nagendra Nath Chowdhuri, Ghateswara.
14. Gopal Chandra Bhattacharya, Bhatpara.

Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.

2nd Division.

1. Pares Nath Mazumdar, Bistupur.

3rd Division.

1. Haripada Ghosh, Narikeldanga.
2. Nanilal Guha, Maheshtala.
3. Upendra Nath Basu, Sarisa.
4. Rajendra Lal Mukerjee, Nimta.
5. Bipin Behari Ganguli, Halishahar.
6. Uma Charan Mitra, Karanjali.

NUDDRA.

1st Division.

1. Rajani Kanta Bhaduri, Goari Hindu.
2. Navin Chandra Biswas, Kurulgachi.
3. Sris Chandra Biswas, Gorepara.

2nd Division.

1. Hem Chandra Banerjee, Sibnibas.
2. Nagendranath Sen, Bhajanghat.
3. Jadunath Mazumdar, Chapra.
4. Birnrisinha Kundu, Jayrampur.

5. Monindra Nath Chatterjee, Devagram.
6. Adhar Chandra Gosvami, Bhajanghat.
7. Upendranath Basu, Dogachia.
8. Gopal Chandra Sinha, Bara Jagulia.

3rd Division.

1. Jogendranath Ghosh, Bara Jagulia.
2. Lakhi Kanta Banerjee, Sonadanga.
3. Nisithanath Ray, Bhajanghat.
4. Nirod Chandra Sinha, Bara Jagulia.
5. Kaliprasanna Mukerjee, ditto.
6. Hiralal Mozumdar, ditto.
7. Hem Chandra Bhattacharya, ditto.
8. Bipra Das Mukerjee, Devagram.
9. Robini Kumar Mukerjee, ditto.
10. Prakash Chandra Ray, Sonadanga.
11. Kaljiban Banerjee, Sibnibas.
12. Nanigopal Banerjee, Goari Hindu.
13. Chandra Bhusan Datta, Private.
14. Satia Chandra Mitra, Goatoli.
15. Sarat Chandra Sanyal, Gorepara.
16. Sudhir Chandra Ray, ditto.
17. Rakhal Chandra Pramanik, Sutragar.
18. Haridas Biswas, ditto.
19. Mahendralal Mukerjee, Jayrampur.
20. Surendranath Ray, ditto.
21. Sris Chandra Ta, Amla.
22. Mahendranath Bhattacharya, ditto.
23. Kedarnath Saha, Kumarkhali, H. E.
24. Gokul Chandra Kundu, ditto.
25. Khetranath Ghosh, ditto.
26. Kedarnath Saha, Alumdanga.
27. Harinath Mazumdar, Juniadaha.
28. Radhika Prasad Chakravarti, Natuda.
29. Hem Chandra Sen, Jayrampur.

Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.

3rd Division.

1. Krishna Chandra Banerjee, Debagram.
2. Radhika Prasad Bhattacharya, Bhajanghat.
3. Khetranath Mukerjee, ditto.
4. Annadu Prasad Chakravarti, Goari Hindu.
5. Rajani Kanta Biswas, Syam Kundu.
6. Kalipada Mukerjee, Bongong.
7. Rajani Kanta Saha, Sutragar.
8. Mohim Chandra Adhikari, Kumarkhali.
9. Sarat Chandra Sanyal, Chapra.
10. Kunja Behari Chowdhuri, Alumdanga.
11. Rudranath Mozumdar, Dhoradaha.
12. Surendranath Mukerjee, Natuda.

JESSORE.

1st Division.

1. Kedarnath Basu, Kharoria.

2nd Division.

1. Nepal Chandra Ray, Kharoria.
2. Gopal Chandra Pal, Banka Bhowanipur.
3. Hiralal Basu, Sailkopa.
4. Ambika Charan Pal, Benia Khanur.
5. Bhaja Hari Sen, Banka Bhowanipur.
6. Sasadhar Raha, Kharoria.
7. Bhudhar Ray Chowdhuri, Raralikatipara.
8. Haricharan Chakravarti, Sadhuhati.
9. Kaliprasanna Mukerjee, ditto.
10. Srihari Mukerjee, ditto.

3rd Division.

1. Shikharlal Mitra, Bidyanandakati.
2. Upendranath Ray Chowdhuri, Jaydia.
3. Loknath Sarkar, Sailkopa.
4. Nagendranath Banerjee, Sadhuhati.
5. Sures Chandra Ray, Harina Kundu.
6. Bhusan Chandra Tarafdar, Tala.
7. Basiklal Chatterjee, Kharoria.
8. Bisvesvar Ghosh, Kharoria.
9. Basik Lala Datta, Mashidpur.
10. Panchanan Basu, Moheshkhola.

*Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.**2nd Division.*

- 1 Priyanath Mazumdar, Kharnia.

3rd Division.

1. Hrisikes Datta, Tala.
2. Banka Behari Datta, Mashidpur.
3. Ram Gopal Sen, Private.
4. Mohim Chandra Banerjee, ditto.

MOORSHEDBAD.

2nd Division.

1. Sris Chandra Maulik, Jungipur.
2. Narendra Nath Chatterjee, Private.
3. Nritya Gopal Dé, Talibpur.

3rd Division.

1. Atul Krishna Ghosh, Choa.
2. Gopi Krishna Acharya, Damkal.
3. Govinda Lal Das, Rampal.
4. Prabodh Chandra Bhattacharya, Choa.
5. Pran Ballabh Nandi, Jangipur.
6. Bishnu Chandra Bhaduri, ditto.
7. Sasi Bhusan Mukerjee, Eroali.
8. Syama Charan Chatterjee, Private.
9. Gopi Ballabh Ghosh, Talibpur.

*Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.**3rd Division.*

1. Mahendra Narayan Biswas, Patkabari.
2. Jaggesvar Sen, Jungipur.
3. Chandrakanta Ray, Belia.

Result of the Middle Vernacular Scholarship Examination for 1881.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

CALCUTTA.

1st Division.

1. Charu Chandra Basu, Syambazar Vernacular.
2. Haridas Mukurji, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.
3. Surendra Nath Guha, Syambazar Vernacular.
4. Pannalal Pain, Bowbazar Vernacular.
5. Atul Chandra Chandra, ditto.
6. Jiban Kanai Mukurji, ditto.
7. Harimohan Mitra, ditto.
8. Amritlal Chatterjee, ditto.
9. Upendra Nath Basu, Syambazar Vernacular.
10. Akshay Kumar Basu, Calcutta Model.
11. Debendra Nath Banerjee, Aheritola Banga.
12. Brajanath Laha, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.

2nd Division.

1. Jaygopal Dé, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.
2. Siva Krishna Datta, ditto ditto.
3. Guru Das Addhya, Bow Bazar Vernacular.
4. Kunja Behari Datta, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.
5. Debendra Nath Chatterjee, City Institution.
6. Hari Das Sen, Calcutta Model.
7. Charu Chandra Dé, Aheritola Banga.
8. Ahindra Kumar Ganguli, Calcutta Model.
9. Sasi Bhusan Dé, Syambazar Vernacular.
10. Jagabandhu Dé, Simla Hindu.
11. Anath Nath Palit, Syambazar Vernacular.
12. Hari Charan Das, Calcutta Model.
13. Rajendralal Chakravarti, Syambazar Vernacular.
14. Pannalal Datta, Calcutta Model.
15. Surya Kumar Ghosh, Aheritola Vernacular Path-sala.
16. Nibaran Chaudhuri, Aheritola Vernacular Pathsala.

3rd Division.

1. Kartik Chandra Ghosh, Calcutta Model.
2. Gostha Bihari Mallik, ditto.
3. Chunilal Sinha, Pataldanga A. V.
4. Asutosh Pal, Calcutta Model.
5. Jagatindra Narayan Ray, Calcutta Model.
6. Surendra Kumar Basu, Aheritola Banga.
7. Binod Gopal Matilal, Bow Bazar Vernacular.
8. Rajani Kanta Datta, Syambazar Vernacular.
9. Fakir Chandra Sadrakhan, Pataldanga Anglo-Vernacular.
10. Nrityalal Sil, Simla Hindu.

24-PERGUNNAHS.

1st Division.

1. Nil Kisor Chaturji, Baraset Government.
2. Hari Kumar Nath, ditto.
3. Pramatha Nath Basu, Dakhinesvar.
4. Sanyasi Charan Ray, Mudiali.
5. Ram Das Bhattacharya, Baraset Government.
6. Siva Prasad Chaturji, ditto.
7. Madhu Sudan Mukhurji, ditto.
8. Kartik Chandra Dé, Khantura.
9. Satis Chandra Sinha, ditto.
10. Mati Lal Karmakar, Kidderpore.
11. Khetra Nath Ghosh, Dhapdhapi.

2nd Division.

1. Aghor Nath Biswas, Bistupur.
2. Satis Chandra Basu, Barahanagar.
3. Jogendra Nath Dé, Sripur.
4. Hari Mohan Banurji, Alachi.
5. Atul Krishna Ghosh, Jagulgnachi.
6. Hem Chandra Datta, Dhapdhapi.
7. Nilmoni Datta, Kidderpore.
8. Sarat Chandra Chaturji, Kidderpore.
9. Amrita Lal Mukhurji, Barahanagar.
10. Dijabar Sardar, Bistupur.
11. Hari Das Dé, Alachi.
12. Chandi Charan Halder, Behala.
13. Brahma Pada Das, Dakhinesvar.
14. Anathbandhu Chakravarti, North Barahanagar.
15. Sheik Kefatulla Molla, Mudiali.
16. Atal Bihari Basu, Dakhinesvar.
17. Dindayal Basu, Taki Government.
18. Mati Lal Pal, Mudiali.
19. Surendra Nath Banurji, Boral.
20. Nanda Lal Mazumdar, North Barahanagar.
21. Anukul Chandra Ray, Kidderpore.
22. Sanyasi Charan Mukhurji, Khantura.
23. Nibaran Chandra Banurji, Belghoria.
24. Tarak Nath Mukhurji, Charakdanga.
25. Kali Kumar Saha, Barahanagar.
26. Manmatha Mohan Goswami, ditto.
27. Nritya Gopal Purkait, Mathurapur Model.
28. Narayan Chandra Ray, Belghoria.

3rd Division.

1. Umes Chandra Chakravarti, Sinthi Utterpara.
2. Manik Chandar Ghosh, ditto.
3. Haradhan Ghosh, Mudiali.
4. Khirad Nath Mukhurji, Kasinathpur C.P.
5. Rasamay Karati, Kalighat.
6. Narendra Nath Mitra, ditto.
7. Purna Chandra Pal, ditto.
8. Jogendra Nath Mitra, Belghoria.
9. Amulya Dhan Chaturji, North Barahanagar.
10. Jogendra Nath Banurji, ditto.
11. Sukhamay Chakravarti, Bistupur Model.
12. Barada Prasad Parui, Dakhinesvar.
13. Nisa Nath Dé, ditto.
14. Bacharam Pal, Chakraberia.
15. Nimai Charan Srimani, ditto.
16. Prabodh Chandra De, Boral.
17. Jogendra Nath Banurji, Kidderpore.
18. Tara Sankar Ghosh, Charakdanga.
19. Annada Prasad Ray, ditto.
20. Chandra Nath Bhattacharya, Barahanagar.
21. Bagala Charan Chaudhuri, ditto.
22. Bihari Lal Pal, ditto.
23. Satkeri Ghoshal, Panihati.
24. Bhut Nath Ghosh, Bandipur.
25. Jogendra Nath Mukhurji, Badu.
26. Khetra Nath Tapali, ditto.
27. Devendra Nath Basu, ditto.
28. Amrita Lal Chakravarti, Private.
29. Akhay Kumar Kayal, Mathurapur Model.
30. Sarat Chandra Deb, ditto.
31. Sasi Bhushan Bhattacharya, Bistupur C.P.
32. Kali Krishna Bhattacharya, ditto.

33. Mati Lal Chakravarti, Ramnagar.
34. Nirmal Chandra Ghoshal, Dakshin Sripur.
35. Rama Pati Mukhurji, ditto.
36. Sita Nath Banurji, Sonabheria Model.
37. Surendra Nath Tribedi, Beliadanga.
38. Tarak Nath Banurji, Private.
39. Durlabh Krishna Chaudhuri, Tantra.
40. Satis Chandra Banurji, Taki Government.
41. Satis Chandra Palit, Khentura.
42. Mati Lal Saha, Khanja.
43. Sarat Chandra Banurji, Mukundapur.
44. Sital Chandra Banurji, ditto.

NUDDEA.

1st Division.

1. Hara Nath Ghosh, Ichapur.

2nd Division.

1. Khetra Nath Sabhakar, Haripur.
2. Bhushan Chandra Das, Santipur Hindu.
3. Patit Paban Chaudhuri, Samta.
4. Kedar Nath Tarafdar, Chota Solua.
5. Girindra Nath Mukhurji, Subarnapur.
6. Hara Lal Datta, Deuli.
7. Durga Charan Datta, ditto.
8. Radha Raman Ghosvami, Santipur Hindu.
9. Fani Bhushan Chaturji, Ranaghat A. V.
10. Srikumar Banurji, Subarnapur.
11. Devendra Nath Banga, Ramnagar.
12. Hara Nath Banurji, Ichapur.
13. Jeggesvar Ghosh, Haripur.

3rd Division.

1. Raghu Nath Madak, Govindasarak.
2. Upendra Nath Banurji, Garapota Model.
3. Mahendra Nath Bhattacharya, Santipur Hindu.
4. Gopal Chandra Gosvami, ditto.
5. Binay Chandra Chakravarti, ditto.
6. Sarat Chandra Sen, ditto.
7. Bijay Kumar Kaviraj, Haripur.
8. Abinas Chandra Acharya, ditto.
9. Rasik Lal Datta, ditto.
10. Khetra Nath Pramanik, Ramnagar.
11. Bipra Das Mukhurji, Ranaghat A. V.
12. Jatis Chandra Sinha, ditto.
13. Satyendra Nath Nandi, ditto.
14. Srihari Pramanik, Kutipura C. M. S.
15. Bhupendra Nath Bhattacharya, Goga.
16. Bankim Ch. Ray Chaudhuri, Kota.
17. Ibrahim Bisvas, Kumarkhali H. E.
18. Durlabh Chandra Bisvas, Natipota.
19. Saroja Kanti Ghosh, Ranaghat A. V.

JESSORE.

1st Division.

1. Satis Chandra Ray, Jessore Government.
2. Janaki Nath Ray, Narail.

2nd Division.

1. Ram Gopal Ganguli, Jessore Government.
2. Mati Lal Basu, Narail.
3. Akhay Kumar Bhattacharya, Naihati Pat.
4. Pares Nath Kar, Daibaghata C. P.
5. Krishna Lal Dé, Sujansha.
6. Bihari Lal Guin, Karimali.
7. Ambika Charan Datta, Naihati Pat.
8. Kesav Lal Banurji, Jessore Government.

3rd Division.

1. Surya Kanta Ray Chaudhuri, Jessore Government.
2. Jadu Nath Ray, Private.
3. Syama Charan Chakravarti, Pati Night.

4. Mukunda Murari Mitra, Kotchandpur.
5. Satis Chandra Bhattacharya, Gangarampur.
6. Hriday Nath Mukhurji, ditto.
7. Akhay Kumar Mukhurji, Kadambaberia.
8. Rasik Lal Ray, Harinakundu.
9. Bhudhar Chandra Mukhurji, Sujansha.
10. Majjuddin Molla, Damudar.
11. Rangin Bihari Basu, ditto.
12. Jadu Nath Das, ditto.
13. Janardan Ghosh, Srifaltala.
14. Syad Omed Ali, Payagram Kashba.
15. Priya Nath Ghosh, Miximil Pat.
16. Sukh Lal Ghosh, Gonite Pat.
17. Debendra Nath Basu, Siddhipasa C. P.
18. Bipin Bihari Das, ditto.
19. Manmohan Basu, ditto.
20. Nasimaddin Sheik, Private.
21. Asutosh Mukhurji, Daibaghata C. P.
22. Sacluddin Sheik, Karapara.
23. Amrita Lal Ray, Barupara.
24. Sita Nath Basu, Narail.
25. Sarat Chandra Chaturji, Singa Solepur.
26. Vishnu Chandra Datta, ditto.
27. Purna Chandra Ghosh, Mathurapur.
28. Syama Charan Bhattacharya, Singa Solepur.
29. Panchanan Chakravarti, Mathurapur.
30. Narendra Nath Basu, Srikol.
31. Kedar Nath Raha, ditto.
32. Tejarath Bisvas, ditto.
33. Upendra Nath Banurji, Nahata.
34. Bhuban Mohan Datta, ditto.
35. Basanta Kumar Basu, ditto.
36. Nasimuddin Bisvas, Maghi.
37. Kunja Bihari Saha, Sirgram.

MOORSHEDEBAD.

2nd Division.

1. Banke Bihari Das, Jajan.
2. Krishna Chandra Ray, Malibati.
3. Hari Pada Mukhurji, ditto.
4. Sita Nath Dé, Saidabad Model.
5. Lal Mahomed Bisvas, Jangipur.
6. Surendra Nath Bhaduri, Berhampur.
7. Pramodanandan Chaturji, Panchtopi.
8. Nataraj Das, Jangipur.
9. Janardan Basu, Saidabad Model.
10. Asutosh Bhattacharya, Khosbhaspur.

3rd Division.

1. Ram Krishna Chaturji, Saidabad Model.
2. Srinandan Bhattacharya, ditto.
3. Anath Bandhu Bhattacharya, Berhampur.
4. Radha Binod Sarkar, Berhampur.
5. Nabin Das Bhattacharya, Eron.
6. Purna Chandra Bhattacharya, do.
7. Asutosh Mukhurji, Satui.
8. Lal Bihari Mandal, ditto.
9. Tarak Nath Ray, Lalbag.
10. Haris Chandra Chaudhuri, Nasipur.
11. Tarini Charan Datta, ditto.
12. Kali Prasanna Das, Rasora.
13. Kunja Bihari Lahiri, Katlamari.
14. Radhika Nath Ray, Jangipur.
15. Kartik Chandra Sinha, ditto.
16. Rajani Kanta Mazumdar, Govindapur.
17. Naba Chandra Chaudhuri, Kandi Model.
18. Khetra Nath Mukhurji, ditto.
19. Raghu Nath Kabiraj, ditto.
20. Vishnu Chandra Sen, ditto.
21. Sasadhar Waitra, Bagdanga.
22. Tara Prasanna Bhattacharya, Jajan.
23. Saradindu Narayan Ray, Jemo.
24. Hari Mohan Das, do.
25. Umes Chandra Bhattacharya, do.
26. Fasi Bhushan Acharya, Jaypur.
27. Radha Sundar Sinha, Khosbhaspur.

Result of the Lower Vernacular Scholarship Examination for 1881.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

CALCUTTA.

2nd Division.

1. Haradhan Sarkar, Calcutta Rovers' School.

3rd Division.

1. Sheik Abdool Rahaman, Calcutta Rovers' School.
2. „ Rajaula, ditto ditto.

24-PERGUNNAS.

1st Division.

1. Hiralal Ghosh, Kemia C. P.
2. Gagan Chandra Das, Debipur, C. P.
3. Nibaranchandra Neya, Jaynagar Lower Vernacular.
4. Matlab Ahmed Khan Chowdhuri, Kulia Circle.
5. Abinas Chandra Ghosh, Madhabkati Circle.
6. Trailokyanath Datta, ditto.
7. Pratap Chandra Chaturji, ditto.
8. Gopalidhon Chaturji, ditto.

2nd Division.

1. Rajani Prasad Chaturji, Harinavi Lower Vernacular.
2. Sarada Prasad D6, ditto ditto.
3. Ramanath Adhikari, ditto ditto.
4. Asutosh Sarkar, Hansuri Lower Vernacular.
5. Nimai Chand Laha, Sarberia ditto ditto.
6. Devendranath Mandal, ditto ditto.
7. Jadunath Biswas, Parulia Circle.
8. Abdur Rohim Khan Chowdhuri, Kulia Circle.
9. Hiralal Ghosh, ditto.
10. Baradaprasad Ghosh, Bahira Circle.
11. Gyanendranath Chakravarti, Madhabkati Circle.
12. Bhupatinath Chakravarti, Jalalpur Model Pathasala.
13. Hari Mohun Basu, Pipa Lower Vernacular.
14. Rajendranath Ghosh, Ketia Circle Pathasala.
15. Chandranath Som, ditto.
16. Harinath Karmakar, ditto.
17. Satishchandra Bhattacharya, Banglani Circle Pathasala.
18. Mahendranath Nandi, Khajra Lower Vernacular.

3rd Division.

1. Nader Chand Ghosh, Dakhin Sinthi Lower Vernacular.
2. Bhaba Taran Chaturji, Harinavi Lower Vernacular.
3. Kedarnath Bhattacharya ditto ditto.
4. Dinanath D6, ditto ditto.
5. Sasibhushan Mukhurji, ditto ditto.
6. Nritya Gopal Basu, Bamanmura C. P.
7. Haripada Maitra, Majipara C. P.
8. Kiransasi Basu, Private.
9. Satishchandra Ghosh, Kamarpol Lower Vernacular.
10. Bhuban Mohun Das, Debipur C. P.
11. Rama Nath Mandal, ditto.
12. Damodar Mandal, ditto.
13. Surja Kumar Das, ditto.
14. Azimuddin Mandal, Sarisadaba C. P.
15. Dvijapada Halder, ditto.
16. Giris Chandra Chakravarti, Kalinagar Pathasala.
17. Dinanath Sardar, ditto.
18. Surendranath Mitra, Mazilpur Lower Vernacular.
19. Bhutnath Pramanik, ditto ditto.
20. Nagendra Nath Chakravarti, ditto ditto.
21. Manmatha Nath Mitra, Mitra Tetulia Lower Vernacular.
22. Khushi Lal Sardar, Parulia Circle.
23. Ramdayal Pramanik, Bahira Circle.
24. Sarada Charan Pramanik, Puspakati Circle.
25. Dvijabar Ghosh, ditto.
26. Sarada Charan Ray Chaudhuri, Madhabkati Circle.
27. Khetranath Ghosh, Ohhaghoria Circle.
28. Muthures Chandra Ghatak, ditto.
29. Kailas Chandra Nandi, Gopinathpur Circle.
30. Jonabaddin Sardar, Jhikra Circle.
31. Kalinath Halder, Dhandia Pathasala.
32. Braja Nath Ghosh, Pipa Lower Vernacular.
33. Pravat Chandra Basu, ditto.
34. Atul Krishna Basu, Ketia Circle Pathasala.
35. Tarnk Nath Sardar, Aturia Circle Pathasala.
36. Manibhusan Halder, Gokna Circle Pathasala.
37. Adhar Chandra Mandal, Gokulpur Model Pathasala.
38. Laddi Narayan Basu, Sanrapol Circle Pathasala.
39. Ram Chandra Sadukhan, Khajra Lower Vernacular.

NUDDEA.

2nd Division.

1. Banamali Sarkar, Hatpara Lower Vernacular.
2. Purna Chandra Sarkar, Hogolberia Lower Vernacular.

3rd Division.

1. Panchanan Mitra, Metiari Lower Vernacular.
2. Adhar Chandra Pramanik, Ramnagar Telipara.
3. Apurva Kumar Mitra, Jasra Lower Vernacular.
4. Kalipada Mukhurji, ditto.
5. Hazari Prasad Banurji, Nasherkuli Lower Vernacular.
6. Rajani Pramanik, Jaguti Lower Vernacular.
7. Jogendra Nath Majumdar, Jadubayra Lower Vernacular.
8. Lalgopal Maitra, Hatpara L. V.
9. Sarada Prasad Chaturji, Hogolberia L. V.

JESORE.

1st Division.

1. Chandi Charan Maji, Suktagram Pathasala.

2nd Division.

1. Abdul Rohim Mallik, Garibpur.
2. Bankes Chandra Chaudhuri, Sailkopa L. V.
3. Nilambar Das, Dakhindi P. F. P.
4. Chandra Kamal Chaturji, Suktagram Pathasala.
5. Umes Chandra Karmakar, Majpara Pathasala.

3rd Division.

1. Bipinbihari Saha, Jatrapur.
2. Bidhu Bhushan Ghosh, Chowgatcha.
3. Rasik Lal Ghosh, Bagdanga.
4. Jogendra Nath Ghosh, Pati P. F. L. V.
5. Sasadhar Ghosh, Rajghat P. F. L. V.
6. Bijay Chandra Mitra, ditto.
7. Manindra Nath Ghosh, Mandardanga P. F. L. V.
8. Bhaba Nath Basu, ditto.
9. Panchanan Ray, Bhagabannagar L. V.
10. Bijay Gopal Sarkar, Dadsara L. V.
11. Krishna Dhon Datta, Nandanpur P. F. P.
12. Ram Lal Bhattacharya, Chandanimahal P. F. V.
13. Priyanath Basu, Mamudkati P. F. V.
14. Sasadhar Rakhit, ditto.
15. Brajendra Kumar Ghosh, Nehalpur (unaided) P.
16. Sasi Bhushan Datta, Bamunda P. F. V.
17. Ram Chandra Banurji, Bistupur Circle.
18. Mati Lal Basu, Bebagdi Pathasala.
19. Kesav Lal Som, ditto.
20. Bhuban Mohun Ghosh, Monokhali.
21. Syama Charan Sarkar, Raygram.
22. Haran Chandra Banurji, Magura.
23. Amrita Lal Maulik, ditto.

MOORSHEDEABAD.

1st Division.

1. Joges Chandra Bhattacharya, Amtai L. V.

2nd Division.

1. Sasi Bhushan Majhi, Kumerpur L. V.
2. Chiranjib Saha, Saruppur L. V.
3. Dukha Bhanjan Kundu, Moregram L. V.
4. Raghu Nath Datta, Sayadkulutia L. V.
5. Kedar Nath Pal, Amtai L. V.

3rd Division.

1. Homanta Kumar Sinha, Jitpur Mollapara.
2. Asutosh Samanta, Nowapara.
3. Bhushan Chandra Sinha, Teghoria No. 1 L. V.
4. Belat Ali Munshi, Moregram L. V.
5. Kali Narayan Ghoshal, Saktipur L. V.
6. Syam Chand Das, ditto.
7. Vishnu Chandra Chaturji, Sijgram L. V.
8. Jasoda Nandan Mukhurji, Sayadkulutia L. V.
9. Jogiudra Narayan Das, Bhurampur L. V.
10. Rajani Kanta Ghosh, Amtai L. V.
11. Syam Sunder Datta, Sompura L. V.

Result of the Middle English Scholarship Examination for 1881.

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

HAZARIBAGH.

1st Division.

1. Nageswar Prasad, Chatra Middle English School.

2nd Division.

1. Gudri Panday, Gawan Middle English School.
2. Jagdis Sahai, Giridhi ditto ditto.

LOHARDUGGA.

3rd Division.

1. Biram Sing, Lohardugga Middle English School.
2. Lal Gazraj Sub, ditto ditto.

MANBHOOM.

2nd Division.

1. Kedar Nath Chaudhuri, Manbazar Middle English School.

3rd Division.

1. Binod Pihari Sarkar, Raghunathpur Middle English School.

Candidates passing in the Vernacular subjects only.

1. Jay Narayan Mudi, Raghunathpur Middle English School.
2. Trailokya Nath Fauzdar, Raghunathpur Middle English School.
3. Benimadhab Nag, Raghunathpur Middle English School.

Result of the Middle Vernacular Scholarship Examination for 1881.

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

HAZARIBAGH.

1st Division.

1. Mati Ram, head pundit, Chatra M. E. School.

2nd Division.

1. Ganee Lal, Hazaribagh Model School.
2. Abhiram Sing, ditto ditto.

3rd Division.

1. Mahadeo Lal, (guru), Mirzaganji Pathshala.
1. Teka Ram, Hazaribagh Model School.
3. Tori Ram.

LOHARDUGGA.

1st Division.

1. Parnuprasad, Ranchi Anglican Mission School.
2. Johan Chaita, ditto ditto.
3. Johan (senior), ditto ditto.
4. Daniel, ditto ditto.
5. Panias, ditto ditto.
6. Daud, ditto ditto.

2nd Division.

1. Jonathan, Ranchi Anglican Mission School.
2. Johan, Ranchi Normal School.

3rd Division.

1. Patras, Ranchi Zillah School.
2. Nathai Khan, Gurwa M. V. School.
3. Doman Mundari, Tamar Model School.
4. Masidas, Ranchi Normal School.
5. Tulsi Misir, ditto ditto.
6. Daud, ditto ditto.
7. Raghubar Dayal, Private.
8. Madan Hazam, Tamar Model School.
9. Khirodhar Ram, Private.
10. Surj Prakash Lal, Lohardugga M. E. School.
11. Gobardhan Ram, ditto ditto.

SINGBHOOM.

2nd Division.

1. Kande Ho, Chaibassa Normal School.
2. Ramlal Banurji, Ghatsila M. V. School.
3. Chintamani Tanti, Chitimiti Model.

3rd Division.

1. Turi Ho, Chaibassa Normal School.
2. Jhoria, Chaibassa Model School.
3. Juria Ho, Chaibassa Normal School.
4. Narayan Ram, Chaibassa Model School.
5. Motai Ho, Chaibassa Normal School.
6. Mora Ho, Chaibassa Model School.
7. Mangla Tanti, ditto ditto.

MANBHOOM.

2nd Division.

1. Sitikanta Pattnayak, Mautar M. V. School.
2. Kandarpalal Sarkar, Muradi ditto.
3. Jogesachandra Chaturji, Jhaldia ditto.
4. Tarini Charan Datta, Purulia ditto.
5. Bihari Lal Ray, Chelama Model School.

3rd Division.

1. Sarat Chandra Lala, Nowagar M. V. School.
2. Rampratap Chakrabarti, Purulia ditto.
3. Kunjabihari Datta, ditto ditto.
4. Bihari Lal Mukhurji, Mautar M. V. School.
5. Rames Chandra Mukhurji, Nadiha Model School.
6. Chandi Charan Madak, Barabazar ditto.
7. Kaliprasanna Chaturji, Nowagar M. V. School.
8. Rajendralal Banurji, Mautar ditto.
9. Uday Chand Mitra, Chelama Model School.
10. Mahananda Chaturji, Nowagar M. V. School.
11. Pitambar Ray, Muradi M. V.

Result of the Lower Vernacular Scholarship Examination for 1881.

CHOTA NAGPORE DIVISION.

HAZARIBAGH.

1st Division.

1. Gopal Sonthal, Pachumba Mission Training School.

2nd Division.

1. Premchand Mudi, Herodi.
2. Ram Golam, (guru), Anantpur.
3. Amrit Lal, (guru), Aora.
4. Lachman Ram, Chitarpur.
5. Jagannath Ram, (guru), Chitarpur.

3rd Division.

1. Bodh Prakash, (guru), Kharak L. V.
2. Rameswar Das, Chitarpur.
3. Kanhai Lal, Palgunj L. V.
4. Kesar Lal, (guru), Beharadi.
5. Durga Prasad, Palgunj L. V.
6. Jewahir Lal, (guru), Hunterganj.
7. Baidyanath, (guru), Ookred.
8. Banshi Lal, Shewpur L. V.
9. Mohan Lal, (guru), Murcheo L. V.
10. Giridhari Sing, Ookred.
11. Bada Mudi, Herodi.
12. Tup Lal, Beharadi.
13. Kanhai Singh, Shewpur L. V.

LOHARDUGGA.

2nd Division.

1. Ghanasyam, Sarjamdi.
2. Paramesvar Ram, Chainpur.

3rd Division.

1. Gohun Munda, Sonapet.
2. Maku Ram, Choria.
3. Haresvar Missir, (guru), Jamira.
4. Jita Ram, Puridiri.
5. Haricharan Ram, Hosenabad.
6. { Tewari Ajudhya Ram, Chainpur.
- { Chaube Monorath Ram, Ketel.
8. Mongal Munda, Sonapet.
9. Kandera Munda, ditto.

SINGBHOOM.

2nd Division.

1. Dimba Ho, Purunia L. V.
2. Ram Ho, ditto.
3. Baijnath Ho, ditto.
4. Digam Tanti, ditto.

CALCUTTA,

The 20th December 1881.

3rd Division.

1. Begun Ho, Purunia L. V.
2. Narsing Ho, Jagarnathpur L. V.
3. Ringtu Sonthal, Asantolia L. V.

MANBHOOM.

2nd Division.

1. Ram Chandra Biswas, Chelama L. V.

3rd Division.

1. Muchi Ram Chand, Ilu L. V.
2. Mahendra Nath Das, Kanera L. V.
3. Sricharan Gop, Salukchapra L. V.
4. Sambhu Nath Das, Chelama L. V.
5. Ramesvar Banurji, ditto.
6. Dolgovinda Banurji, Salukchapra L. V.

A. W. GARRETT,

Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle.

Department Public Works. Half-yearly Examination.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for promotion and employment in the Public Works Department, will be held at the Government Engineering College, Howrah, at 10 o'clock, on Monday, the 6th February 1882, and the following days. Applications, with fees for admission to the examination, are required to be filed before the 15th of January 1882. Candidates for the grade of Accountant who are not in Government service should be under twenty-five years of age, and must prove to the satisfaction of the Principal that they are under that age.

The following are the centres of examination sanctioned by the Government of India, as stations where candidates for Fourth Grade Accountantships are to appear for examination:—

Agra, Ajmere, Ahmedabad, Allahabad, Akyab, Balaran, Durbhungah, Howrah, Indore, Jabalpur, L. cknow, Lahore, Mhow, Mooltan, Mount Aboo, Meerut, Nagpore, Neemuch, Rawalpindi, Rangoon, Saidpore, Shillong and Simla.

Candidates for the Accountants' examination are therefore requested to select one of the places mentioned above.

J. S. SLATER,

Offg. Principal, Govt. Engineering College, Howrah.

SHIBPORE, the 12th December 1881.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1238B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by

Opium manufactured at the Patna
Factory.

	Cheats.	Cheats.
Reserve of 1879-80	12,897	
Supply from 1880-81 about	15,303	
		28,200

Opium manufactured at the Ghazee-pore
Factory.

Reserve of 1879-80	8,856
Supply from 1880-81 about	19,344
	28,200

Total	56,400
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public auction in the year 1882 will consist of about 28,200 chests prepared at the Patna factory, each chest of which is believed to contain 1 maund 18 seers 12 chittacks of pure opium, besides 9 seers 6 chittacks used for pasting the leaves of the shell, and about 28,200 chests prepared at the Ghazee-pore factory, each chest of which is believed to contain 1 maund 18 seers 12 chittacks of pure opium, besides 2 seers 6 chittacks used for pasting the leaves of the shell: being of the two seasons 1879-80 and 1880-81 in the proportion marginally noted.

2. The dates on or about which the sales will be held, and the total quantity of opium as well as the respective quantities manufactured at the Patna and Ghazee-pore factories, which will be brought forward for sale every month, are specified below. The Board of Revenue reserve to themselves the right of altering the dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so. Agreeably to the terms of the notification of the Government of India, No. 1212, dated 8th March 1879, the monthly provision for 4,700 chests of opium will neither be increased nor diminished until at least twelve calendar months after notice published either in the *Gazette of India* or in the *Calcutta Gazette*; nor will the division of the monthly provision of 4,700 chests into 2,350 chests of opium

manufactured at the Patna factory, and 2,350 chests of opium manufactured at the Ghazepore factory be modified until at least six calendar months after notice published in like manner:—

DATE.		Chests manu- factured at the Patna factory.	Chests manu- factured at the Ghazee- pore factory.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday	4th January 1882	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Thursday	2nd February "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Wednesday	1st March "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Thursday	6th April "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Tuesday	2nd May "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Monday	5th June "	2,350	2,350	4,700
On or about Monday	3rd July "	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="font-size: 3em; margin-right: 10px;">{</div> <div> The number of chests of each kind to be sold each month will be ad- vertised six months in advance in the successive notices of the monthly sales. </div> </div>		4,700
On or about Wednesday	2nd August "			4,700
On or about Tuesday	5th September "			4,700
On or about Monday	2nd October "			4,700
On or about Thursday	2nd November "			4,700
On or about Monday	4th December "			4,700
Total		.....	.....	56,400

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1.—The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2.—The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 13 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3.—The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Board of Revenue, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertised shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Board of Revenue may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4.—Each lot shall contain five chests.

5.—A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin, shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room and before the lot is registered in the sale-book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal Receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 3-30 P.M. in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale provided it does not fall on a Saturday; if it falls on a Saturday, the said notes must be redeemed by 1-30 P.M. or, on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 200 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 300 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the deposit for every bid additional, to the extent of Rs. 400.

of Bengal Receipts or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Board of Revenue shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6.—The said promissory notes shall be absolutely payable in any event and the amount thereof shall be absolutely forfeited upon such default as before mentioned, and the amount thereof shall not go or be credited in reduction of any loss on re-sale or expenses thereby incurred, but shall be recoverable whether such re-sale shall be had or not, or whether there shall be a loss on such re-sale or not.

7.—The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the fifth condition, if remaining unredeemed at 3-30 P.M. of the fifth day following the day of sale, or 1-30 P.M. if the last day falls on a Saturday, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

8.—No tender of money, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or public securities, on account of opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before the prescribed time in clause 5 on the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

Provided always that money so subsequently tendered may be taken in payment of the said Promissory Note, but such acceptance of money shall in no way entitle the payer thereof to any right to delivery of the lot or lots in respect whereof the said note was given, or to any of the rights of a purchaser thereof, or release the payer from liability for any unpaid balance of such note or from the additional liability for the loss and expenses of such re-sale as provided for in clauses No. 5 and No. 6.

9.—The opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 3-30 p.m. of the fifteenth day from the day of sale, provided it does not fall on a Saturday; if it falls on a Saturday, the opium must be paid for by 1-30 p.m.; and in case any lots of such opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the fifth condition, or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall think fit; and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good all expenses and any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale, and the liability for the loss or difference of price and expenses shall be in addition to, and wholly independent of, the amount of the deposit so forfeited.

10.—Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of opium after making full payment as above prescribed shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

11.—No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale-book, or his authorized agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

12.—The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these conditions.

13.—With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bonâ fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these conditions.

14.—The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same Agency opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the opium to complete the said twenty-five.

15.—In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

16.—The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1, certificate of the opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such opium.

17.—The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the opium manufactured at the Patna factory and the opium manufactured at the Ghazepore factory for the year 1880-81, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at the Patna and Ghazepore factories, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

18.—Any further information respecting weight or quality of the opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Board of Revenue entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the opium for shipment.

19.—It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the Agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazee-pore factories declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1882, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of opium required by them at any particular sale within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale: provided, however, that the Agent of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 56,400 chests of opium manufac-

Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory	...	28,200
Opium manufactured at the Ghazee-pore Factory	...	28,200
Total	...	56,400

tured at the Patna and Ghazee-pore factories, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to itself the right of disposing of the opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing after the date fixed for payment, or by selling such opium, or any portion of it at any subsequent monthly sale in addition to the quantity which in this advertisement is approximately mentioned as the quantity to be sold at such sale; or by selling such opium at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

"Article VI.—With regard to the trade in opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

FORT WILLIAM, the 22nd November 1881.

A. FORBES, Offg. Secretary.

No. 1280B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the provision of 1879-80, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall-street, on Wednesday, the 4th January 1882, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,700 chests, viz.—

			Chests.
Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory	...	2,850	
Do. do. do. Ghazee-pore Factory	...	2,850	
Total	...	4,700	

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 22nd November 1881, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 9th and 19th January 1882 respectively—that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room will be received after 3-30 P.M. of Monday, the 9th January 1882, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 P.M. of Thursday, the 19th January 1882.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of the opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazee-pore Factories, will be brought to sale during the next twelve months about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue,

however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.		Manufactured at the Patna Factory, about chests.	Manufactured at the Ghazepore Factory, about chests.	Total, about chests.
On or about	Thursday, 2nd February 1882 ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Wednesday 1st March " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Thursday 6th April " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Tuesday 2nd May " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Monday 5th June " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Monday 3rd July " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Wednesday 2nd August " ...	The number of chests of each kind to be sold each month will be advertised hereafter.		4,700
"	Tuesday 5th September " ...			4,700
"	Monday 2nd October " ...			4,700
"	Thursday 2nd November " ...			4,700
"	Monday 4th December " ...			4,700
	Early in January 1883 ...			4,700
Total ...		.....	.....	56,400

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

A. FORBES, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 29th November 1881.

No. 1417B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Sale of Opium, the provision of 1879-80, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall-street, on Thursday the 2nd February 1882, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,700 chests, viz.—

Opium manufactured at the Patna Factory	...	Chests. 2,350
Do. do. do. Ghazepore Factory	..	2,350
Total	..	4,700

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 22nd November 1881, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 7th and 17th February 1882 respectively—that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room will be received after 3-30 P.M. of Tuesday, the 7th February 1882, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 3-30 P.M. of Friday, the 17th February 1882.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of the Opium manufactured at the Patna and Ghazepore Factories will be brought to sale during the next twelve months about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

Dates.		Manufactured at the Patna Factory, about chests.	Manufactured at the Ghazepore Factory, about chests.	Total, about chests.
On or about	Wednesday, 1st March 1882 ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Thursday, 6th April " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Tuesday, 2nd May " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Monday, 5th June " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Monday, 3rd July " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Wednesday, 2nd August " ...	2,350	2,350	4,700
"	Tuesday, 5th September " ...	The number of chests of each kind to be sold each month will be advertised hereafter.		4,700
"	Monday, 2nd October " ...			4,700
"	Thursday, 2nd November " ...			4,700
"	Monday, 4th December " ...			4,700
"	Early in January 1883 ...			4,700
	" February " ...			4,700
Total ...		.....	.....	56,400

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

A. FORBES, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th December 1881.

NOTICE.

No. 1808B.

APPLICATION for tickets of admission to the Opium sale room for the year 1882, should be made at the Office of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, on or after the 19th instant.

OPUM.
B. L. MANGLEN, Esq., V.C.

Tickets for the year 1881 which have not already been surrendered, should be returned.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L.P.,

CALCUTTA, the 5th December 1881.

A. FORBES, *Offg. Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 3, Act XI of 1859, that the Board of Revenue have determined that, in the Darjeeling district, all arrears of revenue and all demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, shall be paid up on the following dates in each year:—

January 12th.

June 28th.

All revenue and demands as above specified, falling due between the 29th of June and the 12th of January, inclusive, shall be paid on 12th January, and all revenue and demands falling due at any time between the 13th of January and the 28th of June, inclusive, will be payable on the 28th of June. This order will take effect from the 1st April 1882.

The cesses on lands are payable under clause 1, section 42 of Act IX (B.C.) of 1880, in respect of revenue paying estates and locations, on the same dates as the land revenue, but in equal instalments.

This notification applies to all temporarily-settled estates and locations within the Darjeeling district, whatever the term of the lease.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., the 17th December 1881. H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Secretary.*

CUSTOM HOUSE NOTICE.

TO MERCHANTS, SHIPS' AGENTS, IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS OF GOODS.

THE Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, requires that bills of lading should bear a stamp of four annas, and if drawn in parts, that each bill of the set should bear the proper stamp. Under a ruling of the Board of Revenue, this provision of the law is applicable to all bills of lading used in this country, whether executed in or out of British India, and whether previously stamped in accordance with the stamp law of any place out of British India or not, subject to the exemption mentioned in Article 7, Schedule II of Act I of 1879.

2. Bills of lading executed out of British India, before presentation at the Custom House, must be taken to the Collector of Calcutta, to have the requisite stamp impressed upon them under section 17 of the Stamp Act.

3. Bills of lading executed in British India may be prepared on impressed sheets or stamped paper, which can be procured at the office of the Collector of Calcutta, or being otherwise prepared, may be taken to the Collector to have an impressed label affixed to them. The latter is the usual practice.

4. From the bills of lading presented at the Custom-house, it appears that the requirements of the stamp law are frequently disregarded. It is therefore my duty to point out that unstamped or insufficiently stamped bills of lading are liable to be impounded under section 33 of the Stamp Act. I intend, however, for the present to give the holder of a bill of lading not duly stamped, an opportunity of having the proper stamp impressed upon it by the Collector of Calcutta, instead of proceeding to the extreme measure of impounding the document; but should this prove ineffectual to secure compliance with the law it will be necessary to deal with infringements as the law directs.

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 28th December 1881.

Statement showing the Importation of Salt (private property) in Bond and Afloat on the River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty on the 15th December 1881.

	Government golabs.	Private golabs.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga	9,90,744	.....	2,40,669	12,31,413
French Kurkutch	81,488	.....	.....	81,488
Italian ditto	50,515	.....	.....	50,515
Bombay ditto	65,661	.....	9,080	74,741
Arabian and Persian Gulfs' Kur- kutch and Muscat Rock ...	6,38,779	.....	8,459	6,47,238
Total	17,77,187	.....	2,58,208	20,35,395

By order of the Board of Revenue, L.P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 22nd December 1881.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1881.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following Extraordinary, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Finance and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

Simla, the 27th June 1881.

The Governor-General in Council has determined to borrow three hundred Lakhs of rupees, being the amount required for the public service.

The following Notification is therefore published :—

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN.

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General in Council has resolved to borrow three hundred Lakhs of rupees for the public service in the following manner.

2. Promissory Notes (with coupons attached, if so desired) will be issued for the said amount in Form A annexed to this Notification, being the form of the notes of *The Loan of 1st May 1865*, of which Loan the notes to be now issued will form a part, or, at the option of the allottees, stock certificates with coupons attached will be issued to them in Form B attached to this Notification. All the conditions which apply to notes of the *Loan of 1st May 1865*, will apply to the notes and certificates to be now issued.

3. Tenders for the whole or any part of the said amount of three hundred Lakhs of rupees will be received by the Comptroller-General from this date to noon of Monday, the 25th of July 1881.

4. Each tender must be addressed, in the form annexed to this Notification, to the Comptroller-General, Treasury Buildings, Calcutta, and enclosed in a sealed cover, superscribed "*Tender for the Four per Cent. Loan, 1881.*" If the tenderer is not resident in India, he must name an agent resident in India to whom a letter of allotment may be issued if any part of the loan is allotted to such tenderer.

5. Each tender must be accompanied by a receipt from one of the Banks of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, or one of their branches, or from an officer in charge of some public treasury, or by a cheque drawn in favor of the Comptroller-General on a banker in Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or by* Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of or endorsed to the tenderer or the person making the deposit, for not less than one hundredth, or if the tender be for less than five Lakhs of rupees, then for not less than one fiftieth part of the tender. If the allotment is not fully taken up, this deposit of one or two per centum will be forfeited, and if one or more Government Promissory Notes have been deposited, such note or notes will be appropriated by the Government and cancelled; otherwise, if the deposit is in cash, it will be treated as in part payment of the last instalment. A cash deposit may, after acceptance of the tender in support of which it is made, be replaced by a Government Promissory Note, as aforesaid.

6. The rate at which a tender is made must not contain a fraction of an anna: if a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

7. The rate at which each tender is made must be specified in rupees or rupees and annas: a tender in which no rate is thus specified, but a subscription is offered in some other terms, as, for example, at the recorded minimum, or at some specified percentage in addition to the recorded minimum, or at the average of the accepted tenders, will be rejected as null and void.

8. The minimum rate at which tenders will be accepted will be recorded under the signature of the Comptroller-General, and, when the tenders are opened, placed upon the table in a sealed envelope, but will not be declared unless some tender is rejected only because it is below the recorded minimum.

9. Tenders will be opened, publicly, at the Office of the Comptroller-General in Calcutta, at noon on Monday, the 25th July 1881: but the contents of the tenders will not be disclosed otherwise than as provided in clause 11.

10. Tenders at the recorded minimum rate, and at rates above the recorded minimum rate, will be accepted in the order of the rates tendered, beginning with the highest rate; the amount allotted at the lowest rate at which tenders are accepted, will be divided amongst those who have tendered at this rate, in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their tenders.

11. As soon as possible after the 25th July 1881, letters of allotment will be issued to those persons whose tenders are accepted in whole or in part, or to their agents; and an alphabetical list of the names of those to whom such letters of allotment are issued will be posted, for general information, at the Head Offices of the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay.

12. Payment of any accepted tender may be made to the account of the Government in the Head Office of one of the Banks of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, or in any branch of these Banks, or into any public Treasury or Treasuries in India which may be named in the tender.

13. Accepted tenders must be paid, in equal instalments, as follows:—

One-third on or before Monday, the 8th August 1881.

One-third on or before Monday, the 5th September 1881.

One-third on or before Monday, the 26th September 1881.

but the whole or any part of any accepted tender may be paid at any time after receipt of the letter of allotment.

14. Interest upon each payment will be promptly paid in advance, at the rate of four per centum per annum, from the date of such payment to the last day of October 1881. In the case of Promissory Notes, at the option of the allottee and on his paying interest from the first day of May 1881, to date of payment, interest will run from the said first day of May.

15. Scrip receipts for instalments paid will be given by the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, or their branches, or by the officers in charge of the Government Treasuries at which payment is made. These receipts will, as soon as possible, be exchanged for Promissory Notes or couponed certificates issued under this Notification.

16. The Governor-General in Council reserves to himself the right of allotting any part of the proposed loan to Native Chiefs, at the average rate at which it is issued to the public; and in such case the balance only will be allotted in the manner declared in this notification.

FORM A OF PROMISSORY NOTE.—(See Clause 2.)

FORT WILLIAM, THE 1ST OF MAY 1865.

Promissory Note

Government Rupees

at four per cent.

No.

of 1865.

THE Governor-General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from the sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred as a Loan to the Secretary of State in

* It is particularly requested that such Promissory Notes may NOT be endorsed to the Comptroller-General.

Council for India, and does hereby promise, for and on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, to repay the said Loan, by paying the said sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred to the said his Executors, or Administrators, or his or their Order, on demand, at the General Treasury at Fort William, after the expiration of three months' Notice of Payment, to be given by the Governor-General of India in Council, in the *Government Gazette*, and to pay the interest accruing on the said sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred from the 1st 1881 (Eighty-one), at the rate of four per cent. per annum by half-yearly payments, at the General Treasury of Fort William, to the said his Executors, or Administrators, or his or their order, until the expiration of three months after such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of interest due will be payable with the principal, and (such notice being considered as equivalent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge of this note) all further interest shall cease.

FORM B OF COUPONED CERTIFICATE.

INDIA FOUR PER CENT. RUPEE LOAN, 1865.

Certificate

Rs. 000.

No.

This is to certify that the bearer of this certificate is entitled, under the notification of the Government of India of the th 1881, to Government Rupees India Four per Cent. Rupee Loan, 1865, payable three months after notice, which may be published in the *Gazette of India*.

No. , Rs.

The coupons attached to this certificate, as well as the principal sum herein named, are payable to bearer at the Government Treasury at Calcutta only.

FORM OF TENDER.—(See Clause 4.)

I, A. B., hereby tender for Rupees (X) of *The Four Per Cent. Loan*, 1881, advertised in the Notification published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 27th June 1881, and agree to pay for the same, subject to the conditions notified, at the rate of Rupees (Y) Annas (Z) for every hundred rupees allotted to me.

I enclose a *deposit receipt** for Rupees (XX), and engage, if my offer be accepted, to pay

* Or Cheque or Government Promissory Note.

to the account of the Government at the Bank off (or at the Branch of the Bank off

† Here enter the name of Bank, Branch Bank, or Treasury.

or into the Public Treasury at† , as the case may be) the first instalment of one-third on or before

Monday, the 8th August 1881, and the several later instalments on or before the dates fixed by the said Notification, as follows:—

One-third on or before Monday, 5th September 1881.

Ditto ditto 26th ditto.

† Here insert C. D.'s address, which must be in India. This paragraph should only be inserted if A. B. does not reside in India.

Any allotment made to me may be communicated to C. D. at†

NOTE.—(1)—A separate tender must be made at each rate tendered, and each tender must be supported by a separate deposit, and must be in even hundreds of Rupees, not less than 500 Rs. As a precaution against mistakes, the tender, or, at least, the name of the tenderer, and the amount and rate tendered, should be written in English. The rate tendered should be the whole amount per centum, not the premium or discount: thus:—"One hundred and two," or "One hundred," or "Ninety-nine;" not "Two per cent. premium," or "Par," or "One per cent. discount."

T. C. HOPE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

NOTIFICATION BY COMPTROLLER-GENERAL.

TENDERS FOR LOAN.

In order to secure the early return of deposits made with unaccepted tenders for the new loan, the Comptroller-General notifies the following arrangements:—

1. For all tenders presented to him in his office upon the last fixed day, or the two days preceding it, he will give the bearer a receipt bearing a number, and initialled by himself or an assistant specially deputed for the purpose.
2. The reverse of this receipt is a form in which the tenderer may give to the Comptroller-General a receipt for the deposit accompanying it. This form should, on the third day after the opening of the tenders, be filled up, signed with the same signature as the tender, and be presented at the Office of the Comptroller-General. The deposit will then be returned to the bearer, in exchange for the receipt.
3. Deposit upon tenders presented personally, as described in No. 1, above, will be returned only in this way, and will not be sent by post, or otherwise. Deposits upon other unsuccessful tenders will be returned by post, or by the hands of a clerk.
4. The Comptroller-General requests that, in order to facilitate the business of his office, Tenderers will—
 - (1) use the printed forms which will be available at his office and at the Currency Office, on application to the Durwan on duty; and at the Bank of Bengal.
 - (2) if they make more than one tender, put *each* in a separate closed cover.
 - (3) if the deposit is in the form of promissory notes or of currency notes, quote their number in detail in the tender.

The 27th June 1881.

J. WESTLAND,
Comptroller-General.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department, are republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATION.—EDUCATION.

Simla, the 24th June 1881.

No. 189.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Fellows of the University of Calcutta:—

The Hon'ble W. Tyrrell, c.s.

C. P. Carmichael, Esq., c.s.

B. W. Colvin, Esq., c.s.

C. Robertson, Esq., c.s.

The Ven'ble J. Baly.

Surgeon-Major J. M. Coates, M.D.

The Very Revd. Father D. Van Impe, S.J.

Baboo Hem Chunder Banerjee, B.L.

Muhammed Yusaf, B.L.

W. D. Bruce, Esq., c.s.

W. T. Webb, Esq., M.A.

J. S. Slater, Esq.

J. Wilson, Esq.

Baboo Rádhiká Prásad Mookerjee.

L. Schwendler, Esq.

Baboo Lál Mádhav Mukerjee, L.M.S.

STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 23rd June 1881.

No. 208.-I.—The following Notification which appeared in *The London Gazette* (Supplement) of the 20th May 1881, is published for general information:—

India Office, May 24th, 1881.

The Queen has been graciously pleased, on the occasion of the celebration of Her Majesty's Birthday, to make the following appointments to the First, Second, and Third Classes of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India:—

To be Knights Commanders.

James Davidson Gordon, Esq., c.s.i., Bengal Civil Service, Resident at Mysore.

To be Companions.

Horace Abel Cockerell, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial and Political Departments.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, are republished for general information :—

POLITICAL.

The 23rd June 1881.

No. 1840E.-P.—The following extract from the *London Gazette*, dated the 20th May 1881, is published for general information :—

At the Court at Windsor, the 18th day of May 1881.

PRESENT:

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Earl of Northbrook.

Lord Steward.

WHEREAS by the Extradition Acts of 1870 and 1873, it was amongst other things enacted that where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient.

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the twenty-sixth day of November one thousand eight hundred and eighty, between Her Majesty and the Swiss Federal Council, for the Mutual Extradition of Fugitive Criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following :—

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Swiss Federal Council having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice, and to the prevention of crime within their respective territories and jurisdictions, that persons charged with, or convicted of, the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should, under certain circumstances, be reciprocally delivered up, have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty for this purpose, that is to say :

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Honourable Hussey Orespigny Vivian, a Companion of Her Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Her Majesty's Minister Resident to the Swiss Confederation ;

And the Swiss Federal Council, its Vice-President, F. Anderwert, Federal Councillor and Chief of the Federal Department of Justice and Police ;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles :—

ARTICLE I.

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland engages to deliver up, under the circumstances and on the conditions stipulated in the present Treaty, all persons, and the Swiss Federal Council engages to deliver up, under the like circumstances and conditions, all persons, excepting Swiss citizens, who, having been charged with, or convicted by the Tribunals of one of the two High Contracting Parties of the crimes or offences enumerated in Article II, committed in the territory of the one party, shall be found within the territory of the other.

In the event of the Federal Council being unable, by reason of his Swiss nationality, to grant the extradition of an individual, who after

Nachdem Ihre Majestät die Königin des Vereinigten Königreichs von Grossbritannien und Irland, und der Schweizerische Bundesrath behufs besserer Verwaltung der Rechtspflege und zur Verhütung von Verbrechen innerhalb der beiden Gebiete und Gerichtsbarkeiten es für zweckmässig befunden haben, dass Personen, welche der in diesem Vertrage aufgeführten strafbaren Handlungen beschuldigt oder wegen solcher verurtheilt und vor der Justiz flüchtig geworden sind, unter bestimmten Umständen gegenseitig ausgeliefert werden sollen; so haben sie behufs Abschlusses eines diesfallsigen Vertrages zu Ihren Bevollmächtigten ernannt und zwar :

Ihre Majestät die Königin des Vereinigten Königreichs von Grossbritannien und Irland den ehrenwerthen Hussey Orespigny Vivian, Mitglied Ihres höchst ehrenwerthen Bathordens, Ihrer Majestät Minister-Residenten beider Schweizerischen Eidgenossenschaft ;

Und der Bundesrath der Schweizerischen Eidgenossenschaft, seinen Vicepräsidenten, Herrn Bundesrath F. Anderwert, Vorsteher des eidgenössischen Justiz- und Polizei-Departements ;

Welche, nachdem sie sich gegenseitig ihre Vollmachten mitgetheilt und dieselben in guter und gehöriger Form befunden, die folgenden Artikel vereinbart und abgeschlossen haben :—

ARTIKEL I.

Ihre Majestät die Königin des Vereinigten Königreichs von Grossbritannien und Irland verpflichtet sich, unter den Voraussetzungen und Bedingungen des gegenwärtigen Vertrages, alle Personen, und der Schweizerische Bundesrath verpflichtet sich, unter den gleichen Voraussetzungen und Bedingungen, alle Personen, mit Ausnahme der schweizerischen Angehörigen, auszuliefern, welche wegen eines der in Artikel II aufgezählten, auf dem Gebiete des andern vertragenden Theiles verübten Verbrechen oder Vergehen angeklagt oder wegen eines solchen durch die Gerichte des einen der beiden kontrahirenden Staaten verurtheilt worden sind und auf dem Gebiete des andern States gefunden werden.

Im Falle der schweizerische Bundesrath die Auslieferung eines Individuums, welches in dem Vereinigten Königreiche eines der in Artikel II

having committed in the United Kingdom one of the crimes or offences enumerated in Article II, should have taken refuge in Switzerland, the Federal Council engages to give legal effect to and prosecute the charge against him according to the laws of the Canton of his origin; and the Government of the United Kingdom engages to communicate to the Federal Council all documents, depositions, and proofs relating to the case, and to cause the commissions of examination directed by the Swiss Judge, and transmitted through the proper Diplomatic channel, to be executed gratuitously.

ARTICLE II.

The crimes for which the extradition is to be granted are the following:—

1. Murder (including infanticide) and attempt to murder.
2. Manslaughter.
3. Counterfeiting or altering money, uttering or bringing into circulation counterfeit or altered money.
4. Forgery, or counterfeiting, or altering or uttering what is forged, or counterfeited, or altered; comprehending the crimes designated in the Penal Codes of both States as counterfeiting or falsification of paper money, bank-notes, or other securities, forgery, or falsification of other public or private documents, likewise the uttering or bringing into circulation, or wilfully using such counterfeit, forged, or falsified papers.
5. Embezzlement or larceny.
6. Obtaining money or goods by false pretences.
7. Crimes against bankruptcy law.
8. Fraud committed by a baillie, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member or public officer of any Company made criminal by any law for the time being in force.
9. Rape.
10. Abduction of minors.
11. Child stealing or kidnapping.
12. Burglary, or house-breaking, with criminal intent.
13. Arson.
14. Robbery with violence.
15. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.
16. Perjury or subornation of perjury.
17. Malicious injury to property, if the offence be indictable.

The extradition is also to take place for participation in any of the aforesaid crimes, as an accessory before or after the fact, provided such participation be punishable by the laws of both Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE III.

A fugitive criminal may be apprehended in either country under a warrant issued by any Police Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority, on such information or complaint, and such evidence, or after such proceedings as would, in the opinion of the authority

aufgezählten Verbrechen oder Vergehen sich schuldig gemacht, aber in die Schweiz sich geflüchtet hätte, wegen seiner Eigenschaft als Schweizer nicht bewilligen könnte, verpflichtet sich der schweizerische Bundesrath, die strafrechtliche Erledigung der Anklage nach Massgabe der Gesetzgebung des Heimatkantons des Angeklagten zu übernehmen, und die Regierung des Vereinigten Königreiches verpflichtet sich, sämtliche bezügliche Akten, Depositionen und Beweisstücke dem schweizerischen Bundesrathe mitzutheilen, sowie im diplomatischen Wege zu vermittelnde Requisitorien des schweizerischen Richters unentgeltlich vollziehen zu lassen.

ARTIKEL II.

Die strafbaren Handlungen, wegen deren die Auslieferung zu gewähren ist, sind folgende:—

1. Mord, mit Inbegriff des Kindmordes, und Mordversuch.
2. Todtschlag.
3. Nachmachen oder Verfälschen von Metallgeld. Ausgeben oder Inverkehrsetzen nachgemachten oder verfälschten Metallgeldes.
4. Fälschung, Nachmachen oder Verändern, sowie die Verausgabung dessen, was nachgemacht, gefälscht oder verändert ist, nämlich die Verbrechen welche in den Strafgesetzen der beiden Staaten als Nachmachen oder Verfälschen von Papiergeld, Banknoten oder andern Werthschriften enthalten sind; ferner die Fälschung oder Verfälschung anderer öffentlicher oder Privaturkunden, sowie das Ausgeben, oder Inverkehrsetzen und der wissentliche Gebrauch solcher nachgemachter, gefälschter oder verfälschter Papiere.
5. Unterschlagung oder Diebstahl.
6. Betrug, resp. Erlangung von Geld oder andern Sachen durch falsche Vorspiegelungen.
7. Betrügerlicher Bankerott, resp. Verbrechen gegen das Gesetz betreffend Bankerott.
8. Untreue von Seite eines Verwalters und Beauftragten, Bankiers, Agenten, Commissionäre, Verwalters von Vermögen Dritter, Vorstandes, Mitgliedes oder Beamten irgend einer Gesellschaft, soweit dieselbe nach den dannzumal bestehenden Gesetzen als Verbrechen behandelt wird.
9. Nothzucht.
10. Entführung von Minderjährigen.
11. Menschenraub.
12. Einbrechen oder Eindringen in ein Wohnhaus in verbrecherischer Absicht zur Tages- oder Nachtzeit.
13. Brandstiftung.
14. Raub mit Gewaltthätigkeit.
15. Drohungen mittels Brief oder auf andere Weise, mit der Absicht, zu erpressen.
16. Meineid und Anstiftung zum Meineid.
17. Böswillige Eigenthumsbeschädigung, insofern sie von Amtes wegen als Verbrechen verfolgt wird.

Die Auslieferung findet auch statt wegen Theilnahme an einer der vorbezeichneten strafbaren Handlungen, mag sie vor oder nach deren Verübung stattfinden, vorausgesetzt dass diese Theilnahme nach der Gesetzgebung beider Contractanten strafbar ist.

ARTIKEL III.

Ein flüchtiger Verbrecher kann in jedem der beiden Länder verhaftet werden auf Grund eines Verhaftbefehles, der von einem Polizeimagistraten, Friedensrichter, oder von einer andern kompetenten Behörde erlassen wird, auf eine solche Strafanzeige oder Klage und auf einen

issuing the warrant, justify the issue of a warrant if the crime had been committed or the person convicted in that part of the dominions of the two Contracting Parties in which the Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority exercises jurisdiction: provided however, that, in the United Kingdom, the accused shall, in such case, be sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate in London.

Requisitions for provisional arrest may be addressed by post or by telegraph, provided they purport to be sent by some judicial or other competent authority. Such requisitions must contain a description in general terms of the crime or offence, and a statement that a warrant has been granted for the arrest of the criminal, and that his extradition will be demanded.

He shall, in accordance with this Article, be discharged, as well in the United Kingdom as in Switzerland, if within the term of thirty days a requisition for extradition shall not have been made by the Diplomatic Agent of the country claiming his surrender in accordance with the stipulations of this Treaty.

ARTICLE IV.

The requisition for extradition must always be made by the way of diplomacy, and to wit, in Switzerland by the British Minister to the President of the Confederation, and in the United Kingdom to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Swiss Consul-General in London, who, for the purposes of this Treaty, is hereby recognized by Her Majesty as a Diplomatic Representative of Switzerland.

ARTICLE V.

In the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, other than the Colonies or foreign possessions of Her Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

(a) In the case of a person accused—

The requisition for the surrender shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Diplomatic Representative of the Swiss Confederation. The said demand shall be accompanied by a warrant of arrest, or other equivalent judicial document, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against the accused in Switzerland, and duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath, or solemnly declared to be true, before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the said acts, and containing a description of the person claimed, and any particulars which may serve to identify him.

The said Principal Secretary of State shall transmit such documents to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall then, by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate in London that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive.

solchen Beweis oder nach einem solchen Verfahre, dass nach der Ansicht der Behörde, welche den Verhaftbefehl erlässt, dessen Erlass Gerechtfertigt wäre, wenn das Verbrechen in demjenigen Theile der Gebiete der Vertragsparteien begangen, oder die betreffende Person in demjenigen Theile der Gebiete der Vertragsparteien verurtheilt worden wäre, in welchem der Magistrat, Friedensrichter oder die andere kompetente Behörde Gerichtsbarkeit ausübt. In einem solchen Falle soll jedoch in dem Vereinigten Königreiche der Beklagte so schnell wie möglich vor einen Polizeimagistraten in London gesendet werden.

Diese Ansuchen um provisorische Verhaftung mögen vermittelt der Post oder durch den Telegraphen gemacht werden, vorausgesetzt, sie enthalten die Angabe, dass sie von einer gerichtlichen oder andern kompetenten Behörde abgesendet worden seien. Solche Requisitionen müssen eine allgemeine Bezeichnung des Verbrechens oder Vergehens und die Erklärung enthalten, dass ein Verhaftbefehl gegen den Verbrecher bestehe und dass dessen Auslieferung verlangt werde.

Er soll in Übereinstimmung mit diesem Artikel sowohl in der Schweiz als auch in dem Vereinigten Königreiche des Verhafteten entlassen werden, wenn nicht binnen dreissig Tagen von dem diplomatischen Agenten desjenigen Landes, welches dessen Auslieferung verlangt, das Auslieferungsbegehren gemäss den Vorschriften dieses Vertrages gestellt wird.

ARTIKEL IV.

Das Auslieferungsbegehren muss immer auf diplomatischem Wege gestellt werden und zwar in der Schweiz durch den Englischen Gesanten an den Bundespräsidenten und in Grossbritannien durch den Schweizerischen General-Konsul in London, welcher von Ihrer Majestät für die Zwecke dieses Vertrages als diplomatischer Repräsentant der Schweiz anerkannt wird, an den Stattssekretär für die Auswärtigen Angelegenheiten.

ARTIKEL V.

In dem Reiche Ihrer Britannischen Majestät, mit Ausnahme der Kolonien und Answärtigen Besitzungen, soll verfahren werden wie folgt.

(a) Wenn es sich um eine angeklagte Person handelt, wird das Auslieferungsbegehren von dem diplomatischen Vertreter der Schweizerischen Eidgenossenschaft dem Hauptstattssekretär der Auswärtigen Angelegenheiten Ihrer Majestät Regierung eingereicht. Dieses Begehren soll von einem Verhaftsbefehl oder einem andern gerichtlichen Aktenstück von gleichen Werthe, ausgestellt von einem zur Untersuchung der dem Angeklagten in der Schweiz zur Last gelegten Handlungen kompetenten Richter oder andern Beamten begleitet sein, sowie von den gehörig legalisirten vor diesem Richter oder Beamten beschworenen oder feierlich als Wahrheit erklärten Depositionen oder Aussagen, aus welchen die in Frage stehenden Handlungen klar hervorgehen, und welche überdies das Signalement der reklamirten Person und genügende Details enthalten zur Feststellung ihrer Identität.

Der genannte Hauptstattssekretär soll diese Aktenstücke dem Hauptstattssekretär Ihrer Majestät für das Department des Innern mittheilen, welcher mittels eigenhändig unterzeichneter und mit seinem Siegel versehenen Ordre einem Polizeimagistrate in London von dem gestellten Auslieferungsbegehren mittheilung macht und ihn beauftragt, wenn genügender

On the receipt of such order from the Secretary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would, in the opinion of the Magistrate, justify the issue of the warrant if the crime had been committed in the United Kingdom, he shall issue his warrant accordingly.

When the person claimed shall have been apprehended, he shall be brought before the Magistrate who issued the warrant, or some other Police Magistrate in London. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of England, the committal for trial of the prisoner, if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in the United Kingdom, the Police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender; sending immediately to the Secretary of State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the case.

After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner, which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by order under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be sent to such seaport town as shall, in each special case, be selected for his delivery to the Swiss Government.

(b) In the case of a person convicted—

The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the case of a person accused, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the Diplomatic Representative of Switzerland in support of his requisition shall clearly set forth the crime or offence of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the place and date of his conviction.

The evidence to be produced shall consist of the penal sentence passed against the convicted person by the competent Court of the State claiming his extradition.

(c) Persons convicted by judgment in default or *arrêt de contumace* shall be, in the matter of extradition, considered as persons accused, and may, as such, be surrendered.

(d) After the Police Magistrate shall have committed the accused or convicted person to prison to await the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, such person shall have the right to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus*; if he should so apply, his surrender must be deferred until after the decision of the Court upon the return to the writ, and even then can only take place if the decision is adverse to the applicant. In the latter case, the Court may at once order his delivery to the person authorised to receive him, without waiting for the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, or commit him to prison to await such order.

ARTICLE VI.

In Switzerland the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

The requisition for the extradition of an accused person must be accompanied by an

Grund dazu vorliegt, den Verhaftsbefehl gegen den Flüchtigen zu erlassen. Nach dem Empfang dieses Ordre des Staatssekretärs und auf die Vorlage solchen Beweises, welcher nach der Ansicht des Magistraten den Erlass des Verhaftsbefehles rechtfertigen würde, wenn das Verbrechen in dem Vereinigten Königreiche verübt worden wäre, soll er den Verhaftsbefehl erlassen.

Wenn die reklamierte Person verhaftet worden ist, so soll sie vor den Magistraten, welcher den Verhaftsbefehl erlassen hat, oder vor einen andern Polizeimagistraten in London gebracht werden. Wenn der hierauf zu produzierende Beweis ein solcher ist, dass er gemäss dem englischen Geseze hinreichen würde, um den Verhafteten zur Aburtheilung vor das Gericht zu verweisen, falls das Verbrechen, dessen er angeklagt ist, im Vereinigten Königreiche verübt worden wäre, so soll der Polizeimagistrat dessen Versezung in das Gefängniss verfügen, um die Ordre des Staatssekretärs zum Vollzuge der Auslieferung abzuwarten und dem Staatssekretär sofort ein Attestat über diese Verfügung mit Bericht über den Fall mittheilen.

Nachdem seit der Verfügung über die Versezung des Verhafteten in das Gefängniss eine Zeitfrist verflossen ist, welche nie weniger als fünfzehn Tage betragen darf, soll der Staatssekretär durch eine von ihm eigenhändig unterzeichnete und mit seinem Siegel versehene Ordre den Transport des auszuliefernden Individuums in denjenigen Meerhafen anordnen, welcher zu dessen Auslieferung an die schweizerische Regierung im einzelnen Falle bezeichnet werden wird.

(b) Wenn es sich um eine verurtheilte Person handelt, so soll gleich verfahren werden, wie wenn es sich um eine angeklagte Person handeln würde, ausgenommen, dass in dem Verhaftsbefehle, welcher von dem diplomatischen Vertreter der Schweiz zur Unterstützung des Auslieferungsbegehrens einzureichen ist, das Verbrechen oder Vergehen, wegen dessen das reklamierte Individuum verurtheilt wurde, klar dargestellt, und auch der Ort und das Datum des Urtheiles angegeben werden müssen.

Als Beweis muss das Strafurtheil beigebracht werden, welches von dem zuständigen Gerichte des die Auslieferung begehrenden States gegen den Verurtheilten erlassen worden ist.

(c) Personen, welche in *contumaciam* verurtheilt worden sind, werden in Auslieferungsangelegenheiten wie Angeklagte behandelt und als solche ausgeliefert.

(d) Nachdem der Polizeimagistrat die Versezung des Angeklagten oder Verurtheilten in das Gefängniss verfügt hat, um die Ordre des Staatssekretärs zur Vollziehung seiner Auslieferung abzuwarten, hat diese Person das Recht, um eine Verfügung auf *habeas corpus* einzukommen. Wenn sie hievon gebrauch macht, so soll die Auslieferung verschoben werden bis nach dem Entscheide des Gerichtshofes über ihr Gesuch, und kann nur stattfinden, wenn der Entscheid für den Petenten ungünstig lautet. Im letztern Falle kann das Gericht gleichseitig die Vollziehung der Auslieferung verfügen, ohne die Ordre des Staatssekretärs abzuwarten oder es kann die Beibehaltung des Verhafteten verfügen bis nach Erlass jener Ordre.

ARTIKEL VI.

In der Schweiz soll folgendes Verfahren stattfinden:

Im Falle das Auslieferungsbegehren gegen eine angeklagte Person gerichtet ist, so muss eine

authentic copy of the warrant of arrest, issued by a competent official or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the crime or offence of which he is accused, together with a properly legalized information setting forth the facts and evidence upon which the warrant was granted.

If the requisition relates to a person already convicted, it must be accompanied by an authentic copy of the sentence or conviction, setting forth the crime or offence of which he has been convicted.

The requisition must also be accompanied by a description of the person claimed, and if it be possible, by other information and particulars which may serve to identify him.

After having examined these documents, the Swiss Federal Council shall communicate them to the Cantonal Government in whose territory the person charged is found, in order that he may be examined by a judicial or police-officer on the subject of their contents.

The Cantonal Government will transmit the *procès-verbal* of the examination, together with all the documents, accompanied, if there be one, by a more detailed report to the Federal Council, who, after having examined them and there be no opposition on either side, will grant the extradition, and will communicate its decision both to the British Legation and to the Cantonal Government in question, to the latter in order that it may send the person to be surrendered to such place on the frontier, and deliver him to such foreign police authority as the British Legation may name in each special case.

Should the documents furnished with a view of proving the facts, or of establishing the identity of the accused, or the particulars collected by the Swiss authorities appear insufficient, notice shall be immediately given to the Diplomatic Representative of Great Britain, in order that he may furnish further evidence. If such further evidence be not furnished within fifteen days the person arrested shall be set at liberty.

In the event of the application of this Treaty being contested, the Swiss Federal Council will transmit the documents ("dossier") to the Swiss Federal Tribunal, whose duty it is to decide definitely the question whether extradition should be granted or refused.

The Federal Council will communicate the judgment of the Federal Tribunal to the British Legation. If this judgment grants the extradition the Federal Council will order its execution, as in the case when the Federal Council itself grants the extradition. If, on the other hand, the Federal Tribunal refuses the extradition, the Federal Council will immediately order the person accused to be set at liberty.

ARTICLE VII.

In the examinations which they have to make in accordance with the foregoing stipulations, the authorities of the State applied to shall admit as entirely valid evidence the depositions or statements of witnesses, either sworn or solemnly declared to be true, taken in the other State, or copies thereof, and likewise the warrants and sentences issued therein, or copies thereof, provided such documents purport to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of such

authentische Kopie des von einem kompetenten Beamten oder Magistraten erlassenen Verhaftsbefehles der das Verbrechen oder Vergehen, dessen sie angeklagt ist, klar bezeichnet, vorgelegt werden und von einer gehörig legalisirten Darstellung der Thatfachen und der Beweise, gestützt auf welche der Verhaftsbefehl bewilligt worden ist, begleitet sein.

Wenn das Auslieferungsbegehren eine verurtheilte Person betrifft, so muss es von einer authentischen Kopie des Urtheiles begleitet sein, worin das Verbrechen oder Vergehen, wegen dessen sie verurtheilt wurde, angegeben ist.

Mit dem Auslieferungsbegehren müssen ferner das Signalement der reklamirten Person, und, wenn möglich, noch andere Informationen und Details, welche zur Feststellung ihrer Identität dienen mögen, vorgelegt werden.

Nach geschehener Prüfung dieser Schriftstücke wird sie der Bundesrath derjenigen Kantonsregierung übersenden, auf deren Gebiet der Verfolgte sich befindet, damit der Letztere durch einen gerichtlichen oder polizeilichen Beamten über ihren Inhalt einvernommen werde.

Die Kantonsregierung wird das Einvernehmensprotokoll nebst sämtlichen Akten und allfälligen weiteren Berichten dem Bundesrath übersenden, welcher nach erfolgter Prüfung derselben, im Falle von Keiner Seite Einsprache erhoben ist, die Auslieferung bewilligen und seinen Entscheid sowohl der Gesandtschaft von Grossbritannien, als auch der betreffenden Kantonsregierung mittheilen wird, letzterer behufs Uebergabe des auszuliefernden Individuums an derjenigen Grenzstelle und an diejenige auswärtige Polizeibehörde, welche im einzelnen Falle von der Grossbritanischen Gesandtschaft zu bezeichnen ist.

Wenn die zur Feststellung des Thatbestandes oder der Identität des Angeklagten vorgelegten Aktenstücke oder die von den schweizerischen Behörden zu gleichen Zwecke gemachten Erhebungen ungenügend erscheinen sollten, so wird dem diplomatischen Vertreter Grossbritanniens unverzüglich davon Mittheilung gemacht behufs weiterer Nachweise. Werden sie nicht vor Ablauf von 15 Tagen beigebracht, so wird der Verhaftete in Freiheit gesetzt.

I am Falle gegen die Anwendbarkeit dieses Vertrages eine Einsprache vorliegt, wird der Bundesrath sämtliche Akten dem schweizerischen Bundesgerichte übersenden, welches über die Bewilligung oder Verweigerung der Auslieferung definitiv zu entscheiden hat.

Der Bundesrath wird den Entscheid des Bundesgerichtes der Grossbritanischen Gesandtschaft mittheilen. Lautet derselbe auf Bewilligung der Auslieferung, so wird der Bundesrath die Vollziehung anordnen wie in dem Falle, wo er von sich aus die Auslieferung bewilligt hat. Ist dagegen vom Bundesgerichte die Auslieferung abgelehnt worden, so wird der Bundesrath sofort die Freilassung des Verhafteten verfügen.

ARTIKEL VII.

Die Behörden des ersuchten States haben bei der Prüfung, welche ihnen nach den vorstehenden Bestimmungen obliegt, den beschworenen oder feierlich als Wahrheit erklärten Depositionen und Zeugenaussagen, welche in dem andern State zu Protokoll genommen sind, desgleichen den Abschriften hiervon und ebenso den in andern State erlassenen Haftbefehlen und Urtheilen oder Abschriften hiervon volle Beweiskraft beizulegen, vorausgesetzt, dass in diesen Schrifts-

State, and are authenticated by the official seal of a British Secretary of State, or of the Chancellor of the Swiss Confederation, being affixed thereto.

The personal attendance of witnesses can be required only to establish the identity of the person who is being proceeded against with that of the person arrested.

ARTICLE VIII.

If proof sufficient to warrant the extradition be not furnished within two months from the day of the apprehension, the person arrested shall be discharged from custody.

ARTICLE IX.

In cases where it may be necessary, the Swiss Government shall be represented at the English Courts by the Law Officers of the Crown, and the English Government in the Swiss Courts by the competent Swiss authorities.

The respective Governments will give the necessary assistance within their territories to the Representatives of the other State who claim their intervention for the custody and security of the persons subject to extradition.

No claim for the repayment of expenses for the assistance mentioned in this Article shall be made by either of the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE X.

The present Treaty shall apply to crimes and offences committed prior to the signature of the Treaty; but a person surrendered shall not be tried for any crime or offence committed in the other country before the extradition other than the crime for which his surrender has been granted.

ARTICLE XI.

A fugitive criminal shall not be surrendered if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded is one of a political character, or if he prove that the requisition for his surrender has, in fact, been made with a view to try and punish him for an offence of a political character.

ARTICLE XII.

The extradition shall not take place if, subsequently to the commission of the crime, or the institution of the penal prosecution, or the conviction thereon, exemption from prosecution or punishment has been acquired according to the laws of the State applied to.

ARTICLE XIII.

The extradition shall not take place if the person claimed on the part of the Government of the United Kingdom, or the person claimed on the part of the Swiss Government, has already been tried and discharged or punished, or is still under trial, in one of the Swiss Cantons or in the United Kingdom respectively, for the crime for which his extradition is demanded.

tücken angegeben ist, dass sie durch keine Richter, eine obrigkeitliche Person oder einen andern Beamten dieses States unterzeichnet oder bescheinigt seien, und dass sie durch Beidrückung des Amtssiegels eines Britischen Staatsministers oder des schweizerischen Bundeskanzlers beglaubigt sind.

Das persönliche Erscheinen von Zeugen darf nur verlangt werden zur Feststellung der Identität der Person des Verfolgten mit derjenigen des Verhafteten.

ARTIKEL VIII.

Wenn der zur Bewilligung der Auslieferung genügende Beweis nicht binnen zwei Monaten von dem Tage der Ergreifung des Flüchtigen an beigebracht wird so ist der Ergriffene auf freien Fuss zu setzen.

ARTIKEL IX.

In Fällen, wo es nöthig sein mag, wird die schweizerische Regierung bei den Englischen Gerichtshöfen durch die Kronanwälte, und die Englische Regierung bei den schweizerischen Behörden durch die kompetenten schweizerischen Beamten vertreten sein.

Die beiden Regierungen werden den Repräsentanten des andern States, welche ihre Intervention behufs der Verwahrung und Sicherung der auszuliefernden Person verlangen, auf ihren Gebieten die nöthige Hilfe gewähren.

Für die aus diesem Artikel entspringende Rechtshilfe wird gegenseitig auf jede Vergütung von Kosten verzichtet.

ARTIKEL X.

Der gegenwärtige Vertrag ist auf Verbrechen und Vergehen anwendbar, welche vor seiner Unterzeichnung begangen worden sind. Die ausgelieferte Person darf jedoch wegen keines andern in dem andern Lande vor der Auslieferung begangenen Verbrechens oder Vergehens zur Beurtheilung gezogen werden, als wegen desjenigen, für welches die Auslieferung gewährt worden ist.

ARTIKEL XI.

Ein flüchtiger Verbrecher soll nicht ausgeliefert werden, wenn die strafbare Handlung, wegen deren seine Auslieferung verlangt wird, einen politischen Charakter an sich trägt, oder wenn er nachweisen kann, dass der Antrag auf seine Auslieferung in Wirklichkeit mit der Absicht gestellt worden ist, ihn wegen eines Verbrechens oder Vergehens politischer Natur zu verfolgen oder zu bestrafen.

ARTIKEL XII.

Die Auslieferung soll nicht stattfinden, wenn seit der begangenen strafbaren Handlung, oder der Einleitung der strafgerichtlichen Verfolgung, oder der erfolgten Verurtheilung nach den Gesetzen des ersuchten States Befreiung von der strafgerichtlichen Verfolgung oder der erkannten Strafe eingetreten ist.

ARTIKEL XIII.

Die Auslieferung soll nicht stattfinden, wenn die von der schweizerischen Regierung verfolgte Person im Vereinigten Königreiche, oder die Seitens der Regierung des Vereinigten Königreiches verfolgte Person in einem Kanton der Schweiz wegen derselben strafbaren Handlung, wegen deren die Auslieferung beantragt wird, in Untersuchung gewesen und ausser Verfolgung gesetzt worden, oder sich noch in Untersuchung befindet oder bereits bestraft worden ist.

ARTICLE XIV.

If the person claimed on the part of the Government of the United Kingdom, or if the person claimed on the part of the Swiss Government, should be under examination, or have been condemned for any other crime, in one of the Swiss Cantons or in the United Kingdom respectively, his extradition may be deferred until he shall have been set at liberty in due course of law.

In case such individual should be proceeded against in the country in which he has taken refuge, on account of obligations contracted towards private individuals, his extradition shall, nevertheless, take place; the injured party retaining his right to prosecute his claims before the competent authority.

ARTICLE XV.

If the individual claimed by one of the two High Contracting Parties in pursuance of the present Treaty should be also claimed by one or several other Powers, on account of other crimes or offences committed upon their respective territories, his extradition shall be granted to that State whose demand is earliest in date.

ARTICLE XVI.

All articles seized, which were in the possession of the person to be surrendered at the time of his apprehension, shall, if the competent authority of the State applied to for the extradition has ordered the delivery thereof, be given up when the extradition takes place, and the said delivery shall extend not merely to the stolen articles, but to everything that may serve as a proof of the crime.

This delivery shall take place even when the extradition, after having been granted, cannot be carried out by reason of the escape or death of the individual claimed, unless the claims of third parties with regard to the above-mentioned articles render such delivery inexpedient.

ARTICLE XVII.

The contracting parties renounce any claim for the reimbursement of the expenses incurred by them in the arrest and maintenance of the person to be surrendered, and his conveyance to the frontiers of the State to which the requisition is made; they reciprocally agree to bear such expenses themselves.

ARTICLE XVIII.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the Colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty.

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in any of such Colonies or foreign possessions, shall be made to the Governor or to the supreme authority of such Colony or possession through the Swiss Consul residing there, or, in case there should be no Swiss Consul, through the recognized Consular Agent of another State charged with the Swiss interests in the Colony or possession in question.

ARTIKEL XIV.

Wenn die von der schweizerischen Regierung verfolgte Person in Vereinigten Königreiche oder wenn die Seitens der Regierung des Vereinigten Königreiches verfolgte Person in einem Kanton der Schweiz wegen einer andern strafbaren Handlung in Untersuchung liegt oder verurtheilt worden ist, so kann die Auslieferung verschoben werden bis diese Person in gehörigen Rechtsgang in Freiheit gesetzt worden ist.

Wird ein solches Individuum wegen Verpflichtungen, die dasselbe mit Privatpersonen abgeschlossen hat, in jenem Lande, in welchem es Zuflucht genommen hat, gerichtlich verfolgt, so soll dessen Auslieferung dennoch stattfinden, dabei aber der beschädigten Partei das Recht vorbehalten bleiben, ihre Ansprache vor der kompetenten Behörde geltend zu machen.

ARTIKEL XV.

Wird ein Individuum von einer der beiden Vertragsparteien auf Grund des gegenwärtigen Vertrages zur Auslieferung reklamirt, zugleich aber auch dessen Auslieferung von einer oder mehreren andern Mächten wegen anderer auf deren Gebieten begangener Verbrechen oder Vergehen verlangt, so ist dasjenige Gesuch im Vorgange zu bewilligen, welches das älteste im Datum ist.

ARTIKEL XVI.

Alle in Beschlagnahme genommenen Gegenstände, welche zur Zeit der Verhaftung der auszuliefernden Person in deren Besitz waren, sollen, wenn die zuständige Behörde des um die Auslieferung ersuchten States die Ausantwortung derselben angeordnet hat, bei Vollziehung der Auslieferung mitübergeben werden, und diese Ueberlieferung soll sich nicht blos auf die entfremdeten Gegenstände, sondern auch auf Alles erstrecken, was zum Beweis, der strafbaren Handlung dienen kann.

Die Ablieferung dieser Gegenstände soll auch dann stattfinden, wenn die bereits bewilligte Auslieferung wegen der Entweichung oder des Todes der auszuliefernden Person unmöglich geworden ist, es wäre denn, dass die Ansprüche dritter Personen in Betreff der erwähnten Gegenstände deren Ablieferung nicht zu lassen.

ARTIKEL XVII.

Die vertragenden Theile verzichten darauf, die Erstattung derjenigen Kosten, welche ihnen aus der Festnahme und dem Unterhalte des Auszuliefernden und seinem Transport bis zur Grenze des requirirten States erwachsen, in Anspruch zu nehmen, willigen vielmehr gegenseitig darein diese Kosten selbst zu tragen.

ARTIKEL XVIII.

Die Bestimmungen des gegenwärtigen Vertrages sollen auf die Colonien und auswärtigen Besitzungen Ihrer Grossbritannischen Majestät Anwendung finden.

Der Antrag auf Auslieferung eines flüchtigen Verbrechers, welcher in einer dieser Colonien oder auswärtigen Besitzungen Zuflucht gefunden hat, soll bei dem Gouverneur oder bei der höchsten Behörde der betreffenden Kolonie oder Besitzung durch den in derselben residirenden schweizerischen Consul, oder in Ermangelung eines solchen, durch den anerkannten Konsularagenten eines andern States, welchen die Wahrung der schwei-

The Governor or supreme authority above mentioned shall decide with regard to such requisitions as nearly as possible in accordance with the provisions of the present Treaty. He will, however, be at liberty either to consent to the extradition or report the case to his Government.

Her Britannic Majesty shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in the British Colonies and foreign possessions for the surrender of such individuals as shall have committed in Switzerland any of the crimes hereinbefore mentioned, who may take refuge within such Colonies and foreign possessions, on the basis, as nearly as may be, of the provisions of the present Treaty.

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal from any Colony or foreign possession of Her Britannic Majesty shall be governed by the rules laid down in the preceding Articles of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XIX.

The present Treaty shall come into force ten days after its publication in conformity with the forms prescribed by the laws of the High Contracting Parties.

After the treaty shall have come into force, the Treaty concluded between the High Contracting Parties on the 31st of March 1874 shall be considered as cancelled, except as to any proceedings that may have been already taken or commenced in virtue thereof.

It may be terminated by either of the High Contracting Parties, on giving to the other party six months' notice of its intention to terminate the same, but no such notice shall exceed the period of one year.

The Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Berne as soon as possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Berne, the twenty-sixth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

(L.S.) C. VIVIAN.

zerischen Interessen in der fraglichen Kolonie oder Besizung anvertraut, wird, gestellt werden.

Der Gouverneur oder die höchste Behörde, welche oben erwähnt sind, sollen bezüglich solcher Auslieferungsbegehren möglichst conform mit den Bestimmungen des vorliegenden Vertrages entscheiden es steht ihnen indess frei, die Auslieferung zu bewilligen, oder den Fall ihrer Regierung zum Entscheide zu überweisen.

Ihrer Grossbritannischen Majestät solles jedoch freistehen, in den Britischen Kolonien und auswärtigen Besizungen über die Auslieferung solcher Individuen die in der Schweiz ein im Vertrag genanntes Verbrechen begangen haben, aber innerhalb dieser Kolonien und auswärtigen Besizungen Zuflucht gefunden haben, auf möglichst gleicher Grundlage mit den Bestimmungen des gegenwärtigen Vertrages besondere Anordnungen zu treffen.

Begehren betreffend die Auslieferung von Verbrechern, welche aus einer Kolonie oder auswärtigen Besizung Ihrer Gross Britannischen Majestät geflüchtet sind, sollen nach den Bestimmungen der vorstehenden Artikel des gegenwärtigen Vertrages behandelt werden.

ARTIKEL XIX.

Der gegenwärtig Vertrag soll zehn Tage nach der von den hohen Kontrahenten in gesetzlicher Form geschehenen Veröffentlichung in Kraft treten.

Nach den Inkrafttreten dieses Vertrages wird derjenige, welcher am 31 März 1874 zwischen den beiden hohen Vertragsparteien abgeschlossen wurde, beidseitig als aufgehoben betrachtet, und er soll nur noch auf ein solches Verfahren Anwendung finden, das nach Inhalt seinen Vorschriften bereits stattgefunden hätte oder angefangen worden wäre.

Jeder der beiden hohen Kontrahenten kann diesen Vertrag aufkünden, indem er sechs Monate vor dem Endtermin seinen Entschluss der Gegenpartei mittheilt. Eine solche Aufkündigungsfrist darf jedoch die Dauer eines Jahres nicht übersteigen.

Der Vertrag wird ratifizirt und die Ratifikationen sollen bald möglichst, in Bern ausgetauscht werden.

Zur Urkunde dessen haben die beiderseitigen Bevollmächtigten die gegenwärtige Uebereinkunft unterzeichnet und mit ihren Wappen unter siegelt.

So geschehen zu Bern den sechsundzwanzigsten November des Jahres, Ein tausend acht hundert und achtzig.

(L.S.) ANDERWERT.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at Berne on the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the thirtieth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one the said Acts shall apply in the case of the said Treaty with the Swiss Federal Council.

C. L. Peel.

No. 1341 E.-P.—The following extract from the *London Gazette*, dated the 20th May 1881, is published for general information :—

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 18th day of *May* 1881.

PRESENT :

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Earl of Northbrook.

Lord Steward.

WHEREAS by Treaty, capitulation, grant, usage, sufferance, and other lawful means, Her Majesty the Queen has power and jurisdiction in relation to Her Majesty's subjects and others in the Ottoman dominions :

And whereas there are in force, for regulating the exercise of the power and jurisdiction aforesaid, an order of Her Majesty in Council made at Windsor the twelfth day of December 1873 (in this order referred to as the Ottoman order of 1873), and several amending orders in Council :

And whereas there are also in force two Conventions between Her Majesty's Government and that of the Regency of Tunis, namely, a General Convention, dated the nineteenth day of July 1875 (in this order referred to as the general convention of 1875), and a convention relative to the holding of real property by British subjects, dated the 10th day of October 1863 (in this order referred to as the convention of 1863):

And whereas it has now seemed good to Her Majesty in Council to make further regulation respecting the exercise of the power and jurisdiction aforesaid, in the Regency of Tunis, and for that purpose to further amend the Ottoman order of 1873:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf by the Foreign Jurisdiction Acts, 1843 to 1878, or otherwise, in Her Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

Short Title.

1. This order may be cited as the Ottoman (Tunis) order in council of 1881.

Interpretation.

2. In this order terms have the same meaning as in the Ottoman order of 1873.

Repeal.

3. Articles ninety-five and two hundred and seventy of the Ottoman order of 1873 are hereby repealed, but not so as to affect the validity or effect of any deputation granted before the passing of this order under either of those articles, or of anything done thereunder and without prejudice to the continuance of any proceedings taken under or by virtue of any such deputation, and pending at the passing of this order.

Consular Court for Tunis.

4. There shall be a Court styled *Her Britannic Majesty's Court for Tunis* (which Court is in this Order referred to as the Court for Tunis, or as the Court).

Her Majesty's Consul at Tunis for the time being shall be the Judge of the Court, but he shall be appointed to the office of Judge by Her Majesty by a separate warrant under Her Royal sign-manual.

He shall be at the time of his appointment a member of the Bar of England, Scotland, or Ireland, of seven years' standing, or a British subject, who is a member of the Bar of Malta, of seven years' standing, or has filled the office of Assistant Judge or Legal Vice-Consul, or Law Secretary in the Ottoman dominions.

5. During a vacancy in the office of Judge or on emergency a fit person approved by the Secretary of State may temporarily be Acting Judge. The Acting Judge shall have all the jurisdiction, power, and authority of Judge.

6. There shall be attached to the Court so many officers and clerks as the Secretary of State from time to time thinks fit.

7. The Court shall have a seal; and summonses, orders, and other documents issuing from the Court shall be sealed therewith; but, until the seal is provided, a stamp, with the inscription *H. M. B. Consular Court for Tunis*, may be used.

General Application of Order of 1873.

8. The Court for Tunis shall be deemed to be comprised in the term the Court in the Ottoman Order of 1873, or to be a Court within that Order, as the case may require; and the following Articles of that Order are hereby applied to the Court for Tunis, with the substitution of Tunis for Egypt, that is to say,—

Articles Twenty-eight, Thirty-two, Thirty-nine, Forty, Forty-one, Forty-two, Eighty-eight, Ninety-one, One hundred and thirty-seven, One hundred and thirty-eight, Two hundred and thirty-nine, Two hundred and sixty-five, Two hundred and sixty-seven, Two hundred and sixty-eight, Two hundred and sixty-nine, Two hundred and ninety-nine, Three hundred and six, Three hundred and nine, and Three hundred and eleven;

Subject to these qualifications, as regards the Court for Tunis, namely, first that Article Two hundred and sixty-seven shall operate, with the alteration aforesaid, notwithstanding the exception of Egypt only in Article Two hundred and sixty-six; and, secondly, that in Articles Three hundred and nine and Three hundred and eleven Gibraltar shall be deemed to be omitted.

Jurisdiction of Court.

9. All jurisdiction, powers, and authorities exercisable on Her Majesty's behalf by any Consular Officer of Her Majesty or other British authority, under the following Articles of the general convention of 1875 (namely):

Article twenty-four.—Criminal cases where prosecutor and prisoner are British subjects and civil cases between British subjects or between British subjects and other foreign subjects.

Article twenty-five.—Civil cases between British and Tunisian subjects.

Article twenty-six.—Crimes committed by British subjects and contraventions of police and other regulations,—

and under the following Articles of the Convention of 1868 (namely):

Article four.—Cases between British subjects respecting immoveable property of the ownership or occupation of houses or lands.

Article Seven.—Administration on death of a British subject intestate of his lands, houses and tenements.

Article Eight.—Immoveable property of a British subject insolvent,— and by virtue of any provision in either of those Conventions giving a right to the treatment of the most favoured or other nation,— shall be exercised by the Court for Tunis and the Supreme Court, according to their respective jurisdiction and authority, and not by any other Consular or other authority on behalf of Her Majesty.

10. All Her Majesty's jurisdiction, civil and criminal exercisable in the Regency of Tunis, otherwise than under the two conventions aforesaid, and not by the Ottoman Order of 1873, vested exclusively in the Supreme Court, shall, to the extent and in the manner provided by this Order, be vested in the Court for Tunis.

11. The Court shall observe the provisions of Article twenty-seven of the General Convention of 1875 relating to quittances or receipts.

12. The criminal jurisdiction of the Court is hereby extended to all such contraventions of Police Regulations, and other Regulations, from time to time in force, as are within Article twenty-six of the General Convention of 1875; and every such contravention shall be deemed an offence making the person doing the act amenable to punishment: provided, first, that no punishment shall be imposed under this article, unless the Regulation a contravention whereof is charged has been adopted with the concurrence or approval of Her Majesty's Consul-General for Tunis; and, secondly, that no punishment shall be imposed under this article other than a fine not exceeding five pounds, with or without imprisonment, for not exceeding fourteen days, with or without hard labour.

13. The criminal jurisdiction of the Court is hereby extended to such procuring of false evidence as is within Article twenty-eight of the General Convention of 1875; and the same shall be deemed an offence making the person doing the act amenable to punishment; and a person convicted of that offence shall be liable to the punishment to which a person convicted in England of subornation of perjury is liable.

Continuance of order of 1873.

14. Subject to the express provisions of this Order, the Ottoman Order of 1873, and the several Orders in Council amending the same, shall continue to apply to and be in force in the Regency of Tunis as if this Order had not been passed.

And the Right Honourable the Earl Granville, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. L. PEEL.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Finance and Commerce, are republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th June 1881.

No. 1315.—The following Addenda and Corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Department are published for general information:—

C. L. C.—Page 167.—Section 77.—RULE 3.

Substitute the following for the first sentence of this rule:—

Examination leave may be affixed or prefixed to privilege leave, provided that privilege leave prefixed to the three months' examination leave under Clause (d), Rule 1, Section 76, must be spent in, or in the journey to, one of the appropriate countries mentioned in that clause.

No. 1854.—P. & A. A. C.—Section 41.—PAGES 280 AND 281.

Insert the following explanation under this section :—

Explanation.—In respect of an appointment belonging to a graded class, the pay which an officer would from time to time have received, if during his whole tenure of the appointment or of some similar appointment he had held the appointment substantively and continuously shall be taken at the average of the pay which he would from time to time have received if during his whole tenure of the appointment he had held the appointment substantively and continuously in each of the grades which form the class.

No. 1858.—C. L. C.—PAGE 168.—Section 78.—RULE 10.

Prefix to the Rule—

“With the cognisance of the head of his office, or, if he is himself the head of his office, of the head of his Department.”

PAGE 193.—Section 141.—RULE 1 (b).

Add to the Rule—

“But an applicant for leave must not appear before the Chief Medical officer of the Station or District, or a Presidency Surgeon, without the cognisance of the head of his office, or, if he is himself the head of his office, of the head of his Department.”

No. 1861.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the Court Fees payable under Clauses 6, 7, and 9 of Schedule I of the Act on copies furnished by the Civil and Criminal Courts for the private use of persons applying for them.

This Notification shall not be deemed to exempt copies furnished thereunder from the payment of the fees chargeable on such copies when filed, exhibited or recorded in any Court of justice, or received by any public officer.

No. 1864.—In exercise of the powers vested in him by Sections 20 and 25 of the Indian Post Office Act of 1866, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that from the 1st August 1881 the fee for registering a letter or other article for transmission by post shall be reduced from 4 annas to 2 annas.

T. C. HOPE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

Simla, the 24th June 1881.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 387.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Surgeons in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces in the presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the service :—

Surgeon Robert James Polden,—Arrived at Bombay 1st April 1881.

Surgeons George Michael James Giles, M.B. ; Arthur Robert Uryall Sedgfield ; Johnston Shearer, M.B. ; Syed Hassan ; Hem Chundra Banerji ; Alfred Henry Pierson, and Francis Samuel Peck,—Arrived at Bombay 14th April 1881.

Surgeon William Deane,—Arrived at Bombay 7th June 1881.

No. 840.—BEHAR VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS—

Sir S. C. Bayley, K.C.B., C.I.E., C.S., Resident at Hyderabad, to be Honorary Colonel.

NAMES AND DESIGNATIONS.

No. 345.—Lieutenant C. F. Lazarus, Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps, has assumed the surname of *Larmour*, in lieu of that of “Lazarus.”

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 13, 1881.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department is republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.—ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 1st July 1881.

No. 101.—Privilege leave for three months is granted to the Ven'ble J. Baly, M.A., Archdeacon of Calcutta, with effect from the 6th May 1881.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Finance and Commerce, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 28th June 1881.

No. 1445.—Lieutenant F. Warden, late I.N., Assistant Port Officer, is appointed to officiate as Port Officer of Calcutta, during the absence of Lieutenant A. W. Stiffe, late I.N., on privilege leave for three months, from the 3rd proximo.

No. 1503.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that paragraph 16 of the Notification No. 1425, dated 27th June 1881, be cancelled.

The 29th June 1881.

No. 1504.—The following Notification No. 1425, dated 27th instant, as amended by Notification No. 1503, dated 28th instant, is republished for general information :—

Simla, the 27th June 1881.

No. 1425.—The Governor-General in Council has determined to borrow three hundred lakhs of rupees, being the amount required for the public service.

The following Notification is therefore published :—

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN.

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General in Council has resolved to borrow three hundred lakhs of rupees for the public service in the following manner.

2. Promissory Notes (with coupons attached, if so desired) will be issued for the said amount in Form A annexed to this Notification, being the form of the notes of *The Loan of 1st May 1865*, of which Loan the notes to be now issued will form a part, or, at the option of the allottees, stock certificates with coupons attached will be issued to them in Form B attached to this Notification. All the conditions which apply to notes of the *Loan of 1st May 1865*, will apply to the notes and certificates to be now issued.

3. Tenders for the whole or any part of the said amount of three hundred lakhs of rupees will be received by the Comptroller-General from this date to noon of Monday, the 25th of July 1881.

4. Each tender must be addressed, in the form annexed to this Notification, to the Comptroller-General, Treasury Buildings, Calcutta, and enclosed in a sealed cover, superscribed "*Tender for the Four per Cent. Loan, 1881.*" If the tenderer is not resident in India, he must name an agent resident in India to whom a letter of allotment may be issued if any part of the loan is allotted to such tenderer.

5. Each tender must be accompanied by a receipt from one of the Banks of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, or one of their branches, or from an officer in charge of some public treasury, or by a cheque drawn in favor of the Comptroller-General on a banker in Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or by* Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of or endorsed to the tenderer or the person making the deposit, for not less than one hundredth, or if the tender be for less than five lakhs of rupees, then for not less than one fiftieth part of the tender. If the allotment is not fully taken up, this deposit of one or two per centum will be forfeited, and if one or more Government Promissory Notes have been deposited, such note or notes will be appropriated by the Government and cancelled; otherwise, if the deposit is in cash, it will be treated as in part payment of the last instalment. A cash deposit may, after acceptance of the tender in support of which it is made, be replaced by a Government Promissory Note, as aforesaid.

6. The rate at which a tender is made must not contain a fraction of an anna: if a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out, and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

7. The rate at which each tender is made must be specified in rupees or rupees and annas: a tender in which no rate is thus specified, but a subscription is offered in some other terms, as, for example, at the recorded minimum, or at some specified percentage in addition to the recorded minimum, or at the average of the accepted tenders, will be rejected as null and void.

8. The minimum rate at which tenders will be accepted will be recorded under the signature of the Comptroller-General, and, when the tenders are opened, placed upon the table in a sealed envelope, but will not be declared unless some tender is rejected only because it is below the recorded minimum.

9. Tenders will be opened, publicly, at the Office of the Comptroller-General in Calcutta, at noon on Monday, the 25th July 1881: but the contents of the tenders will not be disclosed otherwise than as provided in clause 11.

10. Tenders at the recorded minimum rate, and at rates above the recorded minimum rate, will be accepted in the order of the rates tendered, beginning with the highest rate; the amount allotted at the lowest rate at which tenders are accepted, will be divided amongst those who have tendered at this rate, in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their tenders.

11. As soon as possible after the 25th of July 1881, letters of allotment will be issued to those persons whose tenders are accepted in whole or in part, or to their agents; and an alphabetical list of the names of those to whom such letters of allotment are issued will be posted, for general information, at the Head Offices of the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay.

12. Payment of any accepted tender may be made to the account of the Government in the Head Office of one of the Banks of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, or in any branch of these Banks, or into any public Treasury or Treasuries in India which may be named in the tender.

13. Accepted tenders must be paid, in equal instalments, as follows:—

One-third on or before Monday, 8th August 1881,

One-third on or before Monday, 5th September 1881,

One-third on or before Monday, 26th September 1881;

but the whole or any part of any accepted tender may be paid at any time after receipt of the letter of allotment.

14. Interest upon each payment will be promptly paid in advance, at the rate of four per centum per annum, from the date of such payment to the last day of October 1881. In the case of Promissory Notes, at the option of the allottee, and on his paying interest from the first day of May 1881, to date of payment, interest will run from the said first day of May.

15. Scrip receipts for instalments paid will be given by the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, or their branches, or by the officers in charge of the Government Treasuries at which payment is made. These receipts will, as soon as possible, be exchanged for Promissory Notes or couponed certificates issued under this Notification.

FORM A OF PROMISSORY NOTE.—(See Clause 2.)

FORT WILLIAM, THE 1ST OF MAY 1865.

Promissory Note

Government Rupees

at four per cent.

No.

of 1865.

THE Governor-General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from the sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council for India, and does hereby promise, for and on behalf of the said Secretary of

* It is particularly requested that such Promissory Notes may NOT be endorsed to the Comptroller-General.

State in Council, to repay the said Loan, by paying the said sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred to the said his Executors, or Administrators, or his or their Order, on demand, at the General Treasury at Fort William, after the expiration of three months' Notice of Payment, to be given by the Governor-General of India in Council, in the *Government Gazette*, and to pay the interest accruing on the said sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred from the 1st 1881 (Eighty-one), at the rate of four per cent. per annum by half-yearly payments, at the General Treasury of Fort William, to the said his Executors, or Administrators, or his or their order, until the expiration of three months after such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of interest due will be payable with the principal, and (such notice being considered as equivalent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge of this note) all further interest shall cease.

FORM B OF COUPONED CERTIFICATE.

INDIA FOUR PER CENT. RUPEE LOAN, 1865.

Certificate

Rs. 000

No.

This is to certify that the bearer of this certificate is entitled, under the notification of the Government of India of the 27th June 1881, to Government Rupees India. Four per Cent. Rupee Loan, 1865, payable three months after notice, which may be published in the *Gazette of India*.

No. , Rs.

The coupons attached to this certificate, as well as the principal sum herein named, are payable to bearer at the Government Treasury at Calcutta only.

FORM OF TENDER.—(See Clause 4.)

I, A. B., hereby tender for Rupees (X) of *The Four Per Cent. Loan*, 1881, advertised in the Notification published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 27th of June 1881, and agree to pay for the same, subject to the conditions notified, at the rate of Rupees (Y) Annas (Z) for every hundred rupees allotted to me.

I enclose a *deposit receipt** for Rupees (XX), and engage, if my offer be accepted, to pay

* Or Cheque or Government Promissory Note, to the account of the Government at the Bank off (or at the Branch of the Bank off ;

† Here enter the name of Bank, Branch Bank, or Treasury, or into the Public Treasury at† , as the case may be) the first instalment of one-third on or before

Monday, the 8th August 1881, and the several later instalments on or before the dates fixed by the said Notification, as follows :—

One-third on or before Monday, 5th September 1881.

Ditto ditto 26th ditto.

‡ Here insert C. D.'s address, which must be in India. This paragraph should only be inserted if A. B. does not reside in India.

Any allotment made to me may be communicated to C. D. at‡

NOTE.—(1)—A separate tender must be made at each rate tendered, and each tender must be supported by a separate deposit, and must be in even hundreds of Rupees, not less than 500 Rs. As a precaution against mistakes, the tender, or, at least, the name of the tenderer, and the amount and rate tendered, should be written in English. The rate tendered should be the whole amount per centum, not the premium or discount: thus :—"One hundred and two," or "One hundred," or "Ninety-nine;" not "Two per cent. premium," or "Par," or "One per cent. discount."

By order of the Governor-General of India in Council,

T. C. HOPE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

NOTIFICATION BY COMPTROLLER-GENERAL.

TENDERS FOR LOAN.

In order to secure the early return of deposits made with unaccepted tenders for the new loan, the Comptroller-General notifies the following arrangements :—

1. For all tenders presented to him in his office upon the last fixed day, or the two days preceding it, he will give the bearer a receipt bearing a number, and initialled by himself or an assistant specially deputed for the purpose.
2. The reverse of this receipt is a form in which the tenderer may give to the Comptroller-General a receipt for the deposit accompanying it. This form

should, on the third day after the opening of the tenders, be filled up, signed with the same signature as the tender, and be presented at the Office of the Comptroller-General. The deposit will then be returned to the bearer, in exchange for the receipt.

3. Deposit upon tenders presented personally, as described in No. 1, above, will be returned only in this way, and will not be sent by post, or otherwise. Deposits upon other unsuccessful tenders will be returned by post, or by the hands of a clerk.
4. The Comptroller-General requests that, in order to facilitate the business of his office, Tenderers will—
 - (1) use the printed forms which will be available at his office and at the Currency Office, on application to the Durwan on duty; and at the Bank of Bengal.
 - (2) if they make more than one tender, put *each* in a separate closed cover.
 - (3) if the deposit is in the form of promissory notes or of currency notes, quote their number in detail in the tender.

The 27th June 1881.

J. WESTLAND,
Comptroller-General.

The 30th June 1881.

No. 1511.—The following Addenda and Corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Department are published for general information :—

P. & A. A. C.—PAGE 291.—*Appendix.*

For "[Resolution in the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department (Forests), No. 5F., dated 23rd February 1880]," substitute "[Resolution in the Home, Revenue and Agricultural Department (Forests), No. 6F., dated 1st April 1881]."

Strike out Rule II.

Substitute "Rule VIII," "Rule XIII," and "Rule XIV" for "Rule VI," "Rule XI," and "Rule XII" respectively.

For the words "An officer officiating in any case not provided for by Rules II and XI" in the present Rule XII (future Rule XIV), substitute "An officiating officer in any case not provided for by Rule XIII."

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 20, 1881.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Home, Revenue, and Agricultural Department, is republished for general information :—

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Home, Revenue, and Agricultural Department (Public),—Nos. 25—886-914, under date Simla, the 4th July 1881.

Read the undermentioned papers :—

Home Department Resolution Nos. 31—1104-1119, dated 14th June 1879.

” ” ” ” ” 53—2046-2061, dated 29th October 1879.

Report of the Indian Famine Commission, Part I, paragraphs 113 to 125, and Part II, Chapter IV, Sections I and II.

Despatch to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 19, dated the 14th March 1881.

Telegram to Her Majesty's Secretary of State, dated 10th June 1881.

” from ” ” ” ” 11th ” ”

RESOLUTION.

In 1879, under the pressure of financial exigencies, it was determined that the work of two departments, the Home Department and the Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce Department, should be amalgamated (some of the duties of the latter being at the same time transferred to the Finance and Military Departments), and that the office of Secretary in the Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department should be abolished. This measure was not adopted without reluctance, as it was admitted that the system which had been in force since 1871 possessed many advantages.

2. The Famine Commission has now proposed the institution of an Agricultural Department in India. It lays stress upon the importance of rendering readily available the accumulated experience of past famines in different parts of India, and has urged that greater attention should be bestowed on the investigation of vital, economic, and agricultural facts. Any effectual measures of agricultural and industrial development must, in the opinion of the Commission, tend at least to the mitigation of famines, both by promoting the increase of the food-supply amongst a growing population, and by directing industry into new and productive channels. Moreover, it is represented that the Government would obviously be strengthened, in its future dealings with scarcity, by a systematic classification of the experience gained in past calamities.

3. After careful consideration of the views put forward by the Famine Commission, the Governor-General in Council came to the conclusion that full justice could not be done to the important interests which they advocate, and more particularly to the protection of the people from the effects of uncertain seasons without some enlargement and reconstitution of the Department now charged with those duties. The experience of the last two years had shown that no additional work could be undertaken by the amalgamated Home, Revenue, and Agricultural Department without imposing upon it an undue burden; and it therefore became necessary to devise some additional means for the conduct of business more immediately affecting agricultural improvements, the social and economical condition of the people, and the material resources of the country. It was accordingly determined to recommend to the Secretary of State the appointment of a new Secretary to the Government of India, to have direct and special charge of these branches of the administration; and his Lordship has now sanctioned this proposal.

4. It remains to decide what portions of the work at present performed by the amalgamated Department shall be entrusted for the future to the new Department, and what portions shall continue to be under the control of the Home Secretary. One of the most important objects of the new arrangements is to enable the Government of India to devote increased attention to the important subjects above mentioned: and it would, therefore, be inexpedient to make the new Department responsible for all the general and miscellaneous business which, for reasons of administrative convenience, was formerly conducted by the Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department. The new Department will, as a matter of course, control all operations for the relief of famine; but that part of its functions will be necessarily intermittent, and its main work will lie in the branches of the public administration which most closely affect agricultural development and the interests of the agricultural population. In making the following distribution of work, the Governor-General in Council has, therefore, been influenced by the desire to free the new Department as much as possible from unnecessary calls upon its energies, in order to direct its efforts, so far as present circumstances admit, to the fulfilment of its most really essential duties.

5. Having regard to these considerations, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that all matters connected with the subjects noted below, so far as they affect the provinces of British India, shall come under the cognizance of the new Department, *viz.* :—

1. Land Revenue, including Settlements and Takavi Advances.
2. Surveys, including Geological Surveys, but excluding Archaeological and Marine Surveys.
3. Agriculture and Horticulture, including Fibres and Silk, Fisheries, Cattle-breeding and Cattle-disease.
4. Minerals.
5. Meteorology.
6. Famines.

All matters relating to the undermentioned subjects shall be administered by the Home Department:—

1. Law and Justice.
2. Jails and the Penal Settlements in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.
3. Escheats, and the administration of Estates of Intestates.
4. Police.
5. Education.
6. Examinations.
7. Industrial Arts, Museums, and Exhibitions.
8. Sanitation.
9. The (Civil) Medical Service.
10. The Ecclesiastical Service.
11. Civil Service questions.
12. Registration of Assurances.
13. Patents.
14. The working of the Vagrancy Act.
15. The working of the Arms Act.
16. Copyright.
17. Archaeological Surveys and Conservation of Ancient Monuments.
18. Municipalities and Local Funds.
19. Census.
20. Gazetteers.

6. As a temporary arrangement, the Home Department will also be charged with the Superintendence of the Forest Department; and, subject to reconsideration, the Revenue and Agricultural Department will temporarily conduct the whole of the business of the Government of India connected with emigration.

7. The Military and Finance Departments will continue to administer all matters connected with the branches allotted to them by the Home Department Resolutions Nos. 81—1104-1119, dated 14th June 1879, and Nos. 53—2046-2061, dated the 29th October 1879.

8. The new Department will be styled "The Revenue and Agricultural Department," and will be constituted with effect from the 6th July 1881. The officer to be placed in charge of it will have the position, and will exercise the duties, of a Secretary to the Government of India.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of the foregoing

Foreign, Military, Finance, Public Works, and Legislative Departments; Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab; Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, British Burma, Coorg and Assam, and resident at Hyderabad; Surveyor-General of India; Superintendent of the Geological Survey of India; Director-General of Post Offices in India; Superintendent of Port Blair and the Nicobars; Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India; Surgeon-General with the Government of India; Registrar, High Court, Calcutta; Secretary, Board of Examiners; Registrar, Calcutta University; Bishop's Chaplain; Curator of Ancient Monuments; Director-General, Archaeological Survey of India; and Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

drawn by the Secretary in the new Department.

Resolution be communicated to the several Departments of the Government of India, the local Governments and administrations, and the officers named on the margin, for information and guidance.

Ordered also that the Department of Finance be requested by a separate Office Memorandum to issue the necessary orders regarding the salary to be

(True Extract.)

C. GRANT,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.